

C H I N E S E

SPEAK CHINESE
(Pinyin Edition)

Supplementary Materials

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DEFENSE LANGUAGE INSTITUTE
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Lesson 1

VOCABULARY

1. wǒ PN: I, me
 nǐ PN: you (sing)
 nín PN: you (polite form)
 tā PN: he, she, him, her
 shéi PN: who, whom
2. wǒmen PN: we, us
 nimen PN: you (pl)
 tāmen PN: they, them
3. gāo SV: be tall, high
 āi SV: be short, be low
- a. shéi...?, wǒ... (wó āi), nǐ...
 b. wǒmen..., nimen..., tāmen...
4. máng SV: be busy, be hurried
- a. shéi...?, wǒ..., tā...
 b. wǒmen..., nimen..., tāmen...
5. hǎo SV: be good, well
- a. wǒ hǎo (wó hǎo), tā..., shéi...?
 b. tāmen..., nimen...
6. lèi SV: be tired
- a. shéi...?, tā..., nín...
7. bù- (bú-) A: not
- a. bùgāo, bùmáng, bùǎi, bùhǎo
 b. búlèi, búlèi, búlèi
 c. wǒ bùmáng, tā bùǎi, shéi bùhǎo?
 d. wǒmen búlèi, tāmen búlèi,
 shéi búlèi?
 e. bùhǎo (no good), bùmáng (no hurry)
8. hěn A: very; quite
- a. ...gāo, ...máng, ...lèi
 b. bùhěn gāo, bùhěn máng, bùhěn lèi
 c. hěn bùhǎo (very bad)
 d. hěn hǎo (hén hǎo), hěn āi (hén āi)
 e. wǒ hěn hǎo (wó hén hǎo),
 (wǒ, hén hǎo), nǐ hěn āi
 (ní hén āi), (nǐ, hén āi)
9. tài A: too, excessively
- a. ...gāo, ...máng, ...ǎi, ...lèi
 b. bú tài hǎo, bú tài lèi, bú tài āi
10. ma? P: interrogative final
- a. tā gāo...?, nín máng...?,
 nimen lèi...?
 b. nín hěn máng...?, tā tài lèi...?,
 nimen bùhěn máng...?
11. a? P: interrogative final
- a. nín hǎo...?, tāmen hǎo...?
 b. nín máng...?, nimen máng...?

L. 1

PATTERNS

A. Statement:

B. Question:

1. a. N(S) SV

Wǒ	gāo
Tā	hǎo
Nǐ	lèi
Wōmen	ǎi
Nimen	máng

b. N(S) SV ma?

Nǐ	gāo	ma?
Wǒ	hǎo	ma?
Nín	lèi	ma?
Nǐmen	ǎi	ma?
Shéi	máng	?

2. . N bù-SV

Tā	bùgāo
Wǒ	bùmáng
Wǒ	bùlèi
Nimen	bùǎi
Tā	bùhǎo

b. N bù-SV ma?

Tā	bùgāo	ma?
Nín	bùmáng	ma?
Nín	bùlèi	ma?
Wōmen	bùǎi	ma?
Tā	bùhǎo	ma?
Shéi	bùhǎo	?

b.1 N SV NegSV ?

Tā	gāo	bugao?
Nín	máng	bumang?
Nǐ	lèi	bulei?
Tāmen	hǎo	buhao?
Nimen	ǎi	buai?

3. a. N A SV

Wǒ	hěn	gāo
Tā	hěn	lèi
Tāmen	hěn	ǎi
Nǐ	hěn	hǎo
Wōmen	tài	máng
Nín	tài	lèi

b. N A SV ma?

Nǐ	hěn	gāo	ma?
Tā	hěn	lèi	ma?
Tāmen	hěn	ǎi	ma?
Wǒ	hěn	hǎo	ma?
Nimen	tài	máng	ma?
Shéi	tài	lèi	?

4. a. N Neg-A SV

Nǐ	bútài	gāo
Wǒ	bútài	máng
Wōmen	bùhěn	lèi
Tā	bùhěn	ǎi
Tāmen	bùhěn	hǎo

b. N Neg-A SV ma?

Wǒ	bútài	gāo	ma?
Nǐ	bútài	máng	ma?
Nimen	bùhěn	lèi	ma?
Tā	bùhěn	ǎi	ma?
Shéi	bùhěn	hǎo	?
Shéi	bútài	máng	?

5. N SV a?

Nín	hǎo	a?
Nimen	hǎo	a?
Nín	bùlèi	a?

Lesson 2

VOCABULARY

1. shū N: book
bào N: newspaper
- a. ...hǎo, ...bùhǎo
b. ...bùhěn hǎo, ...bútài hǎo
c. ...hǎo ma?, ...hǎo buhao?
2. bǐ N: writing instrument
gāngbǐ N: pen
fēnbǐ N: chalk
qiānbǐ N: pencil
- a. ...hǎo, ...bùhǎo
b. ...bùhěn hǎo, ...bútài hǎo
3. zhōng N: clock
biǎo N: watch
- a. hǎo zhōng, hǎo biǎo
b. ...hǎo buhao?, ...hǎo ma?
4. shénme? N: what?
- a. ...gāo?, ...hǎo?, ...bùhǎo?
b. ...shū?, ...bào?, ...biǎo?
c. ...bǐ hǎo?, ...biǎo hǎo?
5. Zhōngguó N: China
Měiguó N: America (USA)
wàiguó N: foreign country
- a. ...hǎo, ...bútài hǎo
b. ...shū, ...bào, ...gāngbǐ,
...biǎo, ...zhōng
6. hǎokàn SV: be good-looking
- a. shéi...?, tā..., nǐmen... ma?
b. shénme...?, zhōng..., biǎo...
c. shénme shū...?, Měiguó shū...
d. bútài hǎokàn, bùhěn hǎokàn
e. hǎokàn buhao?
7. guì SV: be expensive
piányi SV: be inexpensive
- a. shénme...?, bào..., zhōng...
b. bùhěn..., bútài...
c. ...ma?, bu...ma?, ...bu...?
8. mǎi V: buy
mài V: sell
yào V/AV: want/ want to
- a. shéi...?, tā..., wǒ...bu...
b. ...shénme?, ...shū, bu... bào
c. ...ma?, ...bu...?, bu... ma?
d. yào mǎi, yào mài
9. kàn V: look, look at, read
- a. nǐ kàn!, nǐmen kàn!
b. nǐ ... tā, tā ... wǒ,
nǐmen ... shéi?
c. wǒmen bú... shū, tāmen bú... bào
10. dōu A: all, both
- a. ...(bù)gāo, ...(bù)máng,
...(bù)hǎokàn
b. bú... guì, bú... piányi,
bú... hǎokàn
c. ...kàn shū, ...yào kàn shū (ma?)
11. yě A: also, too
- a. nǐ hǎokàn, wǒ yě hǎokàn
nǐ kàn, wǒ yě kàn
b. nǐ yě máng, wǒ yě máng
tā yě ǎi, nǐ yě ǎi

PATTERNS

1. a. N(S) (bu)V (ma?)

Nín (bu)yào (ma?)
 Nǐmen kàn
 Tāmen mǎi
 Nǐmen mài

b. N(S) V bu-V?

Nín yào buyao?
 Nǐmen kàn bukan?
 Tāmen mǎi bumai?
 Nǐmen mài bumai?

2. a. N(S) (bu)V N(O) (ma?)

Nín (bu)yào shū (ma?)
 Nǐmen kàn bào
 Tāmen mǎi biǎo
 Nǐ mài zhōng

b. N(S) V N(O) bu-V?

Nín yào shū buyao?
 Nǐmen kàn bào bukan?
 Tāmen mǎi biǎo bumai?
 Nǐ mài zhōng bumai?

3. Question word used as subject or object:

a. QW (N) (bu)SV?

Shénme (bu)hǎo?
 Shénme (bào) guì?
 Shénme (bǐ) piányi?
 Shénme (zhōng) hǎokàn?

b. N (AV) V QW?

Nín (yào) kàn shénme?
 Tā yào shénme?
 Nǐ mǎi shénme (bǐ)?
 Tāmen mài shénme (zhōng)?

4. a. Choice between two subjects:

N V (O), N V (O)?

Nǐ gāo, tā gāo?
 Nǐ hǎokàn, tā hǎokàn?
 Zhōng guì, biǎo guì?
 Nǐmen yào bǐ, tāmen yào bǐ?
 Tāmen kàn bào, nǐmen kàn bào?

b. Choice between two objects:

N V O, (N) V O?

Nǐ mǎi zhōng, (nǐ) mǎi biǎo?
 Nǐmen kàn shū, kàn bào?
 Tā yào gāngbǐ, yào fēnbǐ?
 Wǒ kàn nǐmen, kàn tāmen?
 Tāmen mài bào, mài shū?

5. yě...yě: both...and; neither...nor

N yě (bu)V (O), N yě (bu)V (O).

Nǐmen yě (bu)máng, wǒmen yě (bu)máng.
 Zhōng yě piányi, biǎo yě piányi.
 Nǐ yě kàn tā, wǒ yě kàn tā.
 Nǐ yě kàn shū, --- yě kàn bào.
 Tāmen yě mǎi fēnbǐ, --- yě mǎi qiānbǐ.

6. dōu...bù, and bùdōu

a. N dōu (bu)V (O).

Wǒmen dōu (bu)hǎo.
 Nǐmen dōu máng.
 Tāmen dōu hǎokàn.
 Zhōng dōu piányi.
 Wǒmen dōu (bu)kàn shū.
 Nǐmen dōu mǎi qiānbǐ.
 Tāmen dōu yào gāngbǐ.

b. N bùdōu V (O).

Wǒmen bùdōu hǎo.
 Nǐmen bùdōu máng.
 Tāmen bùdōu hǎokàn.
 Zhōng bùdōu piányi.
 Wǒmen bùdōu kàn shū.
 Nǐmen bùdōu mǎi qiānbǐ.
 Tāmen bùdōu yào gāngbǐ.

Lesson 3

VOCABULARY

1. zhuōzi N: table
yǐzi N: chair
dōngxī N: thing, object
- a. shénme...?, Zhōngguó..., hǎo...
b. mǎi..., mǎi..., yào mǎi...
c. ...guì, ...piányi, ...hǎo
2. qián N: money
- a. Zhōngguó..., wàiguó...
b. shéi yào...?, wǒ búyào...
3. yige (yī) NU-M: one
lyángge (èr) NU-M: two
sānge (sān) NU-M: three
sìge (sì) NU-M: four
wuge (wú) NU-M: five
liúge (liù) NU-M: six
qīge (qī) NU-M: seven
bāge (bā) NU-M: eight
jiúge (jiǔ) NU-M: nine
shíge (shí) NU-M: ten
jǐge? (jǐ-) NU-M: how many?
- a. ...zhōng, ...biǎo, ...bǐ
b. ...guì, ...piányi, ...hǎo
4. zhège (SP-M) N: this, this one
nàge (SP-M) N: that, that one
nàge? (SP-M) N: which?, which one?
- a. ...zhuōzi, ...yǐzi, ...zhōng
b. ...hǎokàn, ...piányi, ...guì
c. yào..., mǎi..., mǎi...
5. gěi V: give
- a. tā...wǒ, nǐ...shéi?, shéi...nǐ?
b. tā...wǒ qián, wǒ...tā shénme?
6. yǒu V: have, possess
méiyǒu (méiyǒu) V: have not
- a. wǒ..., nǐ..., shéi...?
b. ...shénme?, ...zhuōzi, ...yǐzi
c. ...qián ma?, yǒu qián meiyǒu?,
yǒu meiyǒu qián? méiyǒu.
7. xièxiè V: thank; thanks
búxiè V: "don't mention it"
- a. xièxiè xièxiè, búxiè
b. wǒ búyào, xièxiè nǐ
8. xǐhuan V/AV: like, enjoy/like to
- a. shéi...nǐ?, nǐ...shéi?
b. nǐ...shénme?, tā...nàge?
c. ...kàn shū, ...mǎi dōngxī
d. bútà..., bùhèn..., bùdǒu...
9. gēn CV: and (between nouns)
- wǒ...nǐ, shū...bǐ, zhuōzi...yǐzi,
Měiguó...Zhōngguó
10. qǐng V: request, invite, please
qǐngwèn Ph: May I inquire?
- a. tā...shéi?, shéi...tāmen?
b. ...tā mǎi yige!, ...nǐ gěi
wǒ yige!
c. qǐngwèn, shéi qǐng shéi?
11. bié V: don't
- a. ...mǎi, ...mài, ...yào, ...kàn
b. ...kàn shū, ...mǎi nàge
c. ...qǐng tā, ...gěi tā qián
12. hǎo buhao? Ph: how about it?
- gěi tā zhège, hǎo buhao?
bié mǎi dōngxī, hǎo buhao?

PATTERNS

1. a. SP-M used as subjects:

SP-M(S)	V
Zhège	hǎokàn.
Zhège dōngxī	hǎokàn.
Nàge	piányi.
Nàge yīzi	piányi.

b. SP-M used as objects:

S	V	SP-M(O)
Wǒ	yào	zhège.
Wǒ	yào	zhège zhuōzi.
Tā	xīhuan	nàge.
Tā	xīhuan	nàge dōngxī.

2. a. NU-M used as subjects:

NU-M(S)	V
Yige	hǎokàn.
Qige dōngxī	hǎokàn.
Liangge	bùhǎo.
Liùge bǐ	dōu hǎo.

b. NU-M used as objects:

S	V	NU-M(O)
Wǒmen	mǎi	sānge.
Wǒmen	mǎi	shìge zhuōzi.
Tā	yào	sìge.
Tā	yào	wùge yīzi.

CLASSROOM PHRASES

Dǎkai shū! Open your books! Héshang shū! Close your books!

3. a. QW used as subjects:

Qǐngwèn, nàge gāo?
 nàge zhuōzi gāo?
 jǐge hǎokàn?
 jǐge yīzi hǎokàn?
 shéi gěi tā?
 shéi gěi tā qián?
 shéi qǐng nǐ?

b. QW used as objects:

Qǐngwèn, nǐ yào nàge?
 nǐ yào nàge biǎo?
 nǐ mǎi jǐge?
 nǐ mǎi jǐge zhōng?
 nǐ gěi shéi?
 nǐ gěi shéi qián?
 nǐ qǐng shéi?

4. a. S (bu)V O(Pron.)

Wǒ	bùgěi	tā.
Nǐ	gěi	tā ma?
Nǐ	bùqǐng	tā.
Nǐ	qǐng	wǒ ma?
Wǒ	xièxie	nǐ.
Wǒ	xīhuan	nǐ.

b. S (bu)gěi Ind-O Direct-O

Wǒ	(bu)gěi tā	qiānbǐ.
Wǒ	gěi tā	zhōng.
Nǐ	gěi tā	shénme?
Nǐ	yě gěi wǒ	zhōng ma?
Nǐ	yě gěi wǒ	yige zhōng.
Bié	gěi tā	nàge bǐ.
Wǒ	yào gěi tā	zhège bǐ.

5. Transposed objects:

a. O _____, S (A) V (ma?)

Shū,	wǒ	(yě) kàn.
Zhōng,	nǐ	(yě) mǎi ma?
Zhōngguo dōngxī,	nǐ	dōu yǒu ma?
Wǒmen,	nǐn	yě xīhuan ma?
Nimen,	wǒ	dōu qǐng.

b. O _____ S dōu V (ma?)

Shū gēn bào,	nǐ	dōu kàn (ma?)
Zhōng gēn biǎo,	wǒ	dōu méiyǒu.
Dōngxī gēn qián,	nǐ	dōu bùgěi ma?
Nǐ gēn tā,	wǒ	dōu xīhuan.

Lesson 4

VOCABULARY

1. rén N: person, people
péngyou N: friend
a. nǎge...?, zhège..., nàge...
b. jǐge...?, liǎngge..., qǐge...
c. (méi)yǒu..., hǎo...
2. dàren N: adult
a. sìge..., shìge...
b. qīng..., gēi..., yǒu...ma?
3. fùqin N: father
mǔqin N: mother
gēge N: older brother
dìdì N: younger brother
jiějie N: older sister
mèimei N: younger sister
a. ...gěi wǒ qián, ...qǐng tā
b. xǐhuan..., qīng...
c. wǒ..., nǐ..., tā...
4. zhǐ N: paper
(yìzhāng zhǐ) N: a sheet of paper
huà N: picture, painting
(yìzhāng huà) N: a picture
a. zhǐ gēn huà dōu piányi ma?
zhǐ gēn huà wǒ dōu búyào.
b. huà guì, zhǐ guì?
huà hǎokàn, zhǐ hǎokàn?
5. yǒude...yǒude... some..., others...
yǒuren...yǒuren... some people...,
other people...
a. yǒude hǎo, yǒude bùhǎo.
yǒude, wǒ yào; yǒude, wǒ búyào.
b. yǒuren gāo, yǒuren āi.
yǒuren kàn shū, yǒuren kàn bào.
6. zhè- SP: this
nà- SP: that
nǎ- SP: which?
a. ...ge, ...běn, ...zhāng
b. ...liǎngge, ...qīběn, ...shìzhāng
c. wǒ...sānběn, tā...wùzhāng
7. jǐ- NU: how many? (less than ten)
jǐběn?, shíjǐzhāng?, jǐshìzhāng?,
jǐshíjǐzhāng
8. -ge M: (general measure)
-běn M: volume (for book)
-zhāng M: sheet (for paper,
table, picture)
a. jǐ..., bā..., jiǔ...
b. zhèwùzhāng, nàshìběn, nǎsìge?
9. dà SV: be large, big
xiǎo SV: be small, little
a. zhège..., nàge..., nǎge...?
b. ...zhuōzi, ...yǐzi, ...zhōng
c. (bù)tài...ma?, (bù)hěn...,
(bù)dōu...
10. duì SV: be right
duìle SV: That's right!
a. nǐn duìle, wǒ búduì.
nǐn dōu duìle, wǒ búdōu duì.
b. yíge rén duì, liǎngge rén búduì.
zhège rén duì, nàge rén búduì.
11. dǒng V: understand
a. bútài..., bùhěn..., búdōu...
b. yǒude wǒ..., yǒude wǒ bù...
12. shuō V: say, say that
shuōshuo V: tell about it,
talk about it
a. dōu bù..., búdōu..., nǐ bié...
b. nǐ...shénme?, wǒ shuō tā hǎo
wǒ shuō tā yǒu qián
c. nǐ shuōshuo!, qǐng nǐ shuōshuo!
13. wèn V: ask, inquire about
wènwen V: make inquiries
a. ...tā lèi bulei? (guì buguì?)
b. ...tā shéi gěi qián? (gěi shéi qián?)
c. ...tā nǎge hǎo? (yào nǎge?)
d. nǐ wènwen tā!, qǐng nǐn wènwen tā!

L. 4

14. kěshi MA: but, however

wǒ xǐhuan, ...wǒ búyào.
zhuōzi guì, ...hǎo.
bǐ piányi, ...bùhǎo.
tā wèn wǒ, ...wǒ bùshuō

15. -xiē- NU/M: plural general measure

a. zhè..., nà...
b. nà...dōngxi, zhè...qián
c. nà...zhāng zhǐ, zhè...běn shū

16. shíyī---jiǔshíjiǔ

PATTERNS

1. SP NU-M O

A. a. zhège bǐ
zhèxiē(ge) bǐ
zhèliǎngge bǐ
zhèshìèrge bǐ

b. nàběn shū
nàxiē(běn) shū
nàliǎngběn shū
nàshìèrběn shū

c. nǎzhāng huà?
nàxiē(zhāng) huà?
nàliǎngzhāng huà?
nàshìèrzhāng huà?

B. b. Zhège bǐ guì.
Zhèliǎngge bǐ dōu guì.

b. Nàběn shū dà.
Nàliǎngběn shū dōu dà.

c. Nǎzhāng huà hǎokàn?
Nàliǎngzhāng huà hǎokàn?

2. PN SP NU-M O

A. a. wǒ zhège mèimei
nǐ nàběn shū
tā nǎzhāng huà

b. wǒ nàxiē péngyou
nǐ nàxiē shū
tā nàxiē qián

c. wǒmen zhèwǔběn shū
nǐmen nàliǎngzhāng zhǐ
tāmen nàshíge péngyou

B. a. Wǒ zhège mèimei hěn gāo.
Nǐ nàběn shū tài guì.
Tā nǎzhāng huà bùpiányi.

b. Wǒ nàxiē péngyou dōu bùǎi.
Nǐ nàxiē shū bùdōu hǎo.
Tā nàxiē qián, tā dōu gěi wǒ.

3. Wǒ fùqin yǒu qián.
Tā mùqin xièxiè nǐ.
Nǐ péngyou dōng ma?
Wǒ yào qǐng nǐ jiějie.
Tā hěn xǐhuan tā mèimei.

4. S(yǒude) V, S(yǒude) V

Yǒude gāo, yǒude ǎi.
Yǒude guì, yǒude piányi.
Yǒude duì, yǒude búduì.

O(yǒude) S V, O(yǒude) S V

Yǒude wǒ yǒu, yǒude wǒ méiyǒu.
Yǒude wǒ gěi tā, yǒude wǒ bùgěi tā.
Yǒude nǐmen dōng, yǒude nǐmen bùdōng.

Yǒuren yǒu qián, yǒuren méiyǒu qián.
Yǒuren xǐhuan wǒ, yǒuren xǐhuan tā.
Yǒuren qǐng nǐmen, yǒuren qǐng tāmen.
Yǒuren yào yíge, yǒuren yào liǎngge.

5. S V(shuō) O

Tā shuō shénme?
 Tā shuō tā búdòng.
 Tā shuō tā yào kàn bào.
 Tā shuō tā yào qǐng nǐ.
 Tā shuō nǐ yǒu qige gēge.
 Tā shuō nǐ bùgěi tā qián.
 Tā shuō yige dà, sānge xiǎo.
 Tā shuō nǐ nàxiē shū bùdōu hǎo.
 Tā shuō zhǐ gēn huàr dōu guì.

S V(wèn) Ind-O D-O?

Nǐ wèn tā shénme?
 Wǒ wèn tā dòng budong?
 Wǒ wèn tā yào kàn shénme?
 Wǒ wèn tā yào qǐng shéi?
 Wǒ wèn tā shéi yǒu qige gēge?
 Wǒ wèn tā nǐ gěi tā qián bugei?
 Wǒ wèn tā jige dà, jige xiǎo?
 Wǒ wèn tā nǐ nàxiē shū dōu hǎo ma?
 Wǒ wèn tā zhǐ gēn huàr nǎge guì?

6. Nǐ shuōshuo jiějie hǎokàn, mèimei hǎokàn?
 Nǐ wènwen tā, dà zhuōzi guì, xiǎo zhuōzi guì?
 (Qǐngwèn) nǎzhāng huàr hǎo?
 gēge duì, dìdi duì?
 tā mǔqin xǐhuan shéi?

Lesson 5

VOCABULARY

1. xiānsheng N: Mr., teacher, husband, sir
tàitai N: Mrs., wife
xiǎojiě N: miss, young lady
a. wǒ xiānsheng, nǐ tàitai
b. xiānshengmen, tàitaimen, xiǎojiěmen
c. Zhāng..., Wáng..., Lǐ...
2. háizi N: child, children
xuésheng N: student
a. wàiguó..., Měiguó...
b. hǎo..., xiǎo...
c. zhèliǎngge..., nàsānge...
d. wǒ zhège..., tā nàge...
3. guó N: country, nation
guìguó N: (your) honorable country
a. dà guó, xiǎo guó, nǎguó?
b. sīguó, shīguó, jīguó?
4. nán- BF: male (of persons)
nānde N: male, man
nǚ- BF: female (of persons)
nǚde N: woman, female
...péngyou, ...xuésheng,
...xiānsheng
5. xìng N/EV: surname/be surnamed
guìxìng IE: (your) honorable surname is?
a. nín guìxìng?, xìng Zhāng, xìng Lǐ
b. wàiguó..., Zhōngguó...
6. míngzi N: given name
liǎngge..., jǐge...?
7. jiào EV: be called, be named
a. ...shénme (míngzi)?, ...Mǎlì
b. zhège...shénme?, ...zhuōzi, ...zhǐ
8. shì EV: be, is, are, am
a. ...shénme?, ...shéi?, ...nǎguó rén?
b. bú... yīzi, bú...wǒ, bú... Měiguó
c. shì bushi nǐ?, bushi nǐ ma?
9. gàosong V: tell, inform
(gàosu)
a. bié...tā, bú...nǐ
b. ...tā shénme?, ...tā wǒ yǒu, ...tā "bùmáng"
c. ...tā bú...tā?
10. zhīdao V: know, know that
bùzhīdao V: not know
a. nǐ...ma? wǒ..., wǒ bùzhīdao
b. nǐ...shénme? wǒ zhīdao tā yǒu bǐ
c. Nǐ zhīdao bùzhīdao tā yǒu bǐ?
11. -wèi M: (polite M for persons)
(sānwèi xiǎojiě) three young ladies
12. -zhī M: (M for bǐ)
(yìzhī bǐ) a pen
13. -bǎi NU/M: hundred
(wúbǎi) NU: five hundred
-qiān NU/M: thousand
(bāqiān) NU: eight thousand
-wàn NU/M: ten thousand
(liùwàn) NU: sixty thousand
shíwàn NU/M: hundred thousand
bǎiwàn NU/M: million
qiānwàn NU/M: ten million
wǎnwàn NU/M: hundred million
14. -de P: (particle of modification)
a. shéide?, wǒde, nímende
b. wǒ gēgede, tā mèimeide, nǐ tàitaide
c. wǒde dìdi, wǒ dìdi de péngyou
15. ba! P: (interrogative final)
a. nín hěn máng ba!, nín bú tài lèi ba!
b. nǐ mǎi zhège ba!, nǐ gěi tā ba!

16. Yīngguo	PW: England, Great Britain	Rìběn	PW: Japan
Fǎguo (Fǎguo)	PW: France	Jiānadà	PW: Canada
Déguo	PW: Germany	Cháoxiǎn (Hánguo)	PW: Korea
Èguo	PW: Russia	Yìguo	PW: Italy

PATTERNS

1. N EV N

- A. a. Zhège shì shénme? Zhège shì yízi.
Shénme zhǐ shì hǎo zhǐ? Guì zhǐ shì hǎo zhǐ.
Nàwèi xiǎojiě shì shéi? Nàwèi xiǎojiě shì xuésheng.
Shéi shì Fǎguo rén? Wǒ tàitai shì Fǎguo rén.
Nàxiē dōngxī shì nǐde? Nàxiē shì wǒde.
Jǐwèi xiānsheng shì nǐde? Liùwèi xiānsheng shì nǐde.
Nàge rén shì Rìběn rén ma? Tā búshì Rìběn rén.
Zhèxiē shì wǔbǎi ma? Zhèxiē shì wǔbǎi.
- b. Nǐ shì bushi Yīngguo rén? c. Zhè shì qiānbǐ bushi?
Jiānadà shì bushi dà guó? Shì nǐ bushi?
Guǐguó shì bushi Déguo? Nà shì nǐde bushi?
Zhège shì bushi nǐde? Guǐguó shì Déguo bushi?
- B. Nín guàixìng? Xìng Gāo.
Tā xìng shénme? Tā xìng Yáng.
Nàwèi búxìng Lǐ ma? Nàwèi búxìng Lǐ, xìng Zhāng.
Nàwèi xìng Wáng? Nàwèi xìng Wáng.
- C. Zhège dōngxī jiào shénme? Jiào fěnbǐ, bújiào gāngbǐ.
Zhège bújiào shū ba? Zhège yé jiào shū.
Nǐ jiào shénme (míngzi)? Wǒ jiào Qiáozhì.
Nǐ mèimei yé jiào Qiáozhì ma? Tā bújiào Qiáozhì, tā jiào Mǎlì.

2. N V(gàosong) Ind-O Direct-O

- a. Nǐ gàosong tā shénme? b. Shéi gàosu nǐ.....
Wǒ gàosong tā wǒ (méi)yǒu. Nǐ gàosu shéi.....
Tā búgàosu wǒ tā yào nàge. Tāmen dōu gàosu wǒ.....
Tā gàosu wǒ yǒude dà yǒude xiǎo. Zhāng tàitai gàosu wǒ...
Tā búgàosu wǒ nǐ shì shéi.
Pié gàosu tā wǒ yǒu shíge háizi.
Qǐng nǐ gàosong wǒ zhège shì shénme?
Qǐng nín bié gàosu tā zhège jiào zhuōzi.

3. N V(zhīdao) O (ma?) or (ba?)

- a. Nǐ zhīdao tā hǎokàn (ma?) b. Tā hǎokàn, nǐ zhīdao ma? (ba!)
Tā bùzhīdao wǒ hěn máng (ma?) Wǒ hěn máng, tā bùzhīdao ma?
Nǐ zhīdao shéi xǐhuan nǐ (ma?) Shéi xǐhuan nǐ, nǐ zhīdao ma?
Tā zhīdao tā yào gěi shéi (ma?)
Wǒ bùzhīdao nàwèi xiǎojiě xìng Lǐ.
Wǒ bùzhīdao tā yào mǎi jǐběn shū.
Nǐ zhīdao zhège jiào shénme (ma?)
Nín bùzhīdao tā xìng shénme (ma?)
- c. Nǐ zhīdao bùzhīdao tā hǎokàn? d. Nǐ zhīdao tā hǎokàn bùzhīdao?
Nǐ zhīdao bùzhīdao shéi xǐhuan nǐ? Nǐ zhīdao shéi xǐhuan nǐ bùzhīdao?
Tā zhīdao bùzhīdao tā yào gěi shéi?

Lesson 6

VOCABULARY

1. yìdiǎnr (diǎnr) N: a little, a bit, some
 a. yǒu..., dǒng..., zhīdao...
 b. kàn...shū, mǎi...dōngxi, gěi tā...qián
 c. zhè diǎnr qián, nà...dōngxi
2. líng NU: zero
 a. sānlíngyībā
 sānlíngyīlíng
 sānlínglíngyī
 sānlíngyī
 b. sānqiān-líng-shíbā
 sānqiān-líng-shí
 sānqiān-líng-yī
 sānbǎi-líng-yī
3. -bàn N: half
 bàn- NU: half
 a. yībàn, zhè(yi)bàn, nà(yi)bàn
 b. wǒ yào yībàn, gěi tā yībàn
 c. bàngē, bànběn, bànzhāng
 d. yíge-bàn, shíerge-bàn, wǔzhāng-bàn
 e. liǎngge bàngē, sìge bànběn
4. duōshao? NU: how many?, how much?
 a. ...zhī?, ...běn?
 b. ...qián?, ...rén?, ...péngyou?
 c. dōng...?, zhīdao...?, mǎi...?
5. duō SV: be much, be many
 hěn duō SV: many, very many
 a. rén..., péngyou..., háizi...
 b. hěn duō rén, hěn duō péngyou
 c. bú tài duō, bù hěn duō
6. -duō NU: a few, plus, odd
 a. èrshí-duō(běn) b. liǎngge-duō
 sībǎi-duō(zhī) liùběn-duō
 wǔqiān-duō(zhāng)
7. shǎo SV: be few, little
 bùshǎo SV: quite a few
 a. rén..., qián..., péngyou...
 b. wóde..., shéide...?
 c. ...ma?, bù... ba!
8. gòu A/SV: be enough, sufficient
 a. liùběn bú..., qīzhī yě bú..., gòu bugou?
 b. búgòu dà ba!, gòu hǎo ma?, gòu duō búgòu duō?
9. yǒu V: there is, there are
 méiyǒu V: there isn't, there aren't
 yǒuren Ph: there are those who
 méiren Ph: there are none who
 a. yǒu yíge shì wóde
 yǒu yíwèi xìng Zhāng
 yǒu hěn duō rén zhīdao
 b. yǒuren yǒu, yǒuren méiyǒu
 yǒuren gàosu tā, yǒuren gěi tā
 c. méiren zhīdao, méiren bùzhīdao
 méiren yǒu, méiren méiyǒu
10. -kuài M: dollar
 -máo M: dime
 -fēn M: cent
 a. jīfēn? sìfēn, liùfēn
 b. jīmáo jǐ? bāmáoèr, sānmáo qián
 c. jīkuài jīmáo jǐ? yīkuài èrmáo bā, liǎngkuàiwú, liǎngkuàibàn
11. mài V: sell for
 mǎigei V: sell to
 a. mài liǎngkuài, ...wǔmáo wǔ, ...duōshao qián?
 b. mǎigei nǐ, ...tā ba!, bié...tā
12. xiǎng V/AV: think of, think (that)
 xiǎngxiǎng V: think it over
 a. ...wǒ mǔqīn, tā bùxiǎng nǐ
 ...tā háizi, háizi bùxiǎng tā
 b. ...mǎi yíge, ...kàn shū
 bùxiǎng mǎi, bùxiǎng kàn shū
 c. wǒ xiǎng tā bùdǒng
 wǒ xiǎng búshì zhēnde
 wǒ xiǎng méiyǒu shuì
 d. qǐng nǐ xiǎngxiǎng!
 nín xiǎngxiǎng, duì buduì?

13. dǐ AV: must, have to
 a. ...kàn diǎnr shū
 ...gěi tā yige
 ...wènwen tā
 ...xièxiē tā
 b. ...jǐmáo?
 ...yikuài-duō
14. yígòng A: altogether, in all, all told
 a. ...duōshao?, ...liùge, ...shíge,
 ...sānge-bàn, ...gikuài-duō
 b. ...yào sìge, ...gěi tā bāge
15. jiù A: only, just
 a. ...yǒu yige, ...zhīdao yìdiǎnr
 b. ...qǐng nǐ, ...xǐhuan tā,
 ...màigei nǐ
16. zhēn A: truly, really
 zhēnde IE: it's true
 a. zhēn guì, ...piányi, ...ǎi
 b. zhēn bùhǎo, ...bùpiányi,
 ...gāo
 c. (shì) zhēnde ma?, búshì
 zhēnde ba!
17. shuì N: tax
 yǒu..., méiyǒu..., ...hěn dà,
 ...tài gāo

PATTERNS

bānge	sānge-bàn	sānge bānge
bànzhāng	shízāng-bàn	shíge bànzhāng
bànběn	wùbēn-bàn	wùge bànběn
bànkuaì	bákuaì-bàn(wǔ)	bāge bànkuaì(wǔmáo)

2. duō and jǐ

èrqīān-duō(èrqīān-jǐ)(bǎi)
 sānbǎi-duō(sānbǎi-jǐ)(shí)
 sìshí-duō(sìshí-jǐ)(zhāng)
 wùge-duō

liǎngqīān-duōkuài (qián)
 sānbǎi-duōkuài (qián)
 sìshí-duōkuài (qián)
 wùkuài-duō (qián) (wǔkuài-jǐ)(máo)
 liùmáo-duō (qián) (liùmáo-jǐ)

3. Zhōng (mài or shì) wǔkuài qián.
 Zhuōzi " bákuaì-líng-wǔ.
 Zhǐ gēn bǐ " jiǔmáo-jǐ?
 Huàr " shíkuaì-líng-èrmáo.
 Zhōng " shíjǐkuài-jǐ?
 Biǎo " èr-sānbǎi.
 Qiānbǐ " wǔfēn qián.

4. yì-liǎngge
 liǎng-sānběn
 sān-sìzhāng
 sì-wúzhǐ
 wǔ-liùshí
 liù-qībǎi
 qī-bāqīān

5. yikuài qián (mǎi) yìzhāng.
 sānfēn qián " liǎngge.
 liǎngmáowǔ " sānběn.
 sīkuàibàn " shízāng.
 jǐkuài qián " shízāng?
 duōshao qián " shízāng?

- yige rén (yǒu) yige (yìbàn).
 sānge rén (yào) liǎngge.
 liǎngge rén (kàn) sānběn.
 sìge rén shíkuaì.
 jǐge rén shíkuaì?
 duōshao rén shíkuaì?

6. Yǒu NU-M V

Yǒu yige xuésheng yǒu qián.
 Yǒu jiuwèi xiānsheng xìng Lǐ.
 Jiù yǒu yíwèi xiǎojié xièxiē wǒ.
 Yǒu duōshao rén méiyǒu míngzi?
 Yǒu yìbàn shì shuì.

Yǒu bùshǎo dōngxi, wǒ děi mài.
 Yǒu hěn duō shù, wǒ yào màigei nǐ.
 Yǒu jǐshíkuaì qián, wǒ yào gěi tā.
 Yǒu jǐge rén, tā bùxǐhuan.
 Yǒu yìbàn, tāmen bùdòng.

L. 6

7. (Méi)yǒuren _____ V

(Méi)yǒuren (méi)yǒu péngyou.
(Méi)yǒuren (bù)dòng.
(Méi)yǒuren bùzhīdào...nǐ yǒu shíge háizi.
(Méi)yǒuren shuō.....nǐ búshi hào xuésheng.
(Méi)yǒuren wèn wǒ.....nǐ dǒng duōshao?
(Méi)yǒuren gàosu tā...tāde nǚpéngyou tài duō.

8. Wǒ jiù zhīdao yìdiǎnr. Tā jiù xǐhuan wǒ.
Tā jiù yǒu yìbàn. Nǐ jiù qǐng tā, shì zhēnde ma?
Wǒmen yìgòng jiù mài'gei tā yìběn. Nǐ jiù xièxie tā, bié xiè wǒ.

9. Gòu dà búgòu dà? Búgòu dà, tài xiǎo.
Búgòu duō, shì zhēnde ma? Shì zhēnde, yìgòng jiù yǒu sìge.
Yìbǎi-líng-sānge nǚpéngyou, shì búshi zhēnde? Búshi zhēnde.

10. Xiǎng:

a. Wǒ xiǎng wǒ mǔqīn.
Wǒ bùxiǎng wǒ jiējie.
Tā bùxiǎng wǒ, wǒ yě bùxiǎng tā.
(Méi)yǒuren xiǎng wǒ.

b. Wǒ xiǎng mǎi yìge.
Tā xiǎng gěi wǒ zhège.
Nǐ bùxiǎng kàn shū ma?
Wǒ bùxiǎng mài'gei ne.

c. Tā xiǎng búshi zhēnde.
Wǒ xiǎng tā bùzhīdào.
Wǒ xiǎng liǎngkuài'bàn yìběn búguì.
Wǒ xiǎng nà yìbàn yě búshi nǐde.

d. Nǐ xiǎngxiǎng, yǒu shuì meiyǒu?
Nǐ xiǎngxiǎng, shì búshi tā?
Nàzhī bǐ, yìkuài-líng-jǐ, qǐng nǐ xiǎngxiǎng!
Tā jiào shénme míngzi, wǒ děi xiǎngxiǎng.

English to Chinese Drill

Translate the following phrases and sentences orally into Chinese as rapidly as possible.

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1. these 2 friends | 26. a dollar apiece |
| 2. those 5 books | 27. three pennies for two |
| 3. which 5 chairs? | 28. how much for ten pieces? |
| 4. these 12 watches | 29. 25 cents for three |
| 5. which 9 tables? | 30. 35 cents for how many? |
| 6. these 44 small chairs | 31. The clock costs \$5. |
| 7. those 29 Chinese friends | 32. The chair costs thirty some-odd \$'s. |
| 8. which 37 expensive watches? | 33. The things cost \$10.50. |
| 9. those 16 large tables | 34. The pen sells for \$1.20. |
| 10. which 70 American pencils? | 35. The newspaper sells for 13 cents. |
| 11. more than 3 bowls | 36. What sells for more than \$5,000? |
| 12. over 40 clocks | 37. The paper is 3 cents. |
| 13. over 2,000 people | 38. The painting is \$108. |
| 14. more than 200 pens | 39. The table is over \$5,080. |
| 15. more than 20 children | 40. How many things cost 3 1/2 cents? |
| 16. more than one | 41. I'll give you \$20 for those 4 books. |
| 17. more than 5 sheets of paper | 42. \$5 per volume is too expensive. |
| 18. over 40 cents | 43. How about four and a half dollars apiece? |
| 19. over \$4 | 44. Altogether these things cost \$18.03. |
| 20. over \$30 | 45. There were 20,402 people in all. |
| 21. half a book | 46. How many pens do you want to buy?
I just want to buy a couple. |
| 22. half a piece of paper | 47. I have 20 some-odd friends. How many do you have? |
| 23. three and a half | 48. The paper and pen altogether cost \$3.02. |
| 24. five and a half books | 49. I want to buy that newspaper. Do you have 18 cents? |
| 25. seven halves | 50. How much does this table cost? |

SPEAK CHINESE LESSONS 1-6

REVIEW 1

Translate from English to Chinese:

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. girl friend | 26. this picture |
| 2. which one? | 27. that book of his |
| 3. England | 28. 3 dollars and a half |
| 4. 53 people | 29. there is |
| 5. big watch | 30. I have some pencils |
| 6. given name | 31. all are good |
| 7. read books | 32. sell to him |
| 8. what pen? | 33. Which one do you want? |
| 9. those friends | 34. Do you have any or not? |
| 10. 20 cents | 35. He told me. |
| 11. this is mine | 36. a dime apiece |
| 12. how many clocks? (less than 10) | 37. Not all of them are tall. |
| 13. who wants this? | 38. one thousand |
| 14. surname | 39. What is this? |
| 15. whose is big? | 40. Don't give it to him. |
| 16. a lot of people | 41. how many chairs? |
| 17. a little | 42. over 20 people |
| 18. how much paper? | 43. Half of the books are good. |
| 19. these 3 sheets | 44. None of us has money. |
| 20. half a book | 45. over 15 dollars |
| 21. some are good | 46. How much is this? |
| 22. only | 47. What is his nationality? |
| 23. also | 48. He is an American. |
| 24. how many dollars? | 49. I asked him to buy this. |
| 25. 25 cents | 50. Three of us have money. |

SPEAK CHINESE LESSONS 1-6

REVIEW 2

I. Main problem: NU-duō-M N or NU-M-duō N?

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. over 20 dollars | 6. over 25 cents |
| 2. over 12 dollars | 7. over 120 sheets of paper |
| 3. over 12 cents | 8. over 80 books |
| 4. over 20 cents | 9. over 50 cents |
| 5. over 500 people | 10. over 100 dollars |

II. Main problem: SP-M N or SP-xiē-M N ?

1. this boy
2. which pencils?
3. those girls
4. which three books?
5. these 20 dollars

III. Main problem: with or without shì ?

1. He is busy.
2. He is an Italian.
3. You are rich.
4. He is good.
5. He is a good boy.

IV. Main problem: Where will the QW be, before or after the verb?

1. Who has money?
2. What do you sell?
3. Who are you?
4. Which one do you want?
5. What is this?

V. Main problem: bàn-M, NU-M-bàn or yìbàn?

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Half a sheet is enough. | 4. Half of the books are inexpensive. |
| 2. Will you give me half a dollar? | 5. I want half of your money. |
| 3. Two dollars and a half is a lot. | |

L. 6

VI. Main problem: qǐng or wèn?

1. He asks me what this is.
2. He asks me to buy a watch.
3. I want to ask him to read that book.
4. He asks me, "Do you want it?"
5. He asked me to sell this pen to him.

VII. Main problem: Should the object be transposed?

1. All of the people are Chinese.
2. I'll sell all my watches.
3. All of us have books.
4. I want to buy both watches and clocks.
5. Both you and I have both pens and pencils.

VIII. Main problem: dōubu or bùdōu?

1. I like none of them.
2. None of them is French.
3. Not all of us have money.
4. I don't like all of them, I like some of them.
5. I have neither books nor pens.

IX. Main problems: 1. èr or liǎng?
2. with or without líng?

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 1. 2 teachers | 6. 22 children |
| 2. 12 ladies | 7. 22 cents |
| 3. 202 children | 8. 2400 sheets of paper |
| 4. 240 books | 9. 102 people |
| 5. 2040 boys | 10. 2004 students |

X. Main problem: yìdiǎnr, jǐ-M or yōude?

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. He has some good <u>friends</u> . | 5. Some of his friends are Americans. |
| 2. I like <u>some</u> of his things. | |
| 3. Some people don't have watches. | |
| 4. Will you give me some <u>paper</u> ? | |

SPEAK CHINESE LESSONS 1-6

REVIEW 3

Translate these expressions into Chinese:

- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| I. 1. two pens | 11. big watch |
| 2. ten tables | 12. foreign chalk |
| 3. a sheet of paper | 13. Chinese money |
| 4. seven students | 14. that brother of his |
| 5. how many pencils? | 15. this chair of mine |
| 6. those four books | 16. may I ask? |
| 7. these three paintings | 17. three American paintings |
| 8. which five friends? | 18. some of them are expensive |
| 9. cheap paper | 19. that Chinese table |
| 10. (your) honorable country | 20. which one is good? |

- II. 1. What is your (sur)name?
 2. What is your (personal) name?
 3. Whose is this?
 4. How much is this?
 5. Which one do you want?
 6. How many are you buying?
 7. Is it yours or his?
 8. Are you buying some books or aren't you?
 9. Is yours the large table or the small table?
 10. Is he an Englishman or an American?

III. Make questions using the following expressions. Answer each question as made.

shénme?
 jǐge?
 yǒu méiyǒu
 shì...ma?
 shéi?
 duōshǎo?

shì bushi?
 bù...ma?
 nǎge?
 shéide?
 mǎi bumai?
 hǎo buhǎo?

SPEAK CHINESE LESSONS 1-6

REVIEW 4

I. Questions to be answered.

1. Nǐ yǒu duōshao bǐ?
2. Nǐ zhège bǐ jǐfēn qián yīgè?
3. Nǎge dà zhuōzi mǎi duōshao qián?
4. Liángmáo qián mǎi jǐge bǐ?
5. Wǒ yǒu shíběn shū; nǐ yǒu jǐběn?
6. Zhè liǎngge yīzi, nǎge shì nǐde, nǎge shì tāde?
7. Nǐn mǎi jǐzhāng huà?
8. Nǐ jiù yǒu nà yīběn shū ma?
9. Nǐ yào qǐng shéi mǎi dōngxi?
10. Nàzhāng huà, wǒ gěi shíkuài qián, nǐ mǎi bumai?

II. Translate these expressions into Chinese: (speed)

1. a sheet of paper
2. two pencils
3. ten tables
4. three dollars and a half
5. seventy cents
6. two cents apiece
7. thirteen chairs
8. how many chairs?
9. how many pencils (between 20 and 30)?
10. a little
11. this one friend
12. those four books
13. half a sheet of paper
14. a lot of people
15. these three sheets of paper

III. Translate these English sentences into Chinese.

1. They read neither books nor newspapers.
2. None of us like to read the French newspaper.
3. Isn't your money sufficient either?
4. His tables aren't too expensive.
5. He has only one good picture.
6. Neither do I like the big table.
7. This book is too expensive, but not all of the books are expensive.
8. There are large tables and small tables, but none of them are very cheap.
9. Not all the books are his: some belong to his wife and some to his friend.
10. I am a student, you are a student, and all of them are students, too.

SPEAK CHINESE LESSONS 1-6

REVIEW 5

I. Make up a question which might draw forth each of the following answers:

1. Wǒ gěi tā qián.
2. Tā kàn Měiguó bào, búkàn Zhōngguó bào.
3. Tāmen yǒu shū, kěshi méiyǒu bǐ.
4. Wǒ yǒu zhōng, yě yǒu bǐ.
5. Tāmen bùdōu yào mǎi Zhōngguó zhuōzi.
6. Zhōngguó shū, Měiguó shū, wǒ dōu bùxǐhuan kàn.
7. Nǐ bié gěi tā zhōng, gěi tā biǎo.
8. Zhuōzi wǒ yào, yǐzi wǒ búyào.
9. Zhǐ, bǐ, shū, tā dōu yǒu.
10. Tā bùxǐhuan mǎi Fàguó zhōng.

II. Make sentences using the following words:

bié	yǒude	yígòng	màigěi
míngzi	duì	bùshǎo	děi
gàosong	nǎn	líng	xǐhuan
yìbàn	shǎo	xìng	gòu
jiào	xiǎng	jiù	yìdiǎnr

III. Translation

1. There were three children; all wanted that one picture.
2. The large table is cheap, but the smaller one is better.
3. There are no big chairs.
4. How much is this paper per sheet?
5. These two pictures are three dollars apiece, those two are five dollars each.
6. You give him \$5 and give me a dollar and a half.
7. Ask him what this is called.
8. How about asking him--he knows.
9. The books are really fine, but I don't understand them.
10. May I ask what your nationality is?

Lesson 7

VOCABULARY

1. fàn N: food (cooked rice) 7. zuò V: do, make; act the part of
 táng N: sugar, candy
 shuǐ N: water
 chá N: tea
 jiǔ N: wine or liquor
 a. zhège..., nǎguo...?, shénme...?
 b. yào duōshao...?, mǎi yìdiǎnr...
 c. ...hěn guǐ, ...bùhǎo, ...bútài gòu
2. zì N: word (written character)
 gē N: song
 a. jǐge..., liǎngsānge..., nǎguo...? shénme...?, nǎ liǎngge...?
 b. xiě zì, chàng gē, guógē(r)
 c. zì hěn hǎo, zì tài dà, zì búduì
 d. gē hǎotīng, gē bùhǎochàng
3. huà N: speech (spoken words); language
 a. nǎguo..., Zhōngguo..., Déguo...
 b. shuō..., yǒu..., méiyǒu...
4. shì(qing) N: affair; undertaking
 mǎimai N: business (buy-sell)
 a. shénme...?, dà..., xiǎo..., hǎo...
 b. ...hěn hǎo, ...bútài máng
 c. zhèjiàn shìqing bùhǎozuò, nín yǒu shìqing ma?
5. -jiàn M: article, piece, item
 -jù M: (measure for huà)
 a. yí..., liǎng..., jǐ..., nǎ...
 b. yíjù huà, zhèjù huà
 c. sānjiàn dōngxī, liǎngjiàn shìqing
6. chī V: eat
 hē V: drink
 a. ...shénme?, ...duōshao, ...yìdiǎnr
 b. nǐ ...bu...?, nǐ ...ma?, tā bu... ma?
 c. (bù)chīfàn, (bù)chītáng, (bù)chī dōngxī, chī shénme fàn?
 d. (bù)hē chá, (bù)hē shuǐ, hē nǎguo jiǔ?, hē shénme chá?
8. xiě V: write
 a. ...yìběn shū, ...jǐge zì
 b. ...jǐge?, ...sānsige, ...duōshao?
9. chàng V: sing
 a. ...shénme?, ...gē, ...shénme gē?
 ...Fànguō gē, ...jǐge?, ...yige
 b. shéi..., wǒ..., tāitai...
10. ài V: love
 a. (bu)... shéi?, ...shénme?, (bu)... qián, (bu)...guó, ...nàge?, ...nàge
11. néng AV: can, be able to
 keyi AV: may, can, be permitted to
 yuànyì AV: wish to, be willing to
 huì AV: can, know how to
 ài AV: like or love to
 a. hěn...kànshū, bu...mǎi dōngxī, bu...chī táng, hěn...shuōhuà
12. kèqi SV: be polite, stand on ceremony
 hěn..., hěn bu..., bùhěn..., tài..., bútài..., tài bu..., zhēn...
13. hǎo V
 a. hǎomǎi--easy to buy
 b. bùhǎomài--difficult to sell
 c. hǎoshuō--easy to say
 d. bùhǎodōng--difficult to understand
 e. hǎoxiě--easy to write
 f. bùhǎozuò--difficult to do
 g. bùhǎochàng--not easy to sing
 h. hǎotīng--pleasant to listen to
 i. hǎokàn--good looking
 j. bùhǎochī--doesn't taste good

14. xiànzài MA: now, at present 16. ne P: "and how about...?"
- a. ...mǎi (ma?), ...kàn, ...gěi tā a. wǒ yǒu, nǐ ne?
 b. ...bié wèn tā, ...bié gào sòng tā tāmen dōu gěi wǒ qián, nǐ ne?
 c. ...búyào le, ...méiyǒu le b. wǒ kàn shū, nǐ ne?
 wǒmen dōu hē jiǔ, tā ne?
15. cóngqián MA: formerly c. cóngqián nǐ buhuì, xiànzài ne?
 xiànzài nǐ zhīdao, cóngqián ne?
- a. ...tā xǐhuan, ...tā bùzhīdao
 b. wǒ...shì..., tā...hǎokàn (ma?) 17. 1e P: (indicating change of status)
- bu...1e P: "not...any more"
- a. lèi le, gāo le, guì le
 b. xǐhuan kàn shū le, huì xiě zì le
 c. búyào le, bùgěi nǐ le, méiyǒu le

PATTERNS

1. V O V NU-M O V Mod O
- kàn shū kàn yìběn shū kàn Zhōngguo shū
 mǎi dōngxì mǎi yìdiǎnr dōngxì mǎi shénme dōngxì?
 xiě zì xiě liǎngge zì xiě Meiguo zì
 chī fàn chī sānwǎn fàn chī wàiguó fàn
 hē chá hē yìdiǎnr chá hē Zhōngguo chá
 zuò shì zuò yìdiǎnr shì zuò shénme shì?
2. S AV V SP NU-M Mod N
- wǒ xǐhuan mǎi (Měiguo) táng
 wǒ huì chàng (jǐge) (Zhōngguo) gē
 nǐ yuànyì kàn (zhèběn) (Měiguo) shū (ma?)
 tā kěyǐ chī (sānwǎn) fàn
 nǐn néng hē (liǎngwǎn) (hǎo) chá (ma?)
 wǒ ài kàn (nà yìbǎi- (wàiguó) huà
 duō zhāng)
3. S A AV V Mod N
- wǒ bùhěn xǐhuan (hē) (Déguo) (jiǔ)
 tāmen dōu huì (shuō) (Zhōngguo) (huà)
 nimen dōu yuànyì (gěi tā) (qián) ma?
 nǐ búkěyǐ (zhèjiàn) (shì)
 nǎnren dōu búyuànyì zuò (zhège) (shì) ba?
 háizimen bùdōu ài chī (táng) ma?

4. Changed status with 1e
 1. (neg)SV...1e.

Dìdi gāole.
 Wǒmen dōu mángle.
 Nǐn búlèile ma?
 Xiànzài tā hǎole ba!
 Tā xiànzài búkèqile.

2. (bu)AV...1e.

Wǒ xǐhuan kàn shū 1e.
 Tā bùxǐhuan wǒ 1e.
 Nǐ děi gěi tā qián 1e.
 Tā búyuànyì gào sòng wǒ 1e.
 Wǒ huì xiě zì 1e.

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3. Neg V...le.

Wǒ búyào le.
Tā búgēi wǒ le.
Nǐ bùmǎi le ba!
Bié gào sòng tā le.
Qǐng nǐ bié shuō le.

4. (bu)EV...le.

Tā shì wǒ tàitai le.
Xiànzài wǒ shì fùqīn le.
Nǐ shì Měiguó rén le ma?
Lǐ Xiǎojiě bújiào Mǎlì le.
Tā xiànzài xìng Zhāng le.

5. (méi)yǒu...le.

Nǐ méiyǒu qián le ma?
Nàgè háizi méiyǒu mùqīn le.
Wǒ yǒu Zhōngguó xìng le.
Tā yǒu shìqing le ba?

5. Ne?

Wǒ huì chànggēr, nǐ ne? (nǐ huì ma?)
Nǐ bùnéng chī táng, tā ne? (tā néng ma?)

Cóngqián tā zuò mǎimai, xiànzài ne?
Xiànzài nǐ shì xiānsheng, cóngqián ne?

Zhèzhāng zhuōzi búgòu dà, nàzhāng ne?
Nàzhī bǐ búgòu hǎo, zhèzhī ne?

Nǐ yǒu tàitai le, tā ne?
Wǒ méiyǒu qián le, nǐ ne?

English to Chinese Drill

Translate the following phrases and sentences orally into Chinese as rapidly as possible:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 1. sing | 26. He can drink 2 bowls of Chinese tea. |
| 2. eat | 27. He doesn't want to read that Chinese newspaper. |
| 3. cook | 28. Can you write some French words? |
| 4. read | 29. Do you want to speak a few words in Chinese? |
| 5. write | 30. Would you like to read these 3 books? |
| 6. talk | 31. I don't like Italian wine very much. |
| 7. can sing | 32. We don't all know how to speak French. |
| 8. know how to talk | 33. None of us can cook Russian food. |
| 9. like to eat candy | 34. They both love to sing these songs. |
| 10. able to speak | 35. Do you like to eat that thing? |
| 11. drink water | 36. Formerly ugly, but now beautiful. |
| 12. learn to write | 37. Used to be cheap. |
| 13. love to eat | 38. It's become expensive now. |
| 14. cannot cook | 39. He doesn't like to drink anymore. |
| 15. may not sing | 40. We can eat now. |
| 16. read a book | 41. Now he can write Chinese characters. |
| 17. write a couple of words | 42. Here he comes! |
| 18. eat 5 bowls of rice | 43. My pen has disappeared. |
| 19. speak a few words | 44. Now this is mine. |
| 20. drink a little water | 45. He used to be an Englishman. |
| 21. read French books | 46. He's become an adult. |
| 22. make foreign food | 47. Now he knows how. |
| 23. do what? | 48. He has become very impolite. |
| 24. sing American songs | 49. You've come. And what about your children? |
| 25. write Chinese | 50. I like Chinese food. How about you? |

Lessons 8 & 9

VOCABULARY

1. yìsi N: idea, meaning 8. niàn V: read aloud; study
- a. ...(bù)hěn hǎo, ...(bù)hěn duì,
...(bù)hěn hǎodòng
- b. zhège zì shì shénme...?, tā shì
shénme...?, tā shuō zhège huà
shì shénme...?
- c. nǐ yǒu zhège...ma?, wǒ méi(you) zhège...
2. xiāngxia N: country (rural)
- a. ...rén, ...háizi, ...dōngxi
- b. ...hǎo, ...hǎokàn
3. màozi N: hat
- yīshang N: clothes
- a. shéide...?, shénme...?, dà...
- b. ...hěn hǎo, ...búguì, ...zhēn dà
- c. yào mǎi..., zuò..., dài(chuān)...
- d. wúkuài qián de..., hěn guì de...
4. érzi N: son
- nǚer N: daughter
- a. shéide...?, wǒde..., nímende...
- b. jǐge...?, yíge...
- c. nǎge...?, zhège..., nǎge...
- d. dà..., èr..., sān..., xiǎo...
5. Yīngwén N: English language
- a. shuō..., huì shuō..., dǒng...,
xué...
- b. ...xiānsheng, ...zì, ...gēr
- c. ...hǎo, ...hǎotīng, ...hǎoxué
6. huà V: draw, paint
- a. ...shénme?, ...huà, ...rén,
...nǐ
- b. ...jǐzhāng?, ...duōshaozhāng?,
...sānzhāng
- c. hǎohuà, bùhǎohuà
7. jiāo V: teach
- a. ...shū, ...shénme?, ...Zhōngguo
huà, ...xiězì, ...chànggē
- b. ...shéi?, ...Měiguó rén, ...sāngē
xiǎo háizi
- c. ...tāmen shénme?, ...tāmen Zhōng-
guo huà, ...wǒ xiě Zhōngguo zì
9. lǎo SV: be old (in years)
- a. hěn..., bùhěn..., tài...
- b. ...péngyou, ...rén, ...tàitai
- c. ...Wáng, ...Lǐ, ...Zhāng
10. xīn SV: be new
- jiù SV: be old (not new)
- a. bùhěn..., bú tài..., zhēn...
- b. ...xiānsheng, ...xuēsheng,
...màozi
- c. xīnde, jiùde, hěn xīnde, bànxīnde,
bànjiùde
11. yǒuyìsi SV: be interesting
- méiyìsi SV: be dull, flat
- yǒuqián SV: be rich
- méiqián SV: be poor
- a. hěn..., zhēn..., bú tài...
- b. ...de, ...de rén
- c. yǒuyìsi de shū, méiyìsi de huà
12. cōngmíng SV: be intelligent,
clever
- a. hěn..., bùhěn..., tài...
- b. jǐge...?, shéi...?, nǎge...?
- c. ...rén, ...xuēsheng
13. róngyi SV: be simple, easy
- nán SV: be difficult, hard
- a. hěn..., bùhěn..., tài...
- b. ...xiě, ...shuō, ...zuò
- c. shénme...?, nǎge...?
14. chuān V: wear; put on (clothes)
- dài V: wear; put on (hat,
watch, etc.)
- a. néng..., huì..., yuányi...,
kèyì..., ài..., xiànzài...
(repeat with bu-)
- b. ...nǎge?, ...shéide?, ...jǐge?
- c. dài màozi, dài shéide màozi?,
chuān yīshang

15. xué V: study; learn AV: learn to, study how to
16. zuì A: the most
- a. néng..., yuànyì..., kěyì..., ài..., xiànzài...
- b. ...zuòfàn, ...shénme?, ...xiězi, ...zuòshì(qing), ...zuò mǎimai, ...chànggē, ...(shuō) Zhōngguó huà, ...(xiě) Zhōngguó zì
- c. ...nǎguó huà?, ...Yīngwén
- a. ...máng, ...hǎokàn, ...guì, ...kèqì, ...duō, ...shǎo, ...xīn, ...jiù, ...yǒuyìsì
- b. ...huì shuōhuà, ...néng zuòshì, ...ài hē jiù, ...yuànyì zuò nàge
17. cháng (chángcháng) A: often, usually, always
- a. (bù)...mǎi dōngxì, ...kànshū, ...qīng kèren, ...shuōhuà, ...zuòfàn, ...zuòshì, ...xiězi, ...chànggē, ...yǒuqián

PATTERNS

1. a. S V de (SP NU-M) N

wǒ	chī	de	(nàge)	fàn
tāmen	chàng	de	(zhè sānge)	gē
nǐmen	xiě	de		zì
women	mǎi	de	(nàxiē)	dōngxì
nǐ	qǐng	de		péngyou
wó	gěi	de		qián
tā	wèn	de		shìqing
nǐ	xǐhuan	de		zhuōzi
nǐ	yào mǎi	de		yìzi
tā	màigei wǒ	de		huà
wó	màigei tā	de		dōngxì
tā	gàocong wǒ	de		shì(qing)

b. V O de (SP NU-M) N

shuō	huà	de	(nà liǎngge)	rén
xìng	Chèn	de	(nàwèi)	tàitai
xiě	zì	de		rén
shuō	Zhōngguó huà	de		Méiguó rén
kàn	bào	de		Fǎguó rén
xǐhuan	tā	de		rén
gěi tā	qián	de		rén
méi	fùmù	de		háizi
dài	màozi	de		xuésheng
jiāo	Yīngwén	de		xiānsheng

c. (A)AV V O de (SP NU-M) N

búài	shuō	huà	de	(nàxiē)	péngyou
huì	shuō	huà	de		xiǎojiě
ài	shuō	kèqì huà	de		rén
ài	zuò	shì	de		tàitai
búài	zuò	shì	de		háizi
néng	zuò	hěnduō shìqing	de		xuésheng
xiǎng	zuò	mǎimai	de		rén
huì	xiě	Zhōngguó zì	de		xuésheng
huì	chàng	gē	de		nǚháizi
cháng	gěi wǒ	qián	de		rén
zuì ài	chī	táng	de		háizi
cháng	hē	jiù	de		rén

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d. NU-M N (NU-M) de N

yīkuài	qián	(yíge)	de	bǐ
wūfēn	qián		de	huàr
sīmáo	qián		de	màozi
èrshíkuài	qián		de	biǎo
yībǎikuài	qián		de	zhōng
sānqiāнкуài	qián	(wǔshíge)	de	biǎo
qīqiāнкуài	qián		de	dōngxi

(repeat with NU-M such as: yíge, shízhāng, sānge, etc.)

e. SV-de

piányide, guǐde	Wǒ búyào nàge piányide.
dàde, xiǎode	Xiǎode tài xiǎo.
hǎotīngde, hǎochīde	Hǎotīngde wǒ tīng.
xīnde, jiùde	Mǎi diǎnr hǎochīde.
nānde, róngyide	Nānde wǒ búdòng.
	Xīnde hǎokàn.
(méi)yǒuyìside	Wǒ búkàn méiyìside shū.
(méi)youqiānde	Yǒuqiānde shǎo, méiqiānde duō.

f. VO-de

màibàode		Màibàode yào bàojiàn.
màishūde	zuòfānde	Zuòmǎimaide dōu yǒu qián ma?
màibìde	zuòmǎimaide	Wǒmen méiyǒu zuòfānde.
màizhōngbiǎode	yàofānde	Wǒ gěi yàofānde yímáo qián.

2nd hour pattern drill

2. a. S V de

Wǒ chī de fàn hǎochī.
 Tāmen chàng de gē shì Déguo gē.
 Nǐmen xiě de zì zhēn nánkàn (bùhǎokàn).
 Wǒmen mǎi de dōngxi bú tài guì, kěshì shuì hěn dà.

b. V O de

Xiězì de zhuōzi jiào shūzhuō.
 Chīfàn de (zhuōzi) jiào fànzhūō.
 Xǐng Chén de dōu shì Zhōngguo rén ma?
 Niànshūde dōu shì xuésheng.
 Zhège bǐ shì huàhuàde, bushì xiězìde.

c. AV V O de

Ài shuōhuàde shì hǎo xuésheng ma?
 Huì chànggēde dōu ài chànggē.
 Xiānsheng bùxǐhuan búài niànshūde.
 Cháng hējiǔde dōu méiyǒu qián.

3. Modification of NounsWithout "de"

- a. Zhōngguo xiānsheng
Zhōngguo huà
Zhōngguo zì
xiāngxia rén
- b. fànqián, fànzhūo
guógē(r), shūzhuō
- c. hǎo dōngxī
hǎo rén
kèqì huà
piányì zhǐ
xīn shū
jiù màozi
- d. wǒ fùqīn
wǒ xiānsheng
nín tài tai
- e. wǒ nàge biǎo
nǐ nà liǎngge háizi

With "de"

- a. xiànzài de mǎimai
cóngqián de shìqing
- b. (méi)yǒuyìsi de shū
(méi)yǒuqián de rén
- c. hěn dà de mǎimai
búkèqì de huà
bútài guì de biǎo
hěn hǎoxiě de zì
- d. shéide bǐ?
wǒde biǎo
xiānsheng de dōngxī
dàren de shū
- e. sānkuài qián de bǐ
yīmáo qián de táng
wǔfēn qián de bào

With or without "de"

- a. hěn duō rén (dōngxī, fàn, zhǐ, huà, shìqing, etc.)
- b. bùshǎo rén (péngyou, qián, etc.)

English to Chinese Drill

Translate the following phrases and sentences orally into Chinese as rapidly as possible:

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1. small children | 26. the money she gave me |
| 2. big hat | 27. the books I gave them |
| 3. old gentleman | 28. the tea we want to give him |
| 4. new things | 29. the pencils he gives him |
| 5. good tea | 30. the wine you drink |
| 6. poor man | 31. People who sell watches are all rich. |
| 7. easy language | 32. Chinese teachers are all intelligent. |
| 8. business at present | 33. People who drink are poor. |
| 9. one-dollar pens | 34. All people named Chén are tall. |
| 10. whose money? | 35. The books I sell are quite cheap. |
| 11. Small ones are too expensive. | 36. That man wearing the hat is very short. |
| 12. I have cheap ones. | 37. This child who is writing is tired. |
| 13. The good-looking one is mine. | 38. Those men who are drinking are not very intelligent. |
| 14. Give me some new ones. | 39. These words I am writing are easy. |
| 15. Intelligent ones don't study. | 40. That book she is reading is interesting. |
| 16. children who read books | 41. the girl who can sing |
| 17. people who don't like him | 42. the lady who doesn't often wear a hat |
| 18. Frenchmen who sell watches | 43. the student who wants to work |
| 19. foreigners who understand Chinese | 44. the teacher who most likes to talk |
| 20. students who don't study | 45. the young lady who is thinking of learning French |
| 21. the songs I sing | 46. The pens weren't bought by me. |
| 22. the things he buys | 47. It's not what I told you. |
| 23. the tea he invites me to drink | 48. The food was made by his mother. |
| 24. the matters I told you about | 49. Who gave it to you? |
| 25. the clothes we wear | 50. Do you understand what I am saying? |