

C H I N E S E - C A N T O N E S E

Dictionary
of
Common
Chinese-Cantonese
Characters

January 1959

DEFENSE LANGUAGE INSTITUTE
FOREIGN LANGUAGE CENTER



DICTIONARY OF COMMON CHINESE-CANTONESE CHARACTERS

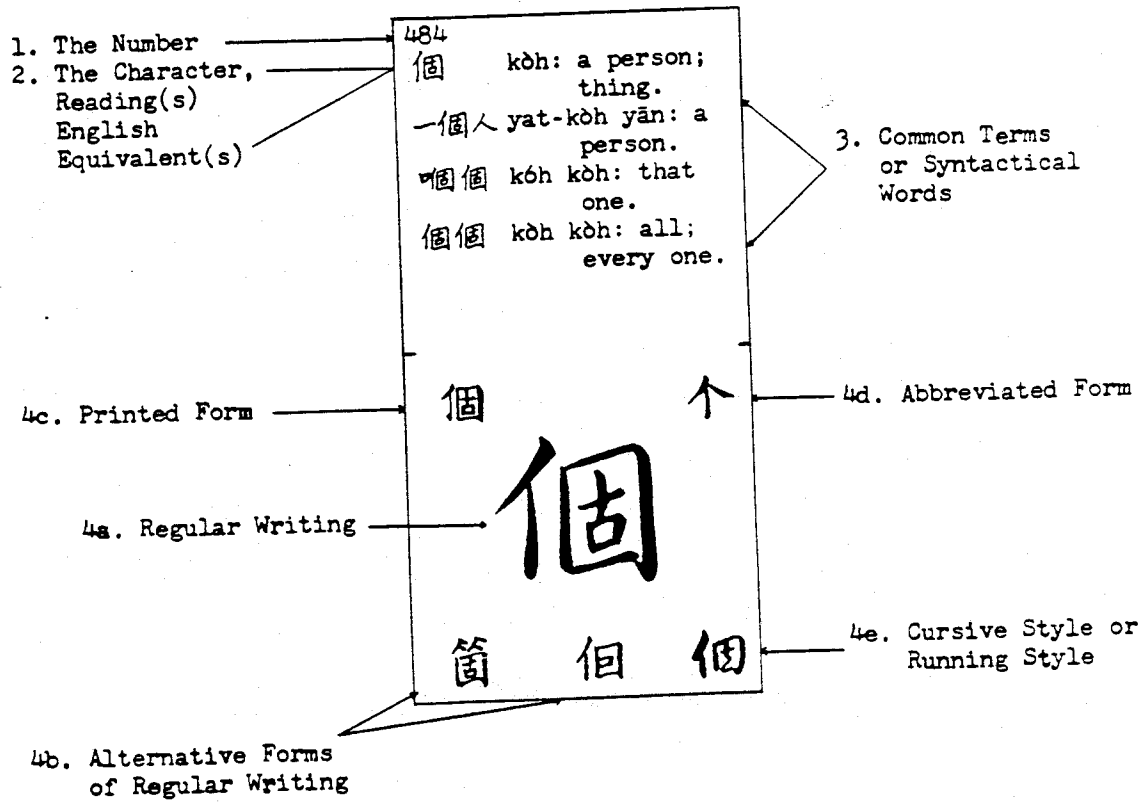
This dictionary contains 1,500 Chinese-Cantonese characters tŝ 字 (words) with more than 6,000 Chinese-Cantonese terms ts'z 辭 (syntactical words). The characters were systematically selected from three frequency lists. The terms were carefully chosen from three Cantonese-English dictionaries.

The characters are arranged alphabetically according to the U.S. Army Language School System of Romanization. This system of Romanization is comprehensively described in the Chinese-Cantonese Basic Course Volume I and Chinese-Cantonese Refresher Course Volume I, both published by the U.S. Army Language School.

Each entry of this dictionary has the following:

1. The number of the character.
2. The character, its reading(s), and its English equivalents.
3. Use of the character in some most common terms or syntactical words.
4. Various forms and styles of the character:
 - a. The model or regular writing k'aai-shue 楷書 in the center.
 - b. The alternative forms of regular writing in the lower center and lower left corner.
 - c. The printed form hak-paán-tŝ 刻版字 at the upper left corner.
 - d. The abbreviated form kaám-pat-tŝ 減筆字 at the upper right corner.
 - e. The cursive style ts'ó-shue 草書 or running style hāng-shue 行書 at the lower right corner.

For example:



This dictionary is a companion text to the Common Chinese-Cantonese Characters Flash Cards and to the List of Common Chinese-Cantonese Characters, both published by the Defense Language Age Institute. The Flash Cards have additional information concerning the radical, number of strokes, and calligraphy of each character. The List is to be used to evaluate a student's mastery of these common Chinese-Cantonese characters.

1

呀 a: final particle
 呀 a: final particle
 呀 ā: final particle
 呀 à: mildly emphatic;
 calling attention

呀

呀

呀

2

挨 aai: towards,
 against.
 挨晚 aai-mǎn: to-
 wards evening

挨

挨

挨

3

鴨 aap: duck (Cl.
 鴨 aap: duck (Cl.
 水鴨 shuǐ-aap: wild
 duck.
 臘鴨 laap-aap: pre-
 served duck.

鴨

鴨

鴨

5

握 ak: grasp
 握 aak: grasp
 握手 aak-shǎu: to shake
 hand.

握

握

握

4

壓 aat: to repress,
 press down.
 壓位 aat-chuó: keep
 in check, re-
 press.
 壓制 aat-chai: to
 oppress
 壓力 aat-lí: pres-
 sure.

壓

壓

壓

6

差 ch'a: wrong,
 different.
 差 ch'ai: a messen-
 er.
 差不多 ch'a-m-tóh: al-
 most, nearly
 most.
 差得遠 ch'a-tak-uǎn:
 very different,
 far from it.
 郵差 yǎu-ch'ai: a
 postman.

差

差

差

chà

7 - 12

chaäk

7

- 炸 ch'á: to explode
- 炸彈 chà-taán*: a bomb.
- 炸藥 chà-yeuk: dynamite,
- 油炸 yau-chá: to fry in oil
- 爆炸 paau-chá: to explode, explosion.

9

- 查 ch'á: to examine, investigate.
- 查出 ch'á-ch'ut: to find out, seek out.
- 查問 ch'á-mán: to investigate.
- 查真 ch'á-chan: to ascertain.

11

- 柴 ch'aaí: firewood
- 火柴 foh-ch'aaí (foh-ch'aaí*): matches
- 破柴 p'oh-ch'aaí: to split firewood.

炸

查

柴

柴

炸

炸

查

查

柴

柴

8

- 茶 ch'á: tea.
- 茶葉 ch'á-áp: tea leaves
- 茶壺 ch'á-oh: tea-pot
- 煲茶 po-ch'á: to make tea.

10

- 猜 ch'aaí: to guess, suspect.
- 猜謎 ch'aaí-mái: to guess riddles
- 猜想 ch'aaí-séung: to conjecture
- 猜枚 ch'aaí-mooí: morra (game of guessing at fingers held up)

12

- 責 chaäk: duty, responsibility to punish
- 責任 chaäk-yám: official charge, duty
- 責罰 chaäk-fát: to punish

茶

猜

責

茶

茶

猜

猜

責

責

13

澤 chaâk: benefits, moist, fertile.
 潤澤 yün-chaâk: healthy, robust

15

站 chaâm: station, to stand.
 車站 ch'ê-chaâm: bus-station or railway station.
 站長 chaâm-chéung: station master.

17

產 ch'aân: to produce, bear, productions, estate.
 產業 ch'aân-íp: real estate
 家產 ka-ch'aân: family possessions.
 土產 t'ó-ch'aân: native product.
 生產 shaang-ch'aân: to raise, to bear a child, to produce

澤

站

產

澤
 澤

站
 站

產
 產

14

策 ch'aâk: to plan, scheme.
 計策 kai-ch'aâk: a plan, a scheme
 策劃 ch'aâk-waâk: to plan.

16

賺 chaân: earn, gain, to make profit.
 賺錢 chaân-ts'ín: to earn money.
 賺佣 chaân-yung: to make a commission.

18

爭 chaang: to debate, wrangle, contest
 爭 chang: ditto.
 爭執 chaang-chap: disagreement.
 爭的 chaang-ti: almost, nearly.
 爭論 chaang-lún: to dispute, argue
 ch'ín-chang: war

策

賺

爭

策
 策

賺
 賺

爭
 爭

19

插 ch'aáp: to insert, drive into

插嘴 ch'aáp-tsui: interrupt in talking.

21

找 chaaú: to seek, to change (as money)

找尋 chaaú-ts'ám: to seek, search for

找換 chaaú-oón-ch'uè: money exchanger

23

掉 chaaú: to row, propel

掉艇 chaaú-téng: to row a boat

掉槳 chaaú-tséung: to pull an oar

插

找

掉

插 找 掉

插

插

找

掉

擢

掉

20

察 ch'aát: to examine, investigate

查察 ch'á-ch'aát: to inquire

監察 kaa-ch'aát: inspection, examination

警察 k'ing-ch'aát: policeman

22

抓 chaaú: to scratch

抓爛 chaaú-laán: to lacerate

抓抓 chaaú-wá: to scratch

24

吵 ch'aau: clamor, uproar

吵鬧 ch'aau-naáu: to brawl

吵耳 ch'aau-í: annoying, noise

察

抓

吵

察

抓

吵

查

察

抓

吵

25

- 制 chài: to govern, to stop, to cut off
- 抵制 tǎi-chài: to boycott
- 制服 chài-fú: uniform, to overcome
- 專制 chuen-chài: despotism
- 制度 chài-tó: system

27

- 針 cham: needle, probe.
- 大頭針 tasí-t'au-cham: a pin
- 指南針 chí-naám-cham: compass

29

- 振 chàn: to stimulate, restore.
- 振作 chàn-tsòk: to rouse, stimulate
- 振興 chàn-hing: to develop

制

針

振

制 針 振

制

箴

鍼

針

振

26

- 製 chài: to make, to compound
- 製造 chài-tsò: to manufacture
- 製造品 chài-tsò-pán: manufactured articles
- 製藥 chài-yauk: to compound medicines

28

- 真 cham: true, sure genuine
- 真係 cham-hái: it is so, really.
- 真心 cham-sam: in earnest, sincere.
- 真實 cham-shít: the truth.
- 真相 cham-seung: the true facts

30

- 鎮 chàn: town, commandary: to press down to guard.
- 鎮守 chàn-shau: to guard
- 鎮壓 chàn-áat: to repress, to reduce to order

製

真

鎮

製 真 鎮

制

真

鎮

31

陣 ch'ân (ch'ân²): Cl. for gusts, blast showers. period of time, battle array.

一陣間 yat-ch'ân-kaan: a moment

一陣雨 yat-ch'ân-üé: a shower

陣勢 ch'ân-shai: troop arrangement

33

陳 ch'ân: to arrange display, old, stale.

陳列 ch'ân-lít: to arrange in order, to display.

陳皮 ch'ân-p'ei: dried orange peel.

35

質 chat: substance, disposition, to confront.

質 ch'i: (lit. pro) a pledge

品質 pán-chat: quality disposition

質問 chat-mán: to question, to ask.

陣

陳

質

質

陣

陣

陳

陳

質

質

32

趁 ch'ân: to embrace an opportunity, whilst.

趁機會 ch'ân-kei-ooí: to take advantage of opportunity.

趁早 ch'ân-tsó: while it is early.

34

執 chap: to pick up, grasp, hold.

執起茶 chap-éi-laí: to pick up

執籌 chap ch'au: to draw lots

固執 kò-chap: obstinate, stubborn.

執政 chap ch'ing: governmental administration

36

周 chau: everywhere, all, surname complete, to assist.

周圍 chau-wai: all around

周到 chau-tò: well arranged, assiduity, assiduous, attentive.

趁

執

執

周

趁

趁

執

執

周

周

37

- 週 ch'au: to revolve, a week, a year
- 週年 ch'au-nin: a year
- 週期 ch'au-k'ei: a period
- 週圍 ch'au-wai: all around
- 週轉 ch'au-chuen: circulation (of money)

週

39

- 抽 ch'au: to lift, levy, whip
- 抽起 ch'au-hei: to lift up
- 抽筋 ch'au-kan: spasm, cramps

周 抽

41

- 仇 ch'au (shau): to hate, oppose, an enemy, rival
- 仇敵 shau-tik: an enemy
- 仇人 shau-yan: an enemy
- 報仇 po-shau: to take revenge

仇

週

抽

仇

週

抽

仇

仇

仇

38

- 州 ch'au: a political division, district, a state.
- 廣州 Kwong-chau: Canton.

州

40

- 臭 ch'au: stench, bad smell.
- 臭氣 ch'au-hei: a bad smell.
- 臭名 ch'au ming: bad reputation
- 臭丸 ch'au-uen: moth-ball

臭

42

- 綢 ch'au (ch'au): silk; pongee; fine texture.
- 生綢 shaang-ch'au: raw pongee.
- 紡綢 fong-ch'au: semi-raw silk.

綢

州

臭

綢

州

臭

綢

43

- 籌 ch'au: to compute, a lot; tally kind of game
- 籌款 ch'au foon: to raise funds
- 籌備 ch'au pei: prepare, plan.
- 執籌 chap-ch'au: to draw lots

籌 籌
 籌 籌
 籌 籌

45

- 遮 che: to cover, an umbrella (Cl. pa)
- 雨遮 uē che: umbrella
- 遮住 che-chuē: cover over; conceal

遮 遮
 遮 遮

47

- 車 ch'é: cart, vehicle (Cl. ká) to turn in lathe)
- 車 kui: (lit pro) cart
- 汽車 heí-ch'é: automobile
- 火車 foh-ch'é: a train
- 電車 t'ín-ch'é: tram car
- 車輪 ch'e-lún: wheel

車 車
 車 車

44

- 酬 ch'au: to pledge an offering.
- 應酬 ying-ch'au: social intercourse, social activity
- 酬勞 ch'au-ló: repay one for trouble taken

酬 酬
 酬 酬

46

- 者 ch'é: used to form nouns, impersonal pronoun, that, those one.
- 再者 tsol-ch'é: further, P.S.
- 敬啟者 king-k'ai-ch'é: "I beg respectfully to say" at the beginning of letter

者 者
 者 者

48

- 且 ch'é: also; moreover
- 尚且 shang-ch'é: but yet; still
- 況且 fong-ch'é: moreover
- 而且 i-ch'é: also

且 且
 且 且

49

隻 ch'èk: Cl. of birds; animals, ships, limbs etc.

一隻船 yat ch'èk shuān: a boat

一隻眼 yat ch'èk ngān: an eye

51

着 ch'èuk: right; completed action; put, attain to

遇着 uè-ch'èuk: to meet with

着力 ch'èuk-līk: to exert oneself

着色 ch'èuk-kap: impatient, restless

53

張 ch'èung: open out; a sheet; Cl. for paper, chair etc.

一張紙 yat ch'èung chí: a sheet of paper.

主張 ch'èuk-ch'èung: advocate

隻

只

着

隻

着

張

張

張

50

尺 ch'èk: Chinese foot; a ruler (Cl. pa)

尺寸 ch'èk-ts'ùen: dimensions

間尺 k'ān-ch'èk: ruler (for drawing etc)

52

桌 ch'èuk: table, stand

54

章 ch'èung: chapter; rules, system

章程 ch'èung-ch'ing: rules by laws

第一章 t'āi yat ch'èung: chapter I.

圖章 t'ū-ch'èung: a seal chop

尺

桌

卓

章

尺

桌

章

55

掌 chéung: palm of hand, to control.
 手掌 sháu-chéung: palm of hand
 掌櫃 chéung-kwái*: cashier

掌

掌
 掌

57

仗 chéung: warfare weapons
 仗 chéung: to rely on, to trust.
 打仗 tá-chéung: to make war
 打勝仗 tá-shing-chéung: to win a victory
 仗義 chéung-í: stirred to action by righteousness

仗

仗
 仗

59

丈 chéung: ten feet (Chinese) a senior, one worthy of respect.
 一丈 yat chéung ch'ung: ten feet long
 丈夫 chéung-foo: a husband
 方丈 fong-chéung: 10 square feet

丈

丈
 丈

56

帳 chéung: a curtain screen, awning
 蚊帳 man-chéung: mosquito net
 布帳 pò-chéung: awning
 帳幕 chéung-mòk: a tent

帳

帳
 帳

58

漲 chéung: to flood; over flow.
 水漲 shuǐ chéung: the water rises

漲

漲
 漲

60

窗 ch'ung: window
 窗門 ch'ung-mòon*: a window
 百頁窗 paák-í-p-ch'ung: Venetian blind

窗

窗
 窗 窗 窗

61

倡 Ch'eung: a leader; to promote

倡議 ch'eung-í: to make a motion; to propose (an idea).

倡亂 ch'eung-luèn: to lead an insurrection.

63

場 ch'eūng: a "field"; floor; place

墳場 fān-ch'eūng: graveyard

戰場 chìn-ch'eūng: battle ground

運動場 àn-tung-ch'eūng: athletic field

65

腸 ch'eūng: bowels; intestines; feelings (Cl. t'iu)

臘腸 laáp-ch'eūng*: dried sausage

心腸 sam-ch'eūng: inward thoughts

倡

場

坊

腸

肪

倡

場

腸

倡

場

坊

肪

62

唱 ch'èung: to sing; to recite.

唱歌 ch'èung-koh: to sing songs

64 長 ch'eūng: long
長 cneung: old, to grow, to exalt
長氣 ch'eūng-hei: tedious; long steamer; talkative.

長短 ch'eūng-tuèn: merits & defects

家長 ka-ch eung: head of a family

長子 cheung-tsí: eldest son

長大 cheung-taái: to grow up

66

知 chi: to know; wisdom.

知到 chi-tò: to know.

知覺 chi-kòk: feeling; sensation

先知 sin-chi: a prophet

知足 chi-tsuk: content with; satisfied

知己 chi-kei: intimate friend.

唱

長

長

知

唱

長

知

唱

長

知

67

支 chi: branch, to pay
 支銀 chi-ngan*: to pay out money
 支店 chi-tin: a branch (shop etc.)
 支票 chi-p'iu: check
 支持 chi-ch'i: to support, maintain

69

指 chi: finger (Cl. ch'ik) to point indicate
 指公 shau-chi-kung: thumb
 指教 chi-kaaü: to advise
 指揮 chi-fai: to command
 指甲 chi-kaap: finger nail

71

止 chi: to halt; stop; end
 止痛 chi-t'ang: to stop pain
 止步 chi-po: to stop (no admittance)

支

指

止

支

支

指

指

止

止

68

之 chi: sign of to arrive at; possessive, lit. Chinese
 之字形 chi-ts'ing: sigzag

70

紙 chi: paper (Cl. cheung)
 紙幣 chi-pai: paper money
 印水紙 yan-shui-chi: blotter

72

只 chi: merely; only; but
 只要 chi-iu: only if
 只管 chi-koon: just do not hesitate to

之

紙

十

只

之

之

紙

紙

只

只

- 73 至 ch'i: to reach; superlative degree
- 至少 ch'i-shiu: at least
- 至到 ch'i-to: until, as to
- 至於 ch'i-ue: as for
- 至要 ch'i-id: most important

- 75 志 ch'i: will, purpose
- 志向 ch'i-hung: aim object
- 志氣 ch'i-wei: ambitious will power
- 志願 ch'i-yen: to volunteer, ambition, wishes

- 77 治 ch'i: to govern; rule
- 治理 ch'i-lei: to manage, to govern
- 自治 tsz-ch'i: self-government, self-manage
- 政治 ch'ing-ch'i: politics

至

至

至

志

志

志

治

治

治

74.

- 致 ch'i: to come to; attain; send; cause.
- 致敬 ch'i-king: to show homage; to show deep respect.
- 致函 ch'i huan: send a letter to

76

- 置 ch'i: to buy; to arrange; to put aside.
- 安置 an-ch'i: to arrange; to place.
- 置業 ch'i ip: to buy property
- 位置 wei-ch'i: position situation.

78

- 始 ch'i: to begin; first.
- 始末 ch'i-mot: from beginning to end
- 始創 ch'i-ch'ang: to commence; open up; originate
- 開始 hoi-ch'i: to begin; to start

致

致

致

置

置

置

始

始

始

79

齒 ch'i: teeth; age
 牙齒 ngā-ch'i: teeth;
 有口齒 mō-hāu-ch'i:
 break one's
 promise

81

持 ch'i: to grasp;
 hold; support
 維持 mī-ch'i: to
 maintain; up-
 hold; to aid
 主持 chū-ch'i: to
 manage; to
 direct.
 支持 chī-ch'i: to
 support

83

遲 ch'i: late; slow
 tardy.
 延遲 In-ch'i: delay
 遲疑 ch'i-i: hesita-
 tion; irresolu-
 ute
 來得遲 loī-tak-ch'i:
 come late

齒

齒

持

遲

齒

齒

持

持

遲

遲

80

恥 ch'i: disgrace;
 shame
 羞恥 sau-ch'i: shame
 知恥 chī-ch'i: con-
 scious of dis-
 grace; sense
 of shame
 恥辱 ch'i-yūk: shame
 disgrace

82

池 ch'i: a cistern;
 pond (Cl kōn)
 水池 shuī-ch'i: pond
 池塘 ch'i-t'ōng: pond

84

織 chik: to weave;
 knit.
 織布機 chik-pò-kei: a
 loom
 紡織 fōng-chik: to
 spin and weave

恥

池

織

織

恥

耻

恥

池

池

織

織

85

- 職 chik: duty
- 職業 chik-íp: occupation; profession
- 職員 chik-nén: personnel; staff.
- 職位 chik-wái: position

87

- 值 chik: price; worth; to happen
- 價值 ká-chik: cost; price
- 適值 chik-chik: just happen to be
- 值日 chik-yát: one's day on duty

89

- 佔 chin: to usurp; seize
- 強佔 k'wung chin: to take by force; usurp
- 佔領 chin-ling: to seize territory "occupation"
- 佔據 chin-kuí: to occupy forcibly

職

職

值

佔

職

值

佔

職

值

佔

86

- 直 chik: straight
- 直去 chik hui: straight ahead
- 直言 chik-ín: outspoken; frankness
- 忠直 chung-chik: unaffected; artless

88

- 植 chik: to plant
- 植物 chik-mát: plant vegetable
- 種植 ching-chik: afforestation; plantation.
- 植物學 chik-mát hók: botany

90

- 展 chin: to open out; unroll
- 展開 chin-hoi: to spread out; open
- 發展 fait-chin: to develop
- 展期 chin-k'ei: to postpone
- 展覽會 chin-lám ooi: an exhibition

直

植

展

直

植

展

直

植

展

91

戰 chin: to fight;
war; terrified

戰勝 chin-shing: vic-
tory; to win a
battle

戰爭 chin-chang: war

戰壕 chin-hō: trench

戰場 chin-ch'ang:
battle field

93

整 ching: to make;
do; arrange

修整 sau-ching: to re-
pair

整齊 ching-te'ai: or-
derly; neat and
tidy

95

證 ching: to witness
evidence

證人 ching-yān: a
witness

證據 ching-kuai: proof
evidence; test-
imonial

證明 ching-ming: to
testify; to
prove

戰

战

整

證

戰

整

證

戰

战

整

証

证

92

征 ching: to make
war; subjugate
levy taxes

征伐 ching-fat: to
attack; to in-
vade

94

正 ching: straight;
right; just;
exact

正當 ching-tong: pro-
per; right

正式 ching-shik: of-
ficially

正月 ching-ut: Jan-
uary

96

政 ching: to rule;
administration;
law

政府 ching-foo: the
government

政治 ching-chai: poli-
tics

政策 ching-ch'aek:
policy

征

正

政

征

正

政

征

正

政

97

- 稱 ch'ing: state; to praise
- 稱 ch'ing: to weigh; to estimate
- 相稱 seung-ch'ing: symmetrical; in accordance with
- 稱職 ch'ing-chik: able to fulfil the responsibility

稱

稱

秤

稱

99

- 折 chit: to break off; bend
- 折價 chit-ká: reduced price
- 九折 kau-chit 90% of list price (10% discount)

折

折

折

101

- 朝 chiu: morning
- 朝 ch'iu: a dynasty
- 朝晚 chiu mǎn: morning and evening
- 朝頭早 chiu-t'au-tsó: early in the morning.
- 清朝 Ch'ing-ch'iu: Ch'ing dynasty

朝

朝

朝

98

- 程 ch'ing: route; journey
- 起程 heí-ch'ing: to begin a journey
- 章程 cheung-ch'ing: rules; regulations
- 程度 ch'ing-tó: standard; grade

程

程

程

100

- 設 ch'it: to set up; set forth; devise
- 設立 ch'it-laap: establish
- 設法 ch'it-faát: to devise means; to find ways

設

設

設

102

- 招 chiu: to invite to come; entertain; receive
- 招牌 chiu-p'aai: sign board; shop sign
- 招待 chiu-toi: to entertain
- 招兵 chiu-ping: to recruit
- 招集 chiu-tsaap: to call in, to get together

招

招

招

103

- 照 chiù: to shine upon; according to
- 照鏡 chiù-kèng: to look in a mirror
- 照舊 chiù-kiù: as formerly
- 護照 ô-chiù: a passport

105

- 超 ch'iu: to surpass to save; to leap over
- 超等 ch'iu-táng: the best; first class
- 超越 ch'iu-uét: surpassing

107

- 助 ch'oh: to assist help
- 幫助 pong-ch'oh: to aid; assist
- 內助 noi-ch'oh: help mate (wife)
- 樂助 lôk-ch'oh: free-will contribution

照

超

助

照

超

助

照

照

超

超

助

104

- 召 chiù: to call; summon
- 召見 chiù-kin: summon into presence
- 聖召 shing-chiù: Vocation (C)

106

- 阻 ch'oh: to hinder; impede
- 阻住 ch'oh-ch'oh: to hinder
- 阻礙 ch'oh-ngoi: hindrance; to hinder
- 阻止 ch'oh-chí: to stop

108

- 初 ch'oh: first original
- 當初 tong-ch'oh: at the beginning
- 初幾 ch'oh kei: first part of the month (up to 10)
- 初時 ch'oh-shí: at first

召

阻

初

召

阻

初

召

召

阻

初

109

楚 ch'óh: distressing; painful; clear
 苦楚 fú-ch'óh: hard; distressing;
 清楚 ts'ing-ch'óh: clear

111

裝 chong: to dress; to pack; load
 裝滿 chong-moán: packed full
 唐裝 t'óng-chong: Chinese costume
 裝置 chong-chí: to instal

113

壯 chông: strong; robust
 壯健 chông-kín: healthy; hale
 壯胆 chông-tám: to strengthen one's courage
 強壯 k'eung-chông: strong

楚

楚

裝

裝

壯

壯

110

鋤 ch'óh: hoe; mattock (Cl. pá) to hoe; till
 鋤頭 ch'óh-t'áú: a heavy hoe
 鋤地 ch'óh t'ái: dig up the ground

112

莊 chong: serious; sedate
 端莊 tuen-chong: dignified

114

狀 chông: appearance form; lawsuit; accusation
 告狀 kò-chông: accusation; to sue in court

鋤

鋤

莊

莊

狀

狀

115

廠 ch'óng: shed;
factory; works

機器廠 kei-hei-ch'óng:
machine shop

織布廠 chik-pò-ch'óng:
weaving mill

工廠 kung-ch'óng:
factory

117

牀 ch'óng: bed; cou-
ch

牀鋪 ch'óng-pò: bed-
ding

牀褥 ch'óng-yuk: mat-
tress

彈弓牀 taán-kung ch'óng:
spring bed;
sofa

119

珠 chue: pearl;
bead (Cl. nap)

珍珠 chan-chue: a
pearl

眼珠 ngaán-chue: pu-
pil of an eye.

廠

牀

珠

廠

牀

珠

廠

廠

牀

牀

珠

116

創 ch'óng: to begin
found; invent;
to create.

創立 ch'óng laáp: to
establish

創造 ch'óng-tsó: to
create; to in-
vent.

創傷 ch'óng-shung:
wound, injury

118

豬 chue: pig; swine
(Cl. ch'ak)

豬肉 chue-yuk: pork

山豬 shaan chue:
wild hog

120

朱 chue: red color
s

朱紅 chue-hung: scar-
let; vermilion

朱顏 chue-ngaán: ruddy
face

創

豬

朱

創

豬

朱

創

豬

豬

朱

121

- 主 chué: lord; master; owner; to rule
- 主人 chué-jān: master
- 天主 t'in-chue: God
- 主意 chué-ì: resolution; decision; main ideas
- 主持 chué-ch'í: to manage

123

- 注 chué: to fix the the mind on; to pour; to record
- 注意 chué-ì: to heed; "notice" to pay attention to
- 注射 chué-shê: to inject; syringes
- 注重 chué-chung: to emphasize

125

- 處 ch'uě: a location
- 處 shuè: place
- 用處 yung-ch'uě: function; usefulness
- 好處 hó-ch'uě: benefit advantage
- 邊處 pin-shuè: where
- 辦事處 pán-sz-ch'uě: office

主

主

主

注

注

注

處

處

處

處

處

122

- 煮 chué: to cook; prepare food
- 煮飯 chué faán: to cook rice
- 煮熟 chué-shák: "done"

124

- 住 chué: to abide; dwell;
- 住家 chué-ka: a residence
- 守住 shau-chuè: guard
- 居住 kui-chuè: live in
- 住客 chué-haak: tenants

126

- 柱 ch'uě: pillar; post (Cl. t'íu)
- 石柱 shák ch'uě: stone pillar

煮

煮

煮

住

住

住

柱

柱

柱

127

- 石專 chuen: brick; tile (Cl.kōh)
- 青磚 ts'ing-chuen: burnt brick
- 泥磚 nai: mud brick

129

- 轉 chuen: change; rotate
- 轉 chuen: to turn
- 轉灣 chuen-wan: turn a bend
- 轉頭 chuen-t'au: to turn back
- 調轉頭 tiu-chuen-t'au: to turn around; on the contrary

131

- 川 ch'uen: a stream
- 四川 Sei-ch'uen: Szechuen (province of China)

磚

石磚

甌

磚

轉

轉

轉

川

川

川

128

- 專 chuen: single; special
- 專心 chuen-sin: engrossed in; concentration
- 專家 chuen-ka: a specialist
- 專門 chuen-moōn: specialisation
- 專科 chuen-foh: special course

130

- 穿 ch'uen: to drill through; perforate
- 穿窿 ch'uen-lung: to perforate
- 穿衣服 ch'uen i-fuk: to put on clothes
- 穿針 ch'uen chan: thread a needle

132

- 傳 ch'uen: to announce; hand down
- 傳 chuen: biography record; story
- 傳話 ch'uen-wá: act as interpreter to interpret
- 傳單 ch'uen-taan: leaflet; handbill

專

專

端

專

穿

穿

穿

傳

傳

傳

133

追 chui: to pursue;
to chase

追到 chui-tò: caught
up with

追究 chui-kaun: to
investigate;
follow up

135

錘 ch'ui: a hammer
to pound; scale
weight

鐵錘 t'it ch'ui: a
hammer

錘爛 ch'ui-laan: ham-
mer to pieces

137

竹 chuk: bamboo

竹篙 chuk-ko: bamboo
pole

竹笋 chuk-sun: bamboo
shoot

追

錘

竹

追

錘

竹

追

錘

錘

竹

134

吹 ch'ui: to blow;
play wind ins-
trument

吹熄 ch'ui sik: to
blow out (lamp)

吹口 ch'ui-hau: to
whistle

吹號 ch'ui-hò: to
give a signal
(trumpeter)

136

除 ch'ui: to deduct
laying aside

除咗 ch'ui-chòh: af-
ter deducting

除非 ch'ui-fei: un-
less; except

開除 hoi-ch'ui: dis-
miss

除數 ch'ui-shò: divi-
sion (Arith)

138

祝 chuk: to invoke

祝福 chuk-fuk: invoke
blessing

祝壽 chuk-shòu: to
offer birthday
congratulation

吹

除

祝

吹

除

祝

吹

除

祝

139

捉 chuk: to arrest; to catch; seize

捉住 chuk-chuê: to seize

捉賊 chuk ts'aak: to capture robbers

141

畜 ch'uk: cattle; beasts; to rear

畜生 ch'uk-shang: animals

畜馬 ch'uk mā: to breed horse

143

準 ch'un: accurate; standard; exact

準備 ch'un-pel: to get ready

準確 ch'un-k'òk: accurate; correct

捉

捉

捉

畜

畜

畜

準

準

準

140

築 chuk: to build; raise;

築馬路 chuk mā-lù: construct a road

築牆 chuk ts'wāng: to build a wall

142

准 ch'un: to allow; permit

唔准 w-ch'un: not allow

準期 ch'un-kwai: on time

144

春 ch'un: Spring season

春天 ch'un-t'in: springtime

春季 ch'un kwai: spring season

築

築

築

准

准

准

春

春

春

145

中 chung: middle; center; within

中 chung: right; exactly

中間 chung-kaan: middle in between

中意 chung-ì: to like

打中 tá-chùng: hit the mark

147

鐘 chung: a bell; clock (Cl. kòh)

打鐘 tá chung: to ring a bell

鬧鐘 naú-chung: alarm clock

149

種 chùng: seed; germ; race; chung: to plant

種類 chùng-lú: class; variety

種族 chùng-tsuk: race of men

種子 chùng-tsí: seeds

種菜 chùng ts'oi: to plant vegetable

中

中

中

鐘

鐘

鐘

鐘

種

種

種

種

146

忠 chung: devoted; loyal

忠直 chung-chik: upright; honest

忠心 chung-sin: loyal

148

終 chung: final; the end

終身 chung-shan: all one's life

終日 chung-yat: the whole day; all the time

終點 chung-tsin: final end

150

眾 chùng: many; a crowd; all

大眾 taai-chùng: the public; everyone

出眾 ch'ut-chùng: above the average; uncommon

民眾 man-chùng: the people

忠

忠

忠

終

終

終

眾

眾

眾

眾

眾

151

- 重 ch'ung: double
- 重 ch'ung: heavy; serious
- 重 ch'ung: heavy; serious; more
- 好重 hó-ch'ung: very heavy
- 雙重 shuang-ch'ung: double; twice
- 重有 ch'ung yau: still more

重

重

重

153

- 衝 ch'ung: to rush; towards; collide with
- 衝突 ch'ung-tat: conflict
- 衝鋒 ch'ung-fung: to charge (an enemy)

衝

衝

衝

155

- 出 ch'ut: out; to go out; put out
- 出街 ch'ut kaai: to go out
- 出聲 ch'ut-sheng: to utter
- 出貨 ch'ut-yau: to let
- 出口 ch'ut-hau: export

出

出

出

152

- 充 ch'ung: to fill; satisfy
- 充滿 ch'ung-moon: to fill up; full of
- 冒充 mó-ch'ung: pretend to be other person
- 充公 ch'ung-kung: to confiscate

充

充

充

154

- 蟲 ch'ung: worms; insects (Cl. t'iu)
- 生蟲 shaang-ch'ung: to contain worms
- 蟲類 ch'ung-lui: the class of insect or reptiles
- 害蟲 hóf ch'ung: destructive insect

蟲

蟲

蟲

156

- 花 fa: flowers; blossom
- 花王 fa-wong: gardener
- 花紅 fa-hung: reward
- 花園 fa-uen: garden
- 花布 fa-po: flowered cloth

花

花

花

157

- 化 fà: to change; to transform; melt
- 化學 fà-hók: chemistry
- 文化 mán-fà: culture; civilization
- 消化 siu-fà: to digest
- 進化 tsùn-fà: evolution

159

- 塊 faai: clod; lump; pieces(Cl.)
- 一塊布 yat-faai pò: a piece of cloth
- 一塊地 yat-faai tei: a plot of ground

161

- 反 faán: to turn back or over; to rebel
- 反抗 faán-k'òng: violent opposition
- 反轉面 faán-chuèn-mín: to turn over
- 相反 seung-faán: contrary
- 反對 faán-tui: to oppose

化

塊

反

化 塊 反

化

塊

反

158

- 快 faai: quick; cheerful
- 快慢 faai-mán: quick & slow; speed
- 快樂 faai-lòk: happy
- 快活 faai-òt: happy
- 快車 faai-ch'è: express train

160

- 翻 faan: to return; to overturn
- 翻轉頭 faan-chuèn-t'au: to return back
- 翻印 faan-yàn: to print again

162

- 凡 faán: all; common everyone
- 但凡 taán-faán: whatever; whoever
- 凡事 faán-sí: anything everything

快

翻

番

凡

快 翻 凡

快

翻

凡

凡

163

- 煩 faān: to annoy; worry; trouble
- 麻煩 mā-faān: to bother; troublesome
- 煩悶 faān-moōn: depressed; annoyed; chagrined

煩

煩

煩

165

- 犯 faān: to offend; do wrong
- 犯罪 faān-tsuī: commit a crime
- 犯法 faān-faāt: to break the laws
- 監犯 kaam-faān: a prisoner

犯

犯

犯

167

- 發 faāt: to send forth; to start
- 發生 faāt-shaang: to break out; happen
- 發明 faāt-ming: to invent
- 發現 faāt-fān: to discover
- 發熱 faāt-it: to have a fever

發

發

發

164

- 飯 faān: cooked rice; a meal
- 煮飯 chue faān: to cook rice; to cook a meal
- 裝飯 chong-faān: dish up the rice

飯

飯

飯

166

- 範 faān: pattern; standard
- 模範 mō-faān: model; example
- 範圍 faān-wāi: limits; scope; sphere

範

範

範

168

- 法 faāt: law; rules; means; French
- 法子 faāt-tsz: means; ways
- 設法 ch'it-faāt: find a means
- 法律 faāt-lūt: laws
- 法院 faāt-hēn: a court of law

法

法

法

169

- 髮 faat: hair of the head (Cl. t'ü)
- 剪髮 tsin-faat: to cut the hair
- 飛髮 fei-faat: to cut the hair

171

- 廢 faí: to throw away; destroy; annul
- 廢物 fai-mat: worthless articles
- 廢除 fai-ch'ui: to abolish; to abrogate

173

- 肺 fai: the lungs
- 肺病 fai pêng: consumption

髮

髮

廢

廢

廢 肺

肺

170

- 揮 fai: to move; to shake
- 發揮 faat-fai: make known; to manifest

172

- 費 fai: fee; to spend; waste
- 費用 fai-yung: expenses
- 費事 fai-sí: troublesome
- 學費 hók-fai: tuition
- 經費 king-fai: funds; maintenance

174

- 分 fan: to divide; percentage; minute
- 分 fân: a part; a share
- 本分 pón-fân: duty & general obligations
- 分開 fan-hoi: to divide

揮

揮

費

費

分

分

175

女昏 fan: to marry a wife; marriage
 婚事 fan-si: marriage
 結婚 kit-fan: to marry
 訂婚 ting-fan: to engage
 離婚 lei-fan: to divorce

177

粉 fan: flour; powder
 麵粉 min-fan: wheat flour
 通心粉 tung-san-fan: macaroni
 搽粉 ch'a-fan: to put powder on face

179

糞 fan: manure; night soil; dung
 糞肥 fan-fei: refuse, manure
 糞廁 fan-ts'i: a privy
 落糞 lok-fan: to manure

婚

婚

婚

粉

粉

粉

糞

糞

糞

176

紛 fan: disorderly; numerous
 紛亂 fan-luan: disorder; confusion

178

訓 fan: to instruct; teach; teachings
 教訓 kaau-fan: to teach; advise
 訓練 fan-lun: to train; to drill discipline

180

奮 fan: earnest endeavor; energetic
 發奮 faat-fan: to exert one's greatest effort
 奮力 fan-lit: to exert one's effort; to put forth effort

紛

紛

紛

訓

訓

訓

奮

奮

奮

181

忽 fat: suddenly;
to disregard

忽然 fat-tā: suddenly

忽畧 fat-leuk: to
slight; to neg-
lect

183

否 fau: negative;
no

是否 𠄎 fau: is it
so or not;
yes or no

否認 fau-ying: deny

185

飛 fei: to fly

飛禽 fei k'ām: birds
in general

飛機 fei-kei: airplane

忽

忽



否

否



飛

飛



182

罰 fāt (faât): to
punish; fine;
forfeit

責罰 chāk-fāt: reprimand;
blame

賞罰 shing fāt: re-
wards and puni-
shment

罰款 fāt k'oon: fines;
to fine

184

非 fei: opposed to;
not; false

非常 fei-shing: very
extremely

是非 𠄎 fei: detrac-
tion; scandal;
the truth and
the false

186

匪 fei: vagabond;
sedition

土匪 t'6 fei: bandit

匪徒 fei-t'6: rowdies
robbers

罰

罰



非

非



匪

匪



187

肥 feī: fat; fertile; flourishing

肥壯 fei-chòng: robust

肥田料 fei-t'ín-liú: fertilizers

養肥 yǎng fei: to fatten

189

火 fòh: fire; fever; to burn

火燭 fòh-chuk: conflagration; on fire

火山 fòh shaan: volcano

火水 fòh-shuí: kerosene

火酒 fòh-tsau: alcohol

191

貨 fòh: goods; cargo

貨物 fòh-mat: goods; cargo

洋貨 yǎng fòh: foreign

貨倉 fòh-tsóng: warehouse

肥

肥

肥

火

火

火

貨

貨

貨

188

科 foh: series; rank; department

科學 foh-hók: science

科長 foh chéung: chief of a department

內科 noi-foh: medical practice

外科 ngoi-foh: surgical

190

伙 fòh: tools; goods

伙食 fòh-shik: provisions

伙記 fòh-kei: waiter; employee of a store

伙頭 fòh-t'au: a cook

192

課 fòh: a lesson; task

功課 kung-fòh: school work; home work

上課 shǎng fòh: hold classes; attend classes

科

科

科

伙

伙

伙

課

課

課

193

方 fong: square; region of

四方 Sei-fong: square; all directions

方面 fong-mán: phase; point of view

方向 fong-héung: direction

方法 fong-faht: means; method

195

荒 fong: wilderness; waste

荒地 fong tsi: uncultivated land

荒年 fong-nín: year of famine

飢荒 kei-fong: famine

開荒 hoi fong: bring under cultivation

197

訪 fong: to inquire into; to visit

訪問 fong-mán: to inquire

訪查 fong ch'á: to investigate

訪員 fong-uén: newspaper reporter

拜訪 paai-fong: visit

方

荒

訪

方

荒

訪

方

荒

訪

194

慌 fong: nervous; fearful; alarmed

驚慌 king-fong: alarmed; scared

好慌 hó fong: very frightened

196

紡 fong: to spin; to weave

紡織 fong-chik: to weave; weaving

198

放 fòng: to release to place in or on

放假 fong ká: to give holiday; holiday

放學 fong hók: school let out

放心 fong-sán: make the mind easy; to be free from anxiety

慌

紡

放

慌

紡

放

慌

紡

放

199

况 fòng: moreover; still more
 况且 fòng-ch'ie: moreover
 何况 hō-fòng: how much more or still less?

201

防 fōng: to guard; against; to protect from
 防備 fōng-peí: to watch for; to guard against
 提防 t'ai-fōng: to be ware of
 防軍 fōng kwan: defence corps

203

夫 foo: husband; man
 丈夫 ch'ung-foo: husband
 夫人 foo-yān: wife; Mrs.
 夫婦 foo foo: husband and wife
 工夫 kung-foo: work

况

防

夫

况

防

夫

况

况

防

夫

200

房 fōng (fōng*): room; dwelling (Cl. kuan)
 房間 fōng-kaan: room
 同房 t'ung fōng*: roommate; co-habitation

202

妨 fōng: to oppose; impede
 妨碍 fōng-ngōi: to hinder; to obstruct
 毋妨 mō-fōng: it does not matter; no harm
 妨害 fōng-hōi: to disturb; to interfere

204

呼 foo: to call out; to shout
 稱呼 ch'ing-foo: to address; to call

房

妨

呼

房

妨

呼

房

妨

呼

205

苦 foó: bitter; affliction
 辛苦 san-foó: hard; suffer; torture
 苦工 foó kung: hard labor

207

虎 foó: tiger; tiger like
 老虎 lo-foó: a tiger

209

富 foò: rich; wealthy abundance
 富貴 foò kwai: riches and honor
 富厚 foò hau: rich & influential

苦

苦
 苦

虎

虎
 虎

席

富

富
 富

206

府 foó: district prefecture; a palace
 府上 foó-shung: polite term for "Your residence"
 貴府 kwai-foó: ditto

208

斧 foó: ax; hatchet
 斧頭 foó-t'au: hatchet; hammer
 打斧頭 tá-foó-t'au: to cheat (money)

210

褲 foò: trousers; drawers
 長褲 ch'ung foò: trousers; slacks
 內褲 noi foò: drawers

府

府
 府

斧

斧
 斧

褲

袂

褲
 袴 袴

211

副 foò: to aid; second; set of;

副領事 foò lǐng-sǎ:
Vice-Consul

副官 foò-koon: adjutant; aides-de-camp

副總統 foò tsung-t'ung:
Vice president

213

婦 foò: married women; female

婦女 foò-nū: women in general

女婦人 foò-yān: women

婦科 foò-foh: Gynecology

215

附 foò: neighboring; adjacent

附近 foò-k'an: neighboring; near to

附錄 foò lūk: an appendix

副

婦

附

副

婦

附

副

婦

附

212

扶 foò: to uphold; help

扶助 foò-chòh: to assist; aid

扶持 foò-ch'i: to sustain

214

父 foò: father

父親 foò-ts'an: father

神父 shān-fò: Catholic priest

父老 foò-lǎo: village elders

216

負 foò: ungrateful to owe; carry

負責 foò-chāk: responsible

勝負 shing foò: win or lose

欺負 wei-fò: insulting;

扶

父

負

扶

父

負

扶

父

負

217

- 付 foô: to transfer; give to; to send
- 付託 foô-t'òk: entrust with
- 付貨 foô fòh: to deliver goods

219

- 灰 foòi: ashes; lime; plaster
- 石灰 t'òk-foòi: lime from stone
- 火灰 fòh-foòi: ashes
- 灰心 foòi-san: despondent

221

- 歡 foon: to rejoice; delighted
- 歡喜 foon-héi: happy; to like
- 歡迎 foon-yíng: to welcome

付

灰

歡

欢

付

灰

歡

付

灰

歡

218

- 腐 foô: rotten; decayed
- 腐爛 foô-laân: putrid
- 腐敗 foô-pai: demoralized; deteriorated
- 豆腐 tau-fòô: bean curd

220

- 悔 foòi: to repent; contrition; to regret
- 痛悔 t'àng-foòi: bitterly regret
- 悔改 foòi-koi: to repent and reform
- 後悔 hau-foòi: remorse

222

- 寬 foon: forgiving; lenient; wide; broad
- 寬容 foon-yíng: lenient; toleration
- 寬大 foon-tai: large spacious; lenient

腐

悔

寬

腐

悔

寬

腐

悔

寬

223

欸 foón: to treat
courteously; an
item; an amount

欸待 foón-toi: to
treat cordially

欸式 foón-shik: pat-
tern; style

存款 ts'uēn foón: de-
posit

225

複 fuk: double; to
repeat

複雜 fuk-tsaap: com-
plicate

重複 ch'ung-fuk: to
duplicate;
double

227

服 fuk: garments; to
serve; mourning
clothes

服從 fuk-ts'ung: to
submit to; to
obey

着服 ch'ok fuk: to go
into mourning

服務 fuk-mó: to serve;
service

服毒 fuk ták: to take
poison

欸

複

服

欸

複

服

欸

欸

複

服

224

福 fuk: happiness;
blessed; felici-
city

幸福 hāng-fuk: happi-
ness; felicity

福利 fuk-lei: wel-
fare

發福 fāt-fuk: to
grow fat

226

復 fuk: to come
back; again

復原 fuk-uēn: to
recover from
sickness

恢復 fook-fuk: recu-
perate (back to
normal condi-
tion)

228

伏 fuk: to prostrate;
to overcome

埋伏 mǎi-fuk: to am-
bush

伏兵 fuk-ping: an
ambush

福

復

伏

福

復

伏

福

復

伏

229

- 風 fung: wind; rumor; custom
- 打風 tá fung: typhoon
- 風俗 fung-tsúk: common customs
- 風濕 fung-shap: rheumatism
- 風景 fung-king: scenery

231

- 豐 fung: abundant; prolific
- 豐足 fung-tsuk: plentiful
- 豐年 fung nîn: a plentiful year
- 豐富 fung-fòd: rich; opulent; abundant

233

- 吓 há: a moment; a while; once
- 等吓 táng há: wait a moment
- 幾吓 kéi-há: several times

風

豐

丰

吓

風
風

豐
豐

吓
吓

230

- 封 fung: to seal; close up; Cl for letters
- 一封信 yat-fung sùn: a letter
- 信封 sùn-fung: an envelope
- 封鎖 fung-sók: to blockade

232

- 縫 fūng: to sew
- 裁縫 ts'oi-fūng lo: a tailor

234

- 下 há: to go down; below; next (há*)
- 上下 sh'óng-há*: about
- 下午 há-ng: afternoon
- 下次 há ts'è: next time
- 下等 há-t'áng: low class; poor q.

封

縫

下

封
封

縫
縫

下
下

235

夏 hâ: summer
 夏天 hâ-t'in: summer
 夏季 hâ-kwâi: summer season
 夏至 hâ-châi: summer solstice

237

鞋 haaI: low shoes: (Cl. ch'âk 1; tui 2.)
 拖鞋 t'oh-haaI: slippers
 鞋帶 haaI-taaI: shoe lace
 鞋膏 haaI-ko: shoe polish

239

客 haak: stranger; visitor; guest; customer
 搭客 taap-haak: passengers
 人客 yân-haak: guests
 客氣 haak-hei: polite; courteous; to stand on ceremony

夏

鞋

客

夏

鞋

客

夏

鞋

鞋

客

236

孩 haaI: child
 嬰孩 ying-haaI: infant
 孩童 haaI-t'ung: boy

238

械 haaI: weapons; implements
 軍械 kwan-haaI: weapon of war
 器械 hai-haaI: machinery; implements

240

喊 haam: to weep; call out
 大聲喊 taai eng haam: loud weeping
 打喊 ta haam-lô: to yawn

孩

械

喊

孩

械

喊

孩

械

喊

241

閒 haān: idle; un-occupied
 得閒 tak-haān: leisure free
 閒人 haān yān: an outsider; loafer; intruders

243

考 haasú: to examine; question
 考試 haasú-shí: examination
 考查 haasú-ch'ā: to investigate

245

效 haadú: to imitate; to toil; to copy
 效法 haadú fadú: to imitate; to copy to follow an example
 效用 haadú-yung: function; utility
 效果 haadú-kwóh: result

閒

考

效

閒

考

效

閒

考

效

効

242

限 haān: limit; boundary; to restrict
 限制 haān-chai: to restrict; restriction
 有限 yāu-haān: "limited"

244

巧 haasú: skillful; cunning
 巧辯 haasú pîn: plausible argument
 巧妙 haasú-míú: skillful

246

校 haasú: a school
 校 kaasú: to compare military title
 學校 wók-haasú: a school
 校長 haasú-ch'ung: school principal
 上校 sh'ung-kaasú: colonel

限

巧

校

限

巧

校

限

巧

校

247

口係 hai: to be at;
in; on; under

喺處 hai shuè: (he,
it) is here

喺屋路 hai uk-k'ei: at
home

249

系 hai: link; suc-
cession; depart-
ment

世系 hai-hai: succes-
sive generation

系統 hai-t'ung: system

251

刻 hak: to engrave;
instant
(haak)

一刻 yat hak: quarter
hour

片刻 p'in-hak: an
instant

刻字 hak tsz: to en-
grave character

喺

系

刻

喺

喺

系

系

刻

刻

248

係 hai: to be; is;
are; affirma-
tive

係唔係 hai-m-hai: is it
so?

係咩 hai me: is that
so?

250

黑 hak: dark; black

黑暗 hak-ám: darkness;
dark

黑心 hak san: evil;
malevolent

252

克 hak(haak): to re-
press; to
overcome

克己 hak-kei: subdue
oneself

克服 hak-fuk: to
overcome

係

黑

克

係

係

黑

黑

克

克

253

- 恨 hân: to hate; resent; crave
- 恨錢 hân ts'In': avaricious
- 悔恨 foot-hân: remorse; regret
- 懷恨 waai hân: cherish hate

255

- 行 hāng (hāng): to walk; to do; act
- 行 hāng: conduct
- 行 hōng: (hōng): a business firm
- 行李 hāng-lai: baggage
- 行禮 hāng-lai: to salute
- 品行 pán-hāng: conduct character
- 洋行 yeung hōng: foreign firm

257

- 哈 hap (ha): sound of laughter
- 哈哈大笑 ha-ha tsai siu: hearty of laughter
- 哈爾濱 Hap-I-pan: Harbin

恨

行

哈

恨

行

哈

254

- 肯 hāng: willing; will
- 肯唔肯 hāng-m-hāng: willing or not
- 首肯 shau hāng: nod affirmatively
- 允肯 yun-hāng: to permit

256

- 幸 hāng: fortunate; lucky
- 不幸 pat-hāng: misfortunate
- 幸運 hāng-wan: lucky

258

- 恰 hap (hop): timely fitting; exact; to close
- 恰好 hap h6: just fit just right
- 恰眼晴 hap ngan-fan: to doze

肯

幸

恰

肯

幸

恰

259

瞎 hât: blind
瞎眼 hât ngâk: blind

261

喉 hâu: the throat
喉嚨 hâu-lung: the gullet
喉急 hâu-kap: impatient; hasty
水喉 shui-hâu: water pipe
白喉 paak-hâu: Diphtheria

263

厚 hâu (hau): thick; rich; sincere; honest
厚薄 hâu-pók: thickness
厚面皮 hâu mîn-p'ei: shameless; brazenfaced
厚待 hâu toi: to treat kindly or cordially

瞎

喉

厚

瞎

瞎

喉

喉

厚

厚

260

口 hâu: mouth; port hole (Cl. kôh)
人口 yân-hâu: population
海口 hoi-hâu: port
生口 shaang-hâu: cattle in general
口才 hâu-ts'oi: eloquence

262

後 hâu: after; behind (time or place)
後日 hâu-yât: day after to-morrow
後來 hâu-loi: afterward
後生 hâu-shang: young; a youth
然後 in-hâu: & then; next; therefore

264

候 hâu: to wait; a period of time
時候 shi-hâu: time
等候 tang-hâu: wait for
問候 mîn-hâu: inquire after; to give one's regard

口

後

候

口

口

後

後

候

候

265

欺 hei: to deceive; cheat; oppress

欺騙 hei-p'in: to cheat; deceive

欺人 hei yān: to impose upon or on other; to deceive

267

稀 hei: few; far apart; watery

稀疏 hei-shū: wide apart

稀稀地 hei-hei-tei: sparsely; watery

269

起 hei: to rise; raise; begin; from

起手 hei-shǎu: to begin; to start

起身 hei shān: arise to get up

起貨 hei fù: to unload cargo

欺

稀

起

欺

欺

稀

稀

起

起

266

希 hei: to hope; rare

希望 hei-mōng: to hope for

希罕 hei-hón: rare

希奇 hei-k'eī: curious; strange

268

喜 hei: to rejoice; be happy; joy

喜歡 hei-foon: like; pleased;

喜事 hei-sā: joyful event or ceremony

恭喜 kung-hei: to congratulate; congratulation

270

氣 hei: air; gas; temper

空氣 hung-hei: air

氣候 hei-hau: climate temperature

氣力 hei-lík: strength

斷氣 t'uán hei: to die

希

希

希

喜

喜

喜

氣

氣

氣

271

- 器 hei: dish; implement; ability
- 器具 hei-kuí: tools; utensils
- 器皿 hei-míng: vessel; small articles of use
- 器械 hei-haai: instruments; equipment
- 小器 siú hei: petty narrow minded

器

器

器

273

- 戲 hei: to jest; make sport of theatrical performance
- 戲弄 hei-lúng: make sport of; make fun of
- 戲院 hei-yeán: theatre
- 戲臺 hei-t'oi: a stage

戲

戲

戲

戲

戲

275

- 鄉 heung: village; countryside
- 鄉村 heung-ts'uen: the country
- 鄉下 heung-hâ: rural native place; village
- 鄉民 heung mán: villagers
- 家鄉 ka-heung: home; native village

鄉

鄉

鄉

鄉

272

- 汽 hei: gas; steam
- 汽車 hei-ch'ê: automobile
- 汽油 hei-yaü: gasoline
- 汽水 hei-shuí: soda-water; soda-pop

汽

汽

汽

274

- 輕 heung: light weight
- 輕 hing: (lit. pro.)
- 輕輕 heung-heung-t'ei: lightly; gently
- 輕易 hing-í: easy
- 輕浮 hing-fau: superficial; frivolous

輕

輕

輕

276

- 香 heung: fragrance; aroma
- 香味 heung heí: fragrance; aroma
- 香水 heung-shuí: perfume
- 香烟 heung-in: cigarettes

香

香

香

277

- 鄉音 héung: a sound; noise; noisy
- 好響 hó héung: sonorous; very loud
- 響應 héung-ying: an echo; to respond
- 響亮 héung-leung: loud; clear-sounding

279

- 向 héung: from; facing; towards
- 方向 fong-héung: direction
- 向來 héung-loi: hitherto
- 向北 héung pak: facing north

281

- 欠 hin: to owe; deficient
- 欠錢 hin ts'in: owe money
- 欠債 hin chaai: in debt
- 欠缺 hin-k'uet: deficiency; lack of

鄉音

响

向

欠

鄉音

鄉音

向

向

欠

欠

278

- 享 héung: to enjoy; to receive
- 享福 héung fuk: to enjoy happiness
- 享受 héung-shau: to enjoy; receive

280

- 險 hin: dangerous; risky
- 保險 pó-hin: insurance
- 危險 ngai-hin: dangerous

282

- 牽 hin: to pull; connect
- 牽牛 hin ngau: to lead cattle
- 牽連 hin-lin: to implicate
- 牽氣 hin-hei: gasping for air

享

享

享

險

險

險

牽

牽

牽

283

顯 *hin*: to make manifest; display

顯出 *hin-ch'ut*: become manifest; to show

顯然 *hin-in*: evidently; apparently

顯微鏡 *in-mei-kang*: microscope

285

兄 *hing*: elder brother; senior

兄弟 *hing-tai*: brethren

家兄 *ka-hing*: my elder brother

令兄 *ling-hing*: your elder brother

堂兄弟 *t'ung hing-tai*: cousins of the same surname

287

慶 *hing*: celebrate; congratulate; joyful; happy

慶祝 *hing-chuk*: to celebrate

慶賀 *hing-ho*: to congratulate

顯

顯

兄

慶

庆

顯

兄

慶

284

獻 *hin*: to present; offer

奉獻 *fung-hin*: to offer up; consecrate to

獻禮 *hin lai*: offer presents

286

興 *hing*: to rise; raise; to prosper; to begin

興 *hing*: to rejoice; excite; joyful

好興 *ho hing*: much in vogue

興工 *hing kung*: to start working

高興 *ko-hing*: glad
hing-ts'ui: interest

288

協 *hip*: mutual help to agree

協力 *hip-lik*: to cooperate

協約 *hip-yeuk*: treaty agreement

獻

興

兴

興

協

协

獻

興

協

献

献

兴

协

289

- 歇 hit: to stop; rest
- 不歇 pat hit: incessantly
- 歇息 hit-sik: to rest to pause
- 歇一陣 hit yat-chân: rest a while

291

- 好 hō: to love; to be fond of
- 好 hō: good; right very
- 好彩 hō-ts'oi: fortunately
- 好處 hō ch'ue: merit; advantage
- 好學 hō hōk: fond of study

293

- 可 hōh: can; may; possible; to merit
- 可以 hōh-ī: can; possible
- 可靠 hōh-k'au: reliable
- 可憐 hōh-līn: pitiful
- 可惜 hōh-sik: it is a pity

歇

好

可

歇

好

可

歇

好

可

290

- 曉 hiú: to understand; know; daybreak
- 曉得 hiú-tak: understand
- 破曉 p'ò-hiú: day break; dawn

292

- 號 hō: a name; designation; mark number; signal day of month
- 號 hō: lit. to cry
- 號碼 hō-má: number
- 暗號 àn-hō: password
- 記號 k'ei-hō: distinguishing mark

294

- 河 hō: a river; canal
- 運河 yün-hō: a canal; grand canal
- 河流 hō-lai: river's course

曉

號

号

河

曉

號

河

曉

號

号

河

295

- 何 hōh: how; what; why?
- 何苦 hōh-fóo: why take the trouble
- 何必 hōh-pit: why bother
- 何況 hōh-fóng: furthermore

297

- 開 hoi: to open; begin; enumerate
- 開張 hoi-chung: to open a shop
- 開身 hoi-shan: to set sail
- 開工 hoi kung: to begin work
- 開會 hoi ooi: to hold a meeting

299

- 害 hoi: to wound; injure; detriment
- 害處 hoi ch'ue: evils; bad points
- 有害 yau hoi: harmful detrimental
- 損害 suén-hoi: damage; injuries

何

開

害

何

開

害

何

開

害

296

- 賀 hōh: to congratulate
- 賀壽 hōh-shau: birthday congratulation
- 賀禮 hōh-lai: congratulatory present
- 恭賀 kung-hōh: to congratulate

298

- 海 hoi: the sea; waters
- 海島 hoi-tó: an island
- 海洋 hoi-yung: the ocean
- 海軍 hoi-kwan: navy
- 海關 hoi-kwan: customs house

300

- 學 hōk: to learn; study; imitate
- 學校 hōk-haag: school; academy
- 學生 hōk-shang: student
- 學費 hōk fai: tuition
- 學問 hōk-mán: knowledge

賀

海

學

學

賀

海

學

賀

海

學

學

301

- 含 hōm: to hold; cherish; hold in the mouth
- 包含 paa-hōm: to contain; enclosed in
- 含怒 hōm nō: to cherish anger
- 含笑 hōm siū: to hold a laugh in the mouth i.e. to smile

含

含

含

302

- 看 hōn: to look at; view; examine
- 看 hōn: to watch
- 看戲 hōn hsi: to see a play
- 看書 hōn shue: to read books
- 看護 hōn-ōō: a nurse
- 看守 hōn-shau: to guard

看

看

看

303

- 漢 hōn: name of a dynasty of China a man
- 漢人 hōn yān: the Chinese
- 漢文 hōn wān: Chinese
- 好漢 hó hōn: a brave man
- 大漢 taai hōn: a man

漢

漢

漢

304

- 寒 hōn: cold; freezing; humble; poor
- 寒冷 hōn laǎng: cold
- 寒帶 hōn taai: frigid zone
- 寒暑表 hōn-shue-piu: thermometer

寒

寒

寒

305

- 旱 hōn: dry; drought
- 天旱 t'in hōn: drought
- 旱災 hōn tsai: distress from drought

旱

旱

旱

306

- 汗 hōn: perspiration sweat
- 出汗 ch'ut hōn: to perspire
- 流汗 lau hōn: to sweat; perspire

汗

汗

汗

307

- 康 hong: prosperity
peace
- 康健 hong-kín: hale;
healthy; strong
- 康年 hong nín: a
fruitful year
- 康熙 Hong-hei: Em-
peror Kang-
hi (1662-1723)

309

- 航 hōng: to navigate
sail
- 航海 hōng-hoi: sailing
navigation
- 航空 hōng-hung: avia-
tion
- 航業 hōng íp: ship-
ping business

311

- 項 hōng: a sort;
nape of neck;
kind; item
- 各項 kòk hōng: var-
ious item
- 款項 foon-hōng: sum
of money;
money

康

航

項

康
康

航
航

項
項

308

- 筵 hong: an open
basket; a
couch
- 竹筵 chuk hong: bam-
boo basket
- 筵床 hong-ch'ōng: a
square couch

310

- 巷 hōng: a small
street; alley;
lane
- 巷口 hōng-hái: entran-
ce to a lane
- 冷巷 laang-hōng: pass-
ageway; corridor

312

- 合 hōp: to agree
with; match
together
- 合同 hōp-t'ūng: a
contract
- 合用 hōp-yung: useful
- 合作 hōp-taák: cooper-
ation
- 合格 hōp-kaák: eligi-
ble; pass the
exam

筵

巷

合

筵
筵

巷
巷

合
合

313

渴 hòt: to thirst; long for
 頸渴 kóng-hòt: thirsty
 解渴 kaai-hòt: to quench thirst
 渴望 hòt-móng: to desire something eagerly; to long for

315

圈 huen: a circle; ring; to encircle
 畫圈 waák huen: to draw circles
 圓圈 uēn-huen: a circle

317

血 huèt: blood
 血管 huèt-koón: blood vessels
 血脈 huèt-mák: the pulse
 血統 huèt-t'úng: blood relation

渴

卷

血

渴

圈

血

渴

圈

血

314

喝 hòt: to call out; bawl
 喝住 hòt-chuê: call to stop
 喝彩 hòt-ta'oi: to applaud; acclamation

316

勸 huèn: to advise; exhort
 勸導 huèn-tá: to advise; counsel
 勸告 huèn-kò: advice; to advise; admonish
 勸人 huèn yān: to give advice to some body

318

虛 hui: empty; void; vain
 虛弱 hui-yeók: weak
 空虛 hung-hui: empty
 虛驚 hui-king: false terror
 虛傳 hui-ch'uēn: rumor

喝

勸

勸

虛

喝

勸

虛

喝

勸

虛

319

- 許 huí: to promise; permit
- 許可 huí-hóh: to permit; sanction
- 許久 huí-kaú: a long time
- 許多 huí-toh: very many
- 許願 huí uên: make a vow

321

- 哭 huk: to weep; wail; cry; lament
- 啼哭 t'ai-huk: wailing and weeping

323

- 兇 hung: violent; malevolent; savage
- 兇惡 hung-òk: wicked; malignant
- 兇手 hung-shau: the murderer
- 兇猛 hung-mang: fierce

許

哭

兇

許

许

哭

哭

兇

兇

320

- 去 huì: to go; go away; depart
- 去世 huì-shai: to die pass away
- 去年 huì-nin: last year
- 過去 kwòh-huì: past; to pass
- 去街 huì kai: to go out

322

- 空 hung: empty; void vain
- 空中 hung-chung: the space; in the air
- 空虛 hung-hui: empty
- 空閒 hung-haân: at leisure; unoccupied

324

- 胸 hung: the breast; thorax
- 胸膛 hung-t'ong: the chest
- 胸懷 hung-wai: bosom
- 胸骨 hung-kwat: breast bone

去

空

胸

去

去

空

空

胸

胸

胸

325

- 恐 húng: to fear; alarm; doubt
- 恐怕 húng-p'à: probably; perhaps
- 恐慌 húng-fong: panic dread; crisis
- 恐嚇 húng-haak: to terrify; intimidate
- 恐怖 húng-pò: frightened

恐

恐

327

- 紅 hūng: red; ruddy; popular
- 花紅 fa-hūng: a reward; scarlet color
- 紅茶 hūng-ch'ā: black tea
- 紅利 hūng-leī: bonus or dividend
- 紅木 hūng-mik: red wood

紅

紅

329

- 依 i: in accord with to rely on
- 依靠 i-k'asù: to rely upon
- 依期 i-k'eī: punctual
- 依然 i-īn: as usual; as before

依

依

326

- 孔 húng: an opening; an aperture; a hole
- 孔道 húng-tô: a thoroughfare
- 孔教 Hūng-k'ai: Confucianism
- 孔夫子 Hūng-foo-tsí: Confucius
- 毛孔 mō-húng: pores of the skin

孔

孔

328

- 雄 hūng: male; martial
- 雄壯 hūng-chōng: strong sturdy
- 此雄 ts'z hūng: male and female of animal
- 英雄 ying-hūng: hero

雄

雄

330

- 衣 i: clothes
- 衣服 i-fúk: clothing
- 內衣 noi-i: underwear
- 睡衣 shuí-i: pajamas
- 衣架 i-ká: clothes hangers

衣

衣

331

- 醫 i: to cure; to treat
- 醫生 i-shaang: physician
- 醫院 i-uên: hospital
- 行醫 haang i: to practise medicine
- 獸醫 shau-i: a veterinary

333

- 而 i: and; and yet; still
- 而且 i-ch'6: also; besides; moreover
- 而家 i-ka: right now at present

335

- 移 i: to remove; to transmit
- 移開 i hoi: to move away
- 移民 i-man: immigrants
- 移交 i-kaau: to transfer a position

醫

医

而

移

醫

而

移

醫

而

移

332

- 意 i: thought; will; motive; purpose
- 意思 i-sz: idea; thought
- 故意 koò-i: intentionally
- 同意 t'ung-i: agreement; agree
- 注意 chue-i: attentive "Notice"

334

- 疑 i: to doubt; suspect; doubtful
- 思疑 sz-i: to doubt; suspect
- 無疑 mō-i: without doubt; certain
- 懷疑 waal-i: to harbor suspicion; to doubt

336

- 宜 i: suitable; reasonable; natural
- 合宜 hōp-i: suitable; fit; proper
- 相宜 seung-i: cheap reasonable in price
- 適宜 shik-i: suitable

意

疑

宜

意

疑

宜

意

疑

宜

337

兒 i: infant; a male child

嬰兒 ying-i: infant

小兒 siú-i: my son

兒童 i-t'üng: child-
ren

339

以 i: to cause; to use

所以 shóh-i: therefore

以前 i-ts'in: formerly

以後 i-hau: afterwards

以為 i-wai: presume;
(I) thought...

以上 i-sheung: above

341

耳 i: the ear

耳仔 i-tsaí: the ear

耳聾 i-lung: deaf

兒

兒

兒

以

以

以

耳

耳

耳

338

姨 i: maternal aunt
(i) sister-in-law

姨母 i-mó: elder maternal aunt

姨媽 i-ma: elder maternal aunt

姨丈 i-cheung: husband
of maternal aunt姨表 i-piú: maternal
first cousins

340

已 i: finished; complete

已經 i-king: already;
past time不得已 pat-tak-i: com-
pelled

342

議 i: to deliberate;
discuss; judge會議 ooí-i: meeting
for discussion;
to hold a con-
ference提議 t'ai-i: to pro-
pose for discus-
sion議院 i-uên*: parlia-
ment

姨

姨

姨

已

已

已

議

議

議

343

- 二 *î*: numeral two; second
- 第二 *taî-î*: second; the next
- 第二日 *taî-î yât*: the next day
- 二等 *î-táng*: second class

二

二

式 貳 二

345

- 異 *î*: foreign; strange; different
- 奇異 *k'eî-î*: curious; wonderful; strange
- 詫異 *ch'â-î*: surprised
- 異國 *î-kwók*: foreign country

異

異

異

347

- 厭 *im*: to dislike; tire of; bored
- 討厭 *t'ô-im*: disgusting; disgusted
- 厭煩 *im-faân*: troublesome
- 百厭 *paak-im*: mischievous
- 有厭足 *mó im-tsuk*: insatiate; greedy

厭

厭

厭

344

- 義 *î*: meaning; sense righteous
- 主義 *chmé-î*: principle
- 義子 *î-tsá*: adopted son
- 義務 *î-ab*: obligation
- 三民主義 *San-mán chmé-î*: "the three principles of people" by Sun Yat Sen

義

義

義

346

- 易 *î*: easy
- 易 *yík*: to change; modify; barter
- 容易 *yūng-î*: easy
- 輕易 *hing-î*: easy; lightly; hardly

易

易

易

348

- 鹽 *im*: salt
- 生鹽 *shang im*: raw salt
- 熟鹽 *shúk im*: prepared salt
- 瀉鹽 *sè-im*: epsom salt

鹽

鹽

鹽

鹽

349

- 嚴 im: strict; firm; stern; majestic
- 嚴禁 im-kám: strictly forbidden
- 嚴責 im-cheák: to punish severely
- 嚴肅 im-suk: grave; austere; serious

351

- 染 im: to infect; dye; infection
- 傳染 ch'uân-im: to spread(disease)
- 染布 im pò: to dye cloth
- 染病 im pêng: catch disease
- 傳染病 ch'uân-im pêng: contagious disease

353

- 烟 in: smoke; tobacco
- 烟道 in-t'ung: chimney
- 烟仔 in-tsaí: cigarettes
- 食烟 shik in: to smoke

嚴 嚴

嚴

染 染

染

烟 烟

煙 烟

350

- 女嫌 im: to object to; dislike; be weary of
- 嫌疑 im-í: to suspect
- 女嫌棄 im-heí: despise
- 嫌疑犯 im-í-faân: a suspect

352

- 驗 im: to fulfill; investigate; assay
- 試驗 shí-im: examination; experiment
- 經驗 king-im: experience

354

- 演 in: to practise; extend; lead on
- 演講 in-kóng: to speak
- 演說 in-shuét: public speech
- 演戲 in heí: to perform a play

嫌 嫌

嫌

驗 驗

驗

演 演

演

355

然 in: thus, so; yes;
but

當然 tong-in: of course

雖然 sui-in: although;
though

天然 t'in-in: natural;
innate

357

延 in: slow; protract
ed; to invite

延遲 in-ch'ī: slow; to
delay

延長 in-ts'ēng: to
prolong; extend

延期 in-k'eī: post-
pone

359

現 in: to manifest;
appear

現在 in-tsci: at pre-
sent

現銀 in-n'ēn: ready
money; cash

現象 in-tseūng: pheno-
mena

現狀 in-chōng: present
condition or
state

然



然

延



延

現



現

356

言 in: words; to
speak

言語 in-uē: language
words

宣言 sun-in: declara-
tion

言論 in-lūn: speech;
expression of
ideas

358

研 in: to grind; to
powder

研究 in-kau: to exam-
ine; to investi-
gate; to study
thoroughly; to
do a research

360

葉 ip: leaf of tree;
or book

樹葉 shuē ip: tree
leaves

茶葉 ch'ā-ip: tea
leaves

言



言

研



研

葉



葉

361

- 業 ip: property; trade
- 職業 chik-ip: profession
- 畢業 pat ip: graduation
- 商業 sheung-ip: commerce
- 業主 ip-chué: owner of property

363

- 腰 iu: loins; waist; kidney; isthmus
- 腰骨 iu-kwat: backbone

365

- 搖 iū: to shake; move; agitate
- 搖船 iū shuēn: to row a boat
- 搖動 iū-tūng: to shake; oscillate
- 搖擺 iū-pai: swaggering
- 招搖 chiu-iū: trouble making; show off

業

腰

搖

業

腰

搖

362

- 熱 it: hot; heat; burning
- 天熱 t'in-it: hot weather; summer time
- 發熱 faät it: fever
- 熱心 it-sam: zealous devoted

364

- 要 iù: to want; need important; must
- 要 iù: to seek for
- 緊要 kán-iù: important
- 要點 iù-tím: keynote; essential point
- 要求 iu-k'au: to demand; to seek for

366

- 謠 iū: rumors
- 謠言 iū-īn: rumors
- 謠傳 iū-ch'uēn: rumors; false reports

熱

热

要

謠

熱

要

謠

367

繞 iü: to surround;
to wind round

環繞 wán-iü: to sur-
round

369

家 ka: household;
family; profession
professional man

家人 ka-yán: family

大家 taaí-ka: all of us

專家 chuen-ka: special-
ists

外交家 ngcí-kaau ka: di-
plomatist

371

稼 ká: to sow grain;
(ka) agricultural
work

稼穡 ká-shik: farming;
sowing and reap-
ing

稼穡艱難 ká-shik kaan-naán:
the toils of a
farmer's life

繞

家

稼

繞

繞

家

家

稼

稼

368

加 ka: to add to;
increase; promo-
te

加多 ka-toh: to add
more

加數 ka-shò: addition

加工 ka kung: extra
work

增加 tsang-ka: to in-
crease

370

假 ká: false; to pre-
tend; to borrow

假 ká: leave of ab-
sence

假造 ká-tsò: to forge;
to counterfeit

假座 ká-tsòh: borrow
place for meeting

放假 fòng ká: to grand
holidays

372

價 ká: price; value

價錢 ká-ts'in: the
price

價值 ká-chik: value

市價 shí-ká: market
price

減價 kaám ká: reduced
price; sale

加

假

價

加

加

假

假

價

價

373

- 嫁 kà: marry a husband
- 嫁女 kà nuí: marry off a daughter
- 嫁粧 kà-cheng: trousseau; dowry
- 出嫁 ch'ut kà: girl's marriage
- 嫁禍 kà-wôh: to bring evil upon

嫁

嫁

女

嫁

375

- 街 kaai: thoroughfare; street
- 出街 ch'ut kaai: to go out
- 行街 hēng kaai: to stroll about
- 街市 kaai-shí: market

街

街

街

街

377

- 解 kaai: to loosen; explain; to release
- 解開 kaai-hoi: untie
- 解明 kaai-ming: explain clearly
- 解釋 kaai-shik: explain; interpret
- 解散 kaai-saán: disperse; disband

解

解

解

解

374

- 架 kà: a frame; staging
- 十字架 shâp-tsê-kà: the Cross
- 架設 kà-ch'it: to set up
- 書架 shue-kà: book case

架

架

架

架

376

- 階 kaai: step; a rank stairs, a class
- 階級 kaai-k'ap: step; an official grade class

階

階

階

階

378

- 界 kaai: region; boundary
- 世界 shai-kaai: the world
- 女界 nuí-kaai: the female; women; woman's world
- 界限 kaai-haân: limit boundary
- 邊界 pin-kaai: boundaries

界

界

界

界

379

- 戒 kaai: to warn; caution; to abstain
- 戒酒 kaai tsaú: abstain from spirit or wine
- 戒煙 kaai in: give up smoking
- 戒嚴 kaai-im: curfew
- 戒指 kaai-chí: ring (finger)

戒

戒

381

- 隔 kaek: to separate a partition
- 隔離 kaek-leí: neighboring; to isolate
- 隔日 kaek yát: every other day
- 隔別 kaek-pít: separated a person
- 間隔 kaín-kaek: partition

隔

隔

383

- 格 kaek: model; pattern
- 資格 tsz-kaek: qualification; ability
- 性格 sing-kaek: character; temperament
- 格式 kaek-shik: pattern; model; example

格

格

380

- 介 kaai: intermediary; excellent; great
- 介紹 kaai-á: to introduce

介

介

382

- 革 kaek: to remove, change
- 革命 kaek-míng: revolution
- 革職 kaek chik: to remove from office or position
- 革除 kaek-ch'üé: to get rid of; to expel
- 改革 koi-kaek: to change

革

革

384

- 監 kaam: prison; to superintend
- 監獄 kaam-yük: a prison
- 監犯 kaam-faán: a convict, prisoner
- 監禁 kaam-kám: to imprison
- 監督 kaam-tuk: supervisor; to super-

監

監

385

- 減 kaám: to diminish; lessen; subtract
- 減少 kaám-shiú: to diminish
- 減數 kaám-shò: subtraction
- 減輕 kaám-heng: relieve; to mitigate

387

- 艱 kaan: difficult; hardship; calamity
- 艱難 kaan-naán: difficult; distressing
- 艱險 kaan-hím: difficult and dangerous

389

- 簡 kaán: to abridge; rude; simple
- 簡單 kaán-taan: simple plain
- 簡畧 kaán-leúk: abridge
- 簡明 kaán-míng: terse and clear

減

減

減 減

艱

艱

艱

艱

簡

簡

簡

386

- 間 kaan: separate; between; within Cl. for rooms; house
- 間 kaan: to partition
- 中間 chung-kaan: middle; center
- 忽然間 fat-in-kaan: suddenly
- 間尺 kaan-ch'èk: a ruler

388

- 奸 kaan: false; deceitful
- 奸猾 kaan-waát: deceitful; crafty; cunning
- 奸細 kaan-sai: a spy; traitor
- 奸狡 kaan-kaáu: cunning; villainous crafty

390

- 耕 kaang: to plow; till; cultivate
- 耕田 kaang t'in: to plough the fields; farming
- 耕種 kaang-chung: to plow & sow; agriculture

間

間

間 間

奸

奸

奸

耕

耕

耕

391

更 kaang: to change; (kang) alter

更 kang: more; still; again

更改 kang-koi: to change; reform

更正 kang-ching: to correct

更好 kang-ho: better still

更 更

393

甲 kaap: scales; finger nails armor; a certain person

指甲 chi-kaap: finger nails

鉄甲 t'it-kaap: an ironclad

某甲 mau-kaap: a certain man

甲 甲

395

膠 kaau: glue; to adhere to

膠水 kaau-shui: glue; mucilage

膠擦 kaau-ts'aat: rubber eraser

樹膠 shue-kaau: rubber

膠 膠

392

夾 kaap: to press together; to squeeze

夾埋 kaap-maai: to put or press together

夾萬 kaap-maân: a safe

夾衣 kaap-i: guilty clothing

夾帶 kaap-taai: carry secretly

夾 夾

394

交 kaau: to deliver to; friendship; acquaintance

交代 kaau-toi: hand over to a successor

交易 kaau-yik: trade

打交 tá kaau: to fight

交通 kaau-t'ung: communication

交 交

396

攪 kaau: to mix; disturb; excite

攪擾 kaau-iú: to disturb; to trouble

攪混 kaau-wân: to stir to mix

攪亂 kaau-luên: to throw into disorder

攪 攪

397

- 教 kaaü: to teach; doctrine; religious system
- 教訓 kaaü-fàn: to instruct; lesson
- 教書 kaaü shue: to teach school
- 教員 kaaü-uên: a teacher
- 天主教 t'in-chue-kaaü: Roman Catholic

教

教
教

399

- 靠 k'aaü: to lean on; trust in
- 倚靠 í-k'aaü: to depend or rely on
- 靠害 k'aaü-hoi: to betray; to get another into trouble
- 靠得住 k'aaü-tak-chue: trustworthy

靠

靠
非
靠

401

- 計 kai: to calculate; plan
- 計數 kai shò: to reckon up; count
- 計劃 kai-waák: plans to plan
- 中計 chung kai: fall into a trap
- 會計 cci-kai: accounting

計

計
計

398

- 較 kaaü: to compare; adjust
- 比較 pei-kaaü: compare with
- 較好 kaaü-hó: to adjust better
- 較快 kaaü-faai: to increase the speed; faster

較

較
較

400

- 鷄 kai: the fowl; chickens
- 火鷄 fòh-kai: turkey
- 山鷄 shaan-kai: pheasant
- 田鷄 t'in-kai: frog

鷄

鷄
雞
鷄

402

- 繼 kai: to follow in line; hereditary continue
- 繼續 kai-tsúk: succeeding; succession
- 繼業 kai-íp: to follow or inherit father's profession
- 繼父 kai-fo: step father

繼

繼
繼
繼

403

啟 k'ai: to open; reveal; start

啟行 k'ai-hāng: to start; set out

啟事 k'ai-sî: a notice

啟者 k'ai-ché: "I wish to say that..."

405

金 kam: gold; money; precious

足金 tsuk-kam: pure gold

千金 ts'in-kam: "Your daughter"

金幣 kam-pai: gold currency

407

斤 kan: a catty, equivalent to 1 1/3 pound; 16 ounces

一斤 yat kan: one catty

斤兩 kan-leung: the weight of a thing

啟

啟

啟

啟

金

金

金

斤

斤

斤

斤

404

今 kam: the present time; now

今日 kan-yât: today

今年 kam-nin: this year

今生 kam-sheang: this life

至今 chi-kam: until now

406

禁 kām: to restrain; forbid, against

禁止 kām-chí: to prohibit; forbid

禁地 kām-teí: "closed" grounds

違禁 wai-kām: to break a regulation; to offend against contraband regulation

408

跟 kan: to follow; imitate

跟踪 kan-tsung: to trace one

跟隨 kan-ts'ui: to follow

跟住 kan-chuê: to follow; to imitate

今

今

今

禁

禁

禁

跟

跟

跟

409

- 巾 kan: a cloth, towel, napkin
- 手巾 shaú-kan: handkerchief, face towel
- 毛巾 mō-kan: towel.
- 頸巾 kéng-kan: a scarf.

411

- 筋 kan: sinews; muscles
- 筋肉 kan-yúk: muscles
- 抽筋 ch'au kan: spasms of muscles

413

- 僅 kân: barely; hardly
- 僅僅 kân-kân kàu: barely enough
- 僅可 kân-hóh: barely suffice; nothing to spare

巾

巾

巾

筋

筋

筋

僅

僅

僅

410

- 根 kan: root; origin
- 根底 kan-tái: foundation.
- 根據 kan-kuí: based upon.
- 根本 kan-poón: actually; in truth.

412

- 緊 kân: important; urgent; firm.
- 緊要 kân-iú: necessary; important.
- 緊急 kân-kap: very urgent.
- 揸緊 cha kân: holding it or to hold firmly.

414

- 近 kân: adjoining; near (in time or place)
- 近日 kân yát: recently.
- 近世 kân snài: modern age.
- 附近 foó-kân: vicinity. tseung kan: about to.
- 將近 cheung-kân: very close; intimate.

根

根

根

緊

緊

緊

緊

近

近

近

415

勤 kân: laborious; diligent.

勤力 kân-lîk: diligent; industrious.

勤學 kân hōk: to study diligently.

勤儉 kân-kîm: industrious and thrifty.

勤

勤 勤

417

給 k'ap: to put on (as a seal); affix; to give.

給印 k'ap yân: to stamp with seal

供給 kung-k'âp: to support (living); to supply.

給

給 給

419

吸 k'ap: to attract; to inhale.

吸力 k'ap-lîk: attracting force.

吸引 k'ap-yân: to draw; to attract.

呼吸 foo-k'ap: to breathe; respiration

吸收 k'ap-shau: to absorb.

吸

吸 吸

416

急 kap: quick; haste; urgent; anxious.

心急 san-kap: in a flutter; anxious.

性急 sîng-kap: impatient.

急症 kap chîng: acute or virulent disease.

急用 kap yîng: urgently needed.

急

急 急

418

級 k'ap: steps (stairs etc.); grades of rank.

階級 k'ai-k'ap: rank

初級 ch'oh k'ap: elementary.

石級 shêk-k'ap: stone steps.

級

級 級

420

及 k'âp: to conjunction; and; to reach; to attain; concerning.

不及 pat k'âp: not as good as; not equal to.

及格 k'âp-kaâk: up to standard.

累及 lûi k'âp: to involve others.

及

及 及

421

吉 kat: fortunate; lucky.
 大吉 taai kat: very lucky.
 吉日 kat yat: lucky day
 吉林 kat-lām: Kirin

423

狗 kaú: dog
 獵狗 lip kaú: Hunting dog
 癩狗 tin kaú: mad dog
 海狗 hoi-kaú: the seal

425

救 kaù: to save; help.
 救命 kaù mēng: to save life; save! help!
 救火 kaù foh: to fight fire.
 救急 kaù kap: to succor in emergency; emergency aid.
 救主 kaù-chué: The Saviour.

吉

狗

救

吉

狗

救

吉

狗

救

422

九 kaú: the numeral nine.
 九龍 kaú-lūng: Kowloon

424

久 kaú: a long time
 久而久之 kaú-pat-kaú: now and then
 長久 cheūng-kaú: forever
 好久 hó kaú: a good while

426

够 kaù: enough; plenty.
 够力 kaù lik: sufficient strength.
 够用 kaù ying: sufficient use
 足够 tsuk-kaù: sufficient; enough.

九

久

够

九

久

够

玖

九

久

夠

够

427

- 究 kaù: to investigate.
 研究 in-kaù: to inquire into; to study thoroughly; to do a research.
 追究 tsui-kaù: to follow up; to investigate.
 究竟 kaù-king: actually; in truth.

究

究

429

- 溝 k'au: ditch; drain.
 溝渠 k'au-k'ūi: a drain; sewer.
 水渠 shuí-k'au: ditch; drain.

溝

溝

431

- 求 k'aū: to ask; beg; entreat; seek.
 祈求 kēi-k'aū: to pray.
 求學 k'aū hōk: to seek learning.
 求婚 k'aū fan: to propose, to woo.
 求人 k'aū yān: to ask a person for help.

求

求

428

- 舊 kaū: old; former; ancient.
 舊時 kaū-shī: formerly; ancient times.
 舊年 kaū-nīn: last year.
 舊式 kaū-shik: old fashioned.
 照舊 chiu-kaū: as formerly.
 殘舊 ts'aān-kaū: rotten; shabby.

舊

舊

430

- 扣 k'au: to knock; deduct; a discount; to buckle; a buckle.
 扣除 k'au ch'ūē: to deduct.
 折扣 chit-k'au: a discount.
 扣留 k'au-laū: to detain.
 扣紐 k'au nau: to button.

扣

扣

432

- 球 k'aū: ball; sphere; round gem.
 網球 mōng-k'aū: tennis.
 足球 tsuk-k'aū: soccer.
 籃球 laām-k'aū: basketball.
 賽球 ts'oi k'aū: a match.
 地球 tēi-k'aū: the earth.
 氣球 hēi-k'aū: the balloon.

球

球

433

嘅 kè: sign of possessive; qualifying particle.

我嘅 ngòh kè: mine.

邊個嘅 pin kòh kè: whose?

435

機 kei: spring; moving power; opportunity.

機器 kei-hei: a machine; machinery.

飛機 fei-kei: aeroplane.

機會 kei-oi: an opportunity.

心機 sam-kei: attentiveness; interest; patience.

機密 kei-mat: secret; confidential.

437

基 kei: foundation; base.

基礎 kei-ch'òh: foundation; basis.

基督 kei-tuk: Christ.

基本 kei-poón: basic; fundamental.

嘅

機

机

基

嘅

嘅

機

機

基

基

434

騎 k'è: to ride astride of.

騎馬 k'è ma: to ride a horse.

騎兵 k'è-ping: cavalry.

436

饑 kei: dearth; hunger; famine.

饑餓 kei-ngòh: to suffer hunger.

饑荒 kei-fong: famine.

438

己 kei: one's self.

自己 tsz-kei: one's self.

知己 chi-kei: good friends; close friends.

騎

饑

飢

己

騎

騎

饑

饑

己

己

439

幾 kei: how many? how? a few; several.

幾時 kei-shī: when?

幾個 kei kòh: several.

幾多 kei-toh: how many?

第幾 tai-kei: which (of them)? what number?

幾

几

441

記 kei: to remember; recollect; to note down.

記號 kei-hò: a mark; a sign; trademark.

記性 kei-sing: memory.

忘記 mōng-kei: forget.

書記 shue-kei: secretary.
yât kei: a diary.

記

443

寄 kei: to send; to dispatch; to lodge.

寄信 kei sùn: to send or mail a letter.

寄託 kei-t'òk: to entrust.

寄宿舍 kei-shuk shè: dormitory.

寄生 kei-shaang: parasitic.

寄

幾

記

寄

440

紀 kei: a record; to narrate; age.

年紀 nīn-kei: a person's age.

紀念日 kei-nīm-yât: anniversary; memorial day.

紀念品 kei-nīm-pán: souvenir; remembrance.

紀錄 kei-lûk: to record; a record.

世紀 shaí-kei: century.

紀

442

既 kei: already; since.

既然 kei-lín: since; seeing that; whereas.

既

444

技 kei: dexterous; skillful.

技能 kei-nāng: talent; ability; skill.

絕技 tsuêt kei: extraordinary skill.

技

紀

既

技

紀

既

既

技

445

奇 k'eī: odd; strange; extraordinary; mysterious.

出奇 ch'ut-k'eī: unusual; strange.

奇怪 k'eī-kwaai: strange; curious.

稀奇 hei-k'eī: rare; few.

好奇 hō-k'eī: inquisitive; curious.

奇

奇

447

旗 k'eī: a flag; banner.

國旗 kwōk-k'eī: national flag.

升旗 shing k'eī: to hoist the flag.

旗

旗

449

劇 k'êk: more; very; troublesome; a stage play.

白話劇 paak-wá-k'êk: a play in colloquial.

劇烈 k'êk-lit: severe; fierce.

喜劇 hei-k'êk: comedy.

悲劇 pei-k'êk: tragedy.

劇

劇

446

期 k'eī: an appointed time; a period.

日期 yat-k'eī: a fixed date.

時期 shī-k'eī: period.

期限 k'eī-haân: time limit.

滿期 moon k'eī: the time is up.

過期 kwòh k'eī: to pass the time limit.

假期 kà-k'eī: vacation period.

期

期

448

其 k'eī: a demonstrative & possessive pronoun; his; her; its; this; that.

其餘 k'eī-uē: the rest of them; as to the rest.

其中 k'eī-chung: among them; therein.

其實 k'eī-shât: in point of fact; in truth; actually

其

其

450

脚 keuk: the feet; legs.

脚趾 keuk-chí: toes.

脚板 keuk-paân: sole of the foot.

跛脚 pai keuk: lame; crippled.

脚

脚

451

強 k'eūng: to force; to compel.

勉強 mīn-k'eūng: against one's will; to force.

強迫 k'eūng-pik: to coerce; to force.

強 k'eūng: strong; violent.

強壯 k'eūng-chòng: strong and healthy.

強盛 k'eūng-shing: powerful (of country)

強

強

強

強

453

擊 kik: to strike; attack.

攻擊 kung-kik: to attack an enemy.

目擊 mūk-kik: to witness with one's own eyes.

擊斃 kik p'ai: a violent death.

擊

擊

擊

455

檢 kím: to examine; label.

檢查 kím-ch'ā: to search; to examine (e.g. baggage)

檢點 kím-tím: neatness; orderly, (habit, conduct, etc)

重

檢

檢

檢

452

激 kik: to provoke; arouse; excite.

激怒 kik nau: to provoke; exasperate.

激烈 kik-lit: vehement; radical; violent.

感激 kám-kik: deeply grateful.

激動 kik-tung: to excite; to rouse up.

激

激

激

454

極 kik: the extreme; utmost; superlative degree.

北極 pak-kik: North Pole.

極力 kik-lík: with all one's strength.

極端 kik-tuen: extremity.

消極 siu-kik: negative; listless; spiritless.

積極 tsik-kik: positive; energetic.

極

極

極

456

儉 kím: economical; frugal.

節儉 tsit-kím: thrifty; frugal.

勤儉 k'ān-kím: industrious and thrifty.

儉

儉

儉

457

- 堅 kin: strong; stable; firm.
- 堅固 kin-kòd: strong; stable.
- 堅持 kin-ch'ī: persistent tenacious.
- 堅決 kin-k'uet: firm; determined.

459

- 見 kìn: to see; to observe; to perceive.
- 聽見 t'eng kìn: to hear.
- 唔見 w-kìn: not seen; lost.
- 意見 i-kìn: opinion.
- 見禮 kìn lai: to salute.

461

- 件 kìn: an item; (for clothing, business, things in general)
- 一件物 yat kìn māt: one thing.
- 一件事 yat kìn s̄: an affair.
- 條件 t'iu-kìn: item (of documents, etc) or requirement.
- 案件 òn-kìn: a court case.

堅

堅

堅

見

見

見

件

件

件

458

- 肩 kin: shoulder; to sustain.
- 肩膀 kin-pòk: the shoulder.
- 肩背 kin pool: back of shoulders.

460

- 建 kìn: to establish; to build.
- 建築 kin-chuk: to construct; to build.
- 建設 kin-ch'it: to establish.
- 建築學 kin-chuk-hòk: science of architecture.

462

- 健 kìn: strong; vigorous; robust.
- 康健 hong-kìn: healthy.
- 壯健 chòng-kìn: healthy; robust.
- 健忘 kin-mòng: habitually forgetful.

肩

肩

肩

建

建

建

健

健

健

463

- 經 king: to pass through or by; a classic.
- 經過 king-kwòh: to pass through or by; to undergo.
- 經手 king-sháu: handled by.
- 經理 king-leí: to manage; manager.
- 經驗 king-im: experience.
- 經濟 king-tsal: economics.
- 聖經 shing-king: The Bible.
- 經書 king-shue: Ch classic

經 經

經

經

465

- 驚 king: to terrify; to frighten; to alarm.
- 驚慌 king-fong: frightened.
- 驚奇 king-k'eī: unbelievable.

驚

驚

驚

467

- 境 king: a boundary; district; region; place.
- 境界 king-kaai: boundary; frontier.
- 境地 king-teí: territory.
- 越境 uet king: to cross the boundary.

境

境

境

464

- 京 king: a high peak; Capital City.
- 京都 king-to: capital; metropolis.
- 京炭 king t'aàn: charcoal.

京

京

京

466

- 警 king: to warn; to caution.
- 警察 king-ch'aat: police.
- 警戒 king-kaai: to admonish.
- 警醒 king sing: to awaken; to exhort.
- 警報 king-pò: (air raid) siren.

警

警

警

警

468

- 竟 king: finally; after all.
- 究竟 kau-king: actually; in truth.

竟

竟

竟

469

景 kíng: scenery; view; prospect; sight.

風景 fung-kíng: scenery; landscape.

景緻 kíng-chì: view; scenery.

景况 kíng-fòng: prospects; circumstances.

471

勁 kíng: strong.

勁敵 kíng tik: well matched foe.

對勁 tui kíng: well matched.

473

潔 kit: to purify; to clean; pure; pure.

潔淨 kit-tsing: clean; tidy.

清潔 tsing-kit: clear & clean; well-kept (ground)

純潔 shūn-kit: pure; upright.

景

勁

勁

潔

景

景

勁

勁

潔

潔

470

敬 kíng: to honor; to revere.

敬重 kíng-chung: to respect highly.

敬贈 kíng tsang: to respect with respects.

尊敬 chuen-kíng: to show deference to.

472

競 kíng: to compete; quarrel.

競爭 kíng-chaang: to compete.

競走 kíng tsaú: foot race.

474

結 kit: to connect; to ally; to produce (as fruit); to tie; to congeal.

結果 kit-kwón: outcome; effect; result.

結束 kit-ch'uk: to wind up; close.

結婚 kit-fan: to marry; marriage.

結局 kit-kúk: conclusion; end.

敬

競

結

敬

敬

競

競

結

結

475

叫 kiù: to call; to call out; style.

叫做 kiù tsò: it is called.

叫醒 kiù séng: to awaken one.

叫門 kiù moōn: to knock at the door.

叫叫 foo kiù: to shout.

叫

叫

叫

477

高 ko: tall; lofty; eminent.

高等 ko táng: a high degree.

高尚 ko-sheŋg: high principled; magnanimous.

高興 ko-hing: pleased; to take pleasure in; joy-

高貴 ko-kwai: high class.

高

高

高

479

稿 kò: rough draft; printer's copy; proof; s-talks of grain.

原稿 uēn kò: original copy.

草稿 ts'ò-kò: a rough draft.

起稿 héi kò: to draw up a rough draft.

稿

稿

稿

476

橋 k'iū: a bridge; cross beam.

過橋 kwòh k'iū: to cross a bridge.

吊橋 tiū-k'iū: suspension bridge.

橋墩 k'iū-tán: bridge piers.

橋

桥

橋

桥

478

糕 ko: kind of cake; pastry; dumplings; custard.

雞蛋糕 kai-táan-ko: egg sponge cake.

鬆糕 sung-ko: a kind of steamed pastry.

糕

糕

糕

糕

480

告 kò: to announce; to complain; to accuse.

控告 hùng-kò: to bring suit.

廣告 kwóng-kò: advertisement.

告假 kò-ká: ask for leave of absence.

告別 kò-pít: to say good-bye; farewell.

告

告

告

koh

481 - 486

koi

481

哥 koh: an elder brother.

亞哥 à-koh: elder brother.

大哥 taai-koh: eldest brother.

483

個 kòh: that.

個個 kòh kòh: that one.

個個人 kòh kòh yān: that person.

485

該 koi: ought; right; altogether; the said.

唔該 w-koi: thank you (for your trouble).

不該 pat-koi: ought not; not proper.

應該 yang-koi: should; ought.

哥

哥

個

個

个

該

該

该

個

個

個

482

歌 koh: song; to sing; to chant.

唱歌 ch'eung koh: to sing songs.

歌劇 koh-k'èk: opera.

歌詩 koh-shi: ode

484

個 kòh: a person; thing.

一個人 yat kòh yān: a person.

個個 kòh kòh: that one.

個個 kòh kòh: all; every one.

486

改 koi: to change; to alter; amend.

改過 koi kwòh: to mend one's ways; to repent.

改善 koi-shān, or koi-leung: to reform; to improve.

改變 koi-pin: to change; to alter.

改期 koi k'ei: postpone.

歌

歌

哥

個

個

箇

個

個

个 改

改

改

487

- 蓋 k'oi: to cover; to hide.
- 蓋 koi: a cover; screen; in fact; hence.
- 蓋起 k'oi hei: to put on or cover.
- 眼蓋 ngaan-koi: eyelids.
- 蓋印 k'oi yan: to affix; to seal; to stamp.

蓋 蓋

蓋

蓋

489

- 各 kòk: all; every; each.
- 各種 kòk chùng: every kind.
- 各人 kòk yān: every person; each one.
- 各國 kòk kwòk: every country; each nation.
- 各方面 kòk fong-mān: from every view points; all sides.

各 各

各

各

491

- 覺 kòk: to perceive; to feel; to understand.
- 知覺 chi-kòk: to perceive; consciousness.
- 覺悟 kòk-ng: aware of the wrong which was done in the past.
- 覺得 kòk-tak: to feel (cold or pain).

覺 覺

覺

覺

488

- 概 k'oi: the whole; altogether; in general.
- 大概 taai-k'oi: probably; on the whole.
- 一概 yat-k'oi: altogether; entirely.
- 概論 k'oi-lun: general outlines; sketch.

概 概

概

概

490

- 角 kòk: a corner; horn of an animal; a coin.
- 角鬪 kòk-tau: to wrestle.
- 口角 hau-kòk: to quarrel.
- 三角 saam-kòk: a triangle.
- 一角 yat kòk: a ten cents piece.

角 角

角

角

492

- 確 k'òk: really; surely; very.
- 確實 k'òk-shat: certain; assuredly.
- 的確 tik-k'òk: surely; certainly.
- 確証 k'òk ching: certain proof.

確 確

確

確

493

- 甘 kōm: sweet; pleasant; seasonable.
- 甘香 kōm-heung: delicious flavor.
- 甘甜 kōm-t'ím: sweet.
- 甘心 kōm-sam: voluntarily.
- 甘油 kōm-yaū: glycerine.

甘

甘

甘

495

- 感 kóm: to influence; affect; move.
- 感激 kóm-kík: deeply grateful.
- 感動 kóm-túng: deeply moved.
- 感覺 kóm-kòk: sensation.
- 感情 kóm-ts'ing: emotion; feeling.

感

感

感

497

- 乾 kōn: to clean; dry.
- 乾淨 kōn-tséng: clean.
- 乾爽 kōn-shóng: dry; airy.
- 乾糧 kōn-leūng: dry provisions.
- 餅干 péng-kōn: biscuits; crackers.
- 晒干 shaai kōn: to dry in sun.

乾

乾

干

乾 乾 乾

494

- 敢 kóm: to presume upon; dare.
- 唔敢 m-kóm: I dare not.
- 唔敢當 m-kóm-tóng: I am not worthy of such compliments.
- 點敢 t'ím-kóm: how would I dare?

敢

敢

敢

496

- 干 kōn: to concern; a shield.
- 干涉 kōn-shíp: to interfere; to have a hand in.
- 干連 kōn-līn: to implicate; to involve.
- 若干 yeūk-kōn: how many? an indefinite number.

干

干

干

498

- 趕 kón: to drive out; to eject; to expel; to pursue.
- 趕緊 kón-kán: pressing; hurry up.
- 趕上 kón-sheung: to catch up to.
- 趕車 kón ch'è: to catch a train, car, etc.
- 趕走 kón-tsau: to drive away.

趕

趕

趕

趕

499

稈 kón: stubble; s-traw.

禾稈 wōh-kón: rice s-traw.

掃稈 sò kón: a straw broom.

稈

稈
稈

501

缸 kóng: pottery; jar.

缸瓦 kóng-ngá: earthen-ware.

水缸 shuǐ kóng: a water jar.

缸

缸
缸

503

剛 kóng: hard; firm; just; exactly.

剛強 kóng-k'eūng: strong.

剛啱 kóng-ngaa: just a while ago; just; exactly.

剛才 kóng-ts'oi: just now.

剛直 kóng-chik: upright; straight-forward.

剛

剛

剛
剛

500

幹 kón: ability; s-kill; business.

能幹 nāng-kón: capable; talented.

才幹 ts'oi-kón: ability; talent.

事幹 sē-kón: an affair; a matter.

幹

幹
幹

502

江 kóng: river.

江口 kóng-há: mouth of the river.

江山 kóng-shaan: rivers and hills; the empire.

外江人 ngoi-kóng-yān: a person from the distant land.

揚子江 yeung-tsé-kóng: Yangtze River.

江西 kóng-sai: Kiangsi Province.

江蘇 kóng-sū: Kiangsu Province.

江

江
江

504

講 kóng: to talk; to explain; to discuss.

講話 kóng wá: to talk; to speak.

講笑 kóng siú: to joke.

講妥 kóng t'oi: agreement reached.

講究 kóng-kau: particular.

講

講
講

505

港 kóng (or k'óng):
port; harbor;
anchorage.

港口 kóng-háú: harbor.

入港 yáp kóng: enter the
harbor.

香港 heung-kóng: Hong
Kong.

港

港

港

507

鋼 kóng: steel; hard.

純鋼 shūn kóng: pure
steel.

鋼筆 kóng-pat: pen.

鋼

鋼

鋼

509

姑 koo: indulgent;
father's sis-
ter; husband's
sister.

姑娘 koo-neūng: miss;
young lady;
a nun (catho-
lic)

師姑 sz-koo: a nun
姑念 koo-nim: indul-
gent towards.

姑母 koo-mó: paternal
aunt.

鋼 姑

姑

姑

506

降 kóng (or hōng): to
descend; come
down from heav-
en; to condes-
cend.

降級 kóng káp: to degrade.

升降機 shing-kóng-kei: e-
levator.

降臨 kóng-lām: advent;
coming.

降雨 kóng uē: to rain.

降

降

降

508

抗 k'òng: to withs-
tand; to op-
pose.

抵抗 tái-k'òng: to op-
pose; to re-
sist.

反抗 faán-k'òng: to re-
bel; to turn
against.

抗議 k'òng-í: to protest;
to object to.

抗

抗

抗

510

古 koó: ancient; for-
merly; old.

古時 koó-sní: ancient
times.

古人 koó-yān: the anc-
ients.

古文 koó-mān: ancient
classics

古代 koó-toi: ancient
times; past
ages.

古

古

古

511

估 koó: to guess; to think; to estimate.

估中 koó-chung: to guess right.

估價 kóo-kà: to appraise.

估

估

估

513

鼓 koó: a drum; to drum up; to excite.

打鼓 tá koó: to beat a drum.

鼓手 kóo shaú: a drummer.

鼓勵 kóo-lái: to stimulate; to encourage.

鼓掌 kóo cheung: to clap the hands; to applaud.

鼓

鼓

鼓

515

固 koó: strong; stable; firm; certainly.

堅固 kin-koó: lasting; strong; firm.

固執 kóo-chap: obstinate; stubborn.

固然 kóo-in: certainly; of course.

固

固

固

512

股 koó: thighs; rump; leg; share of stock.

股份 kóo-fán: a share.

股東 kóo-tung: shareholder

紅股 hūng-koó: bonus

股

股

股

股

514

故 kóo: to cause; to make; purposely; old; to die.

故此 kóo-ts'í: therefore

何故 hōh-kóo: why

故意 kóo-ì: purposely.

故事 kóo-sí: a story; a legend.

身故 shan kóo: dead; deceased.

故

故

故

516

顧 kóo: to look after; upon; take care of; regard.

照顧 chiú-kóo: to look after; to care for; to patronize.

顧問 kóo-mán: to advise; an adviser.

主顧 chué-kóo: a customer.

顧客 kóo-hàk: a customer

顧

顧

顧

517

- 雇 koò: to hire; to rent; to borrow.
- 雇用 koò yung: to hire (servant)
- 雇賃 koò-yám: to rent; to lease.

519

- 觀 koon: to look; to view.
- 觀念 koon-nim: ideas; thoughts; impressions.
- 悲觀 pei-koon: pessimism.
- 樂觀 lôk-koon: optimism.
- 觀察 koon-ch'aat: to observe; to study.

521

- 館 koón: inn; hall; school.
- 書館 shue-koón: school.
- 酒館 tsáu-koón: restaurant.
- 旅館 lui-koón: hotel; inn.

雇

觀

覓

館

館

雇

觀

館

僱

雇

觀

館

館

518

- 官 koon: officer; official.
- 官長 koon-cheung: officials; ruler.
- 文官 mán-koon: civil official
- 升官 shing koon: to be promoted.
- 法官 faat-koon: a judge.

520

- 管 koón: to oversee; to look; to look after; a tube.
- 管理 koón-leí: to govern; to manage.
- 管束 koón-ch'uk: to restrain.
- 管轄 koón-hát: to control; to rule over.
- 氣管 heí-koón: the wind-pipe.
- 毛管 mō-koón: pores of the skin.

522

- 割 kòt: to cut; to injure; to inflict.
- 割開 kòt hoi: to cut open.
- 割地 kòt teí: to cede territory.
- 割傷 kòt seung: to cut & hurt (by the knife etc.).

官

官

管

管

割

官

管

割

官

管

割

523

捐 kuen: to contribute

捐助 kuen-cnôh: to contribute.

捐錢 kuen ts'In: to donate money.

525

權 k'uên: authority; power.

權力 k'uên-lík: power; influence.

版權 paán k'uên: copyright.

權利 k'uên-leí: rights & privileges

選舉權 suén-kuí k'uên: right to vote.

527

決 k'uêt: to decide; certainly.

決意 k'uêt-ì: to determine; to decide.

決定 k'uêt-tîng: same as k'uêt i

決心 k'uêt-san: decision; determination

決戰 k'uêt cnîn: decisive battle.

捐

權

杈

決

捐

捐

權

杈

決

決

524

捲 kuén: to roll up.

捲埋 kuén maai: to roll up.

捲髮 kuén faät: curly hair.

526

缺 k'uêt: broken; maimed; defective.

缺少 k'uêt-shíu: lacking; to lack of.

缺乏 k'uêt-fât: deficit; run short of.

缺席 k'uêt tsêk: absence (from meeting, trial, etc.)

空缺 hung-k'uêt: a vacant position.

528

居 kui: to dwell; to inhabit; a dwelling.

居住 kui-chuê: to reside.

居民 ku-mân: inhabitant

寄居 kèi kui: to board.

捲

缺

居

捲

捲

缺

缺

居

居

529

舉 kuí: to raise; to elevate; all; the whole.

舉薦 kuí-tsìn: to recommend.

舉動 kuí-túng: behavior; actions.

舉手 kuí shǎu: to raise the hands.

舉行 kuí-hāng: to put into operation.

舉

舉

據

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區

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舉

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區

舉

舉

據

區

530

句 kuí: sentence; phrase.

一句話 yat-kuí-wá: one sentence.

成句 shīng kuí: a complete sentence.

串句 ch'uèn kuí or 作句 tsòk kuí : to make up sentence with words given.

句

532

具 kuí: implements; utensils; to arrange; to prepare.

器具 heì-kuí: an instrument.

文具 mǎn-kuí: stationery.

具

534

佢 k'ui: third person pronoun; he; she; it.

佢嘅 k'ui kè: his; hers; theirs.

佢哋 k'ui-tei: they.

佢

句

具

佢

句

具

佢

535
 拒 k'ui: to resist; to oppose; to refuse; to reject.
 拒絕 k'ui-tsuét: to refuse; to reject.
 拒敵 k'ui t'ik: to resist an enemy.

537
 曲 k'uk: crooked; bent; perverse; song.
 屈曲 wat-k'uk: to bend; crooked.
 彎曲 waan-k'uk: a bend; crooked.
 唱曲 ch'èng k'uk: to sing ditties; songs.
 曲尺 k'uk-ch'èk: carpenter's square; automatic pistol.

539
 公 kung: just; right; public; male (of animals); gentleman; sir.
 公平 kung-p'ing: just; fair.
 公路 kung-lò: public road.
 公園 kung uèn: public park.
 公共 kung-kung: public; the public.
 公眾 kung-c'ung: belonging to the public.

拒

曲

公

拒 曲 公
 拒 曲 公

536
 局 k'uk: shop; establishment; game.
 郵政局 yau-ch'ing-k'uk: a post office.
 分局 fan k'uk: a branch office.
 時局 sh'ī-k'uk: the present situation.
 結局 k'it-k'uk: the end; the conclusion.

538
 工 kung: work.
 工作 kung-tsòk: work.
 夜工 yê kung: night work.
 罷工 p'â-kung: to strike (labor strike).
 工業 kung-îp: industry.

540
 功 kung: merit; rank; meritorious.
 功勞 kung-lò: merit.
 功課 kung-fò: school work.
 成功 sh'ing-kung: successful.
 用功 yung-kung: energetic; diligent.

局

工

功

局 工 功
 局 工 功

541

攻 kung: to strike; to attack; to assault.

攻打 kung tá: to attack (in battle).

攻擊 kung-kik: to attack (in word or deed)

反攻 faán-kung: to counter-attack

543

共 kung: together; with; all.

共埋 kung maai: altogether.

共和 kung-wón: republic; federation.

共產主義 kung-ch'áan chué-í: communism.

共計 kung kai: total

545

瓜 kwa: melon; gourd.

黃瓜 wóng-kwa: cucumber.

西瓜 sai-kwa: watermelon.

腳瓜 keuk-kwa: calf of leg.

手瓜 shaú-kwa: forearm.

攻

共

瓜

攻

共

瓜

攻

共

瓜

542

供 kung: to contribute; to give evidence.

供認 kung-jing: to confess; to admit.

口供 nau-kung: a verbal deposition.

供給 kung-k'ap: to supply; to furnish.

544

窮 k'ung: poor; impoverished; destitute; exhausted.

窮人 k'ung-ján: a poor man; the poor.

報窮 pò k'ung: to plead bankruptcy.

窮途 k'ung t'ò: straitened circumstances.

546

掛 kwà or k'wa: to hang up; suspend; be in suspense; anxiety.

掛心 k wà-sam: anxious; worried.

掛住 k wà chué: to hang; to be anxious; to care.

掛號 k wà-hò: to register.
掛號信 k wà-hò sùn: registered letter.

供

窮

掛

供

窮

掛

供

窮

窮

掛

掛

kwaai

547 - 552

kwai

547

怪 kwaai: strange; weird; preternatural; to wonder; to blame one.

怪事 kwaai s2: strange event.

醜怪 ch'a6-kwaai: ugly looking.

難怪 naan-kwaai: not to be wondered at.

怪責 kwaai-chaak: to reprimand, to blame.

怪

549

慣 kwaan: accustomed to; habitual.

唔慣 m-kwaan: unaccustomed to; unskilled.

習慣 tsaap-kwaan: a habit; habitual.

慣用 kwaan yung: usage.

慣

551

鬼 kwai: disembodied spirit; devil; ghost.

魔鬼 moh-kwai: the devil; demon.

鬼鼠 kwai-shue: unopenly; sneaky.

鬼

怪

怪

慣

慣

鬼

鬼

548

關 kwaan: a bar; barrier; to bolt; to bar; serious; to involve.

海關 hai-kwaan: maritime customs.

稅關 shui-kwaan: customs service.

關係 kwaan-hai: connection; serious; important.

關心 kwaan-sam: concerned for.

關頭 kwaan-t'au: crucial stage.

關

關

550

歸 kwai: to return; to go home.

歸家 kwai ka: to return home.

歸國 kwai kwok: to return to one's native country.

歸天 kwai t'in: to die.

歸

归

關

關

關

歸

歸

貴

貴

552

貴 kwai: valuable; expensive.

貴姓 kwai sing: what is your surname?

貴幹 kwai kon: your business.

貴重 kwai-ning: to value highly; valuable.

富貴 fod-kwai: wealth and honor.

高貴 ko-kwai: high-born; high class.

553

季 kwai: season; quarter; young; last.

四季 sz kwai: the four seasons.

夏季 ha-kwai: summer.

每季 moo kwai: quarterly; every season.

555

規 kw'ai: rule; law; custom; usage; compasses.

規矩 kw'ai-kuí: manners; customs.

規則 kw'ai-tsak: regulations; rules of conduct.

規模 kw'ai-mō: plans; definite purpose.

557

軍 kwan: army; military.

軍隊 kwan-tui: a body of soldiers.

軍人 kwan-yān: soldier.

軍火 kwan-fōh: ammunition.

軍器 kwan hei: military implements; weapons.

季

季

規

規

軍

軍

554

櫃 kwai: wooden chest; cabinet; archives.

書櫃 shue-kwai: bookcase.

櫃桶 kwai-t'ung: a drawer.

雪櫃 suet-kwai: refrigerator.

556

虧 kw'ai: deficiency; loss.

虧欠 kw'ai him: in debt; arrears.

虧空 kw'ai-nung: to embezzle; deficit.

虧本 kw'ai poón: to lose in capital invested.

558

均 kwan: equal; uniform.

均分 kwan fan: to divide equally.

平均 p'ing-kwan: average; even.

櫃

櫃

櫃

櫃

櫃

虧

虧

虧

均

均

均

559

滾 kwán: to boil.

滾水 kwán shuí: boiling water.

滾熱辣 kwán-it-laát: boiling hot.

561

菌 kw'án: mushroom; fungus; mold.

地菌 tēi kw'án: mushroom.

微菌 mēi-kw'án: germs.

細菌 shài-kw'án: bacteria.

563

群 kw'án: flock; herd; crowd; multitude; to group.

群眾 kw'án-chùng: the multitude; the crowd.

群集 kw'án tsaáp: to gather together.

合群 hôp-kw'án: to unite; united.

滾

菌

群

滾

菌

群

滾

菌

羣

群

560

棍 kwàn: a stick; club; rod.

一條棍 yat t'iu kwàn: a stick; a cane.

光棍 kwong-kwàn: rascal.

棍徒 kwàn t'ò: ruffian; rowdy.

棍騙 kwàn-p'ìn: to cheat.

562

困 kw'án: weary; exhausted; to confine.

困難 kw'án-naán: difficult; obstacle.

困住 kw'án chuê: to confine; to restrain.

圍困 wai-kw'án: surrounded; besieged.

564

轟 kwang: to rumble; to roar; to crash; to bomb.

轟破 kwang p'òh: to blow to pieces.

轟擊 kwang-kik: to bombard.

棍

困

轟

棍

困

轟

棍

困

轟

565:

- 骨 kwat: the bone.
- 骨肉 kwat-yŭk: bone & flesh; close tie and blood.
- 骨節 kwat-tsŭt: joints.
- 駁骨 pòk kwat: to re-set the bones.
- 有腰骨 mǒ-iu-kwat: no backbone; unreliable.

骨

骨

567

- 顆 kw'òh: a kernel; cl of small things as pearls, etc.; also of trees.
- 一顆樹 yat kw'òh shué: one tree.

顆

顆

569

- 國 kwòk: nation; country; kingdom.
- 國家 kwòk-ka: the state; nation; national.
- 本國 pòon kwòk: one's own country.
- 外國 ngoi kwòk: foreign nation.
- 國籍 kwòk-tsŭk: nationality; citizenship.
- 國際 kwòk-tsai: international.

國

國

566

- 果 kwón: result; actual; fruit in general.
- 如果 wé-kwón: if; if really so.
- 若果 yeák-kwón: if; supposing.
- 因果 yan-kwón: cause & effect.
- 蘋果 pŭng-kwón: apple.

果

果

568

- 過 kwòh: to pass by; to pass over; finished.
- 過夜 kwòh yé: to pass the night.
- 過身 kwòh-shan: to pass away; to die.
- 過時 kwòh shŭ: late.
- 過期 kwòh k'eī: expired; after the time fixed.
- 改過 koi-kwòh: to reform; to amend.

過

過

570

- 光 kwong: light; bright; glory; naked; uncovered.
- 天光 t'in kwong: day break.
- 日光 yát-kwong: the sun; daylight.
- 光頭 kwong t'au: bald-head.
- 光明 kwong-ming: bright; clear; illuminous.

光

光

571

廣 kwóng: broad; enlarged.

廣告 kwóng-kò: advertisement.

廣銷 kwóng siu: a wide sale.

廣東 kwóng-tung: Kwang Tung Province.

廣州 kwóng-chou: Canton.

廣西 kwóng-sai: Kwangsi Province.

573

擴 kw'òng or k'òng: to expand; to extend.

擴充 kw'òng-ch'ung: to enlarge; to expand (business, school).

擴張 kw'òng-cheung: to spread; to enlarge (influence)

575:

瘡 kwooi: tired; weary.

見瘡 k'ín kwooi: to feel tired.

廣 疍 擴 拚 瘡 痊

廣 擴 瘡

疍 拚 痊

572

礦 kw'òng or k'òng: raw metal; ore; a mine.

石礦山 kw'òng shaan: a mountain of minerals.

礦工 kw'òng kung: a miner.

礦產 kw'òng ch'aan: mine product.

礦泉 kw'òng ts'uēn: mineral vein.

574

狂 kw'òng or k'òng: furious; mad; wild; rash.

癲狂 tin-kw'òng: insane.

發狂 faat-kw'òng: become delirious; to lose one's senses.

猖狂 ch'eung-kw'òng: outrageous; too bold.

576

啦 la: phonetic.

礦 研 狂 啦

礦 狂 啦

鑛 研 狂 啦

577

拉 laai: to draw; to pull; to drag; to move; to arrest.

拉手 laai shaú: to shake hands.

拉鋸 laai-kuí: to saw.

拉人 laai yān: to arrest.

拉薩 la-saät: Lhasa.

拉

拉

拉

579

藍 laām: blue; indigo.

藍色 laām shik: blue color.

藍靛 laām-tín: vegetable indigo.

藍

藍

藍

581

爛 laán: broken; torn; decayed; worthless; bad; bright; glittering.

打爛 tá laán: to break; to beat to a jelly.

爛仔 laán-tsai: rascal; hoodlum.

爛賤 laán-tsín: cheap; low.

爛

爛

爛

578

籃 laām: a large basket.

藤籃 t'āng laām: rattan basket.

花籃 fa-laām: basket for flowers.

籃

籃

籃

籃

580

懶 laán: lazy; reluctant.

懶惰 laán-tōh: lazy; slothful.

偷懶 t'au laán: to stay away from work; to shirk work.

懶

懶

懶

582:

冷 laäng: cold; chilly.

冷淡 laäng-taām: indifferent; dull.

冷笑 laäng siù: sneer; cynical laugh.

發冷 faät-laäng: to have a chill (malaria)

好冷 hó laäng: very cold (weather).

冷

冷

冷

583

辣 laät: pungent; hot; biting acrid.

苦辣 fo6-laät: bitter & sharp(hot).

辣手段 laät shau-tuên: cruel & harsh.

585

犁 laī: a plow; to plow.

犁田 laī t'īn: to plow.

犁耙 laī-p'ā: a harrow.

587

例 laī: law; regulation; rule; custom.

例外 laī-ngoī: exception.

違例 wai laī: to violate a rule.

例如 laī-mē: for example.

例假 laī-kà: the customary vacation.

辣

犁

例

辣

犁

例

辣

辣

犁

犁

例

584

黎 laī: to come; in order to.

出黎 ch'ut laī: to come out.

入黎 yāp laī: to come in.

586

禮 laī: ceremony; rite; worship; etiquette; conduct.

行禮 hāng laī: to perform ceremonies; to exchange courtesy.

禮物 laī-māt: present; gift.

禮拜堂 laī-paal-t'ōng: church or chapel.

有禮 yāu-laī: courteous; polite.

588

麗 laī: beautiful; elegant.

美麗 meī-laī: beautiful.

華麗 wā-laī: luxurious; ornamental.

秀麗 sau-laī: elegant; plain & quiet beauty.

高麗 ko-laī: Korea.

黎

禮

礼

麗

麗

黎

禮

麗

黎

礼

麗

589

臨 lām: to approach; about to; to regard.

臨時 lām-shī: temporary.

臨行 lām haāng: about to depart.

臨近 lām-kān: close to (time); near; impending.

臨急 lām-kap: in a hurry; in the last minute.

臨

臨

臨

591

立 lâp: to set up; to establish; perpendicular; immediately.

立刻 lâp-nak: at once; right away.

成立 shūng-lâp: to establish.

中立 chung-lâp: neutrality.

獨立 tūk-lâp: independent.

立

立

立

593

留 laū: to keep; to stay; to stop; to restrain; to leave behind.

留心 laū-sam: to pay attention; attentive.

留學 laū-hók: to go abroad to study.

留意 laū-ì: to be attentive; careful.

停留 t'ing-laū: to stop at; to put up at.

留

留

留

590

林 lām: a grove; a group of trees; etc.

樹林 shuē-lām: a forest.

森林 sam-lām: a big forest.

林

林

林

592

流 laū: to flow along; a current; spread about; scattered.

流血 laū nuèt: bleeding.

流淚 laū lui: to weep.

流利 laū-lei: fluent.

流域 laū-wik: river basin.

流行 laū-haāng: prevalent; spreading (disease); fashion-

流

流

流

594

樓 laū: a loft; a storey; a tower.

樓上 laū-sheung: upstairs.

樓梯 laū-t'ai: stairway.

騎樓 k'è-laū: veranoe.

樓

樓

樓

樓

595

離 lei: to leave; to separate.

離開 lei-hoi: to separate; to depart from.

離別 lei-pit: to part from.

離婚 lei fan: divorce.

離間 lei-kaan: to stir up ill feeling.

597

里 lei: Chinese mile (1,894.12 feet)

千里鏡 ts'in-lei-keng: a telescope.

鄰里 iün-lei: neighbor.

599

利 lei: gain; interest; sharp; nurtful.

利息 lei-sik: interest.

利益 lei-yik: advantage; benefit.

利便 lei-pin: convenient; handy.

利用 lei-yung: to make use of; to take advantage of.

離

里

利

離

離

里

里

利

利

596

理 lei: to govern; to manage; right; principle.

打理 tá-lei: to manage.

管理 koon-lei: to govern; to manage.

合理 nóp-lei: reasonable.

理由 lei-yañ: reason.

理想 lei-seung: ideal.

598

李 lei: plum; a very common surname.

李仔 lei tsai: plum.

600

略 leük: a few; little; in general.

大略 taaf-leük: generally; an outline.

略略 leük-leük: somewhat; in general; a little.

理

李

略

理

理

李

李

略

畧

畧

601

糧 leung: provisions, ration, taxes, in kind.

出糧 cn'ut-leung: to pay wages.

糧食 leung shik: provisions.

絕糧 tsuat leung: food supplies cut off.

603

涼 leung: cool; fresh; cold; cooling; coldly.

涼爽 leung-shong: airy.

乘涼 shing leung: to take an airing.

天氣涼 'in-hei leung: weather is cool.

605

兩 leung: two; a pair double.

兩便 leung pin: both sides; the two parties.

兩方面 leung fong-mán: both sides of a matter.

兩可 leung-nón: alternative; optional.

糧

涼

兩

糧

涼

兩

糧

糧

涼

涼

兩

兩

602

良 leung: virtuous; excellent; good.

良心 leung-sam: conscience.

改良 koi-leung: to reform; to improve.

良善 leung-shin: kind; good; virtuous.

良友 leung yau: a good friend.

604

梁 leung: beam; ridge.

屋梁 uk-leung: ridge pole of a house.

橋梁 k'iu-leung: a bridge beam.

鼻梁 pei-leung: bridge of the nose.

606

亮 leung: clear; bright; transparent.

光亮 kwong-leung: bright; illuminated.

響亮 heung-leung: clear and loud (voice and music etc.)

良

梁

亮

良

梁

亮

良

梁

梁

亮

607

量 leung: capacity; to judge; to estimate.

力量 lix-leung: strength; ability.

量力 leung-lix: to weigh one's strength or ability.

大量 taaf-leung: broad minded; generous.

量

量

量

609

歷 lix: almanac; calendar; to pass over; experience.

舊曆 kaif-lix: Lunar calendar.

陰曆 yan-lix: Lunar calendar.

新曆 san-lix: solar calendar.

歷史 lix-sá: history.

歷

歷

曆 歷 歷

611

臉 lix: face; reputation.

臉

臉

臉

608

力 lix: strength; force.

出力 en'ut lix: to exert oneself.

勤力 k'an-lix: industrious.

馬力 má-lix: horse power.

水力 shuí lix: water power.

力

力

力

610

鎌 lix: instrument for reaping.

鎌刀 lix-to: sickle.

鎌

鎌

鎌

鎌

612

憐 lix: to pity; to sympathize.

憐憫 lix-mán: to pity; to have compassion for.

可憐 hóh-lix: pitiful; to sympathize.

乞憐 hat lix: to ask for pity.

憐

憐

憐

613

連 lfn: including; connecting; successive.

連埋 lfn-maai: together with.

連氣 lfn-hei: continuously.

相連 seung-lfn: adjoining.

連續 lfn-tsúk: one after another; unbroken series of.

連

連

連

615

練 lfn: to train; to practise; skilled.

操練 t'so-lfn: to drill

練習 lfn-tsaâp: to practise; to train.

熟練 shúk-lfn: experienced; well trained.

練

練

練

617

鈴 ling: small bell.

門鈴 moon ling: door bell.

鈴

鈴

鈴

614

煉 lfn: to refine; to smelt.

煉鐵 lfn t'it: to smelt iron.

煉乳 lfn-ně: condensed milk.

煉

煉

煉

616

靈 ling: spirit; force; cleverness.

靈魂 ling-wân: the soul.

靈通 ling-t'ung: quickness of understanding.

靈機 ling-kei: clever contrivance.

靈敏 ling-mân: bright; keen; quick.

靈

靈

灵

618

領 ling: to receive; the collar.

領事館 ling-sz-koón: consulate.

總領事 tsung ling-sz: consul general.

領袖 ling-tsaû: a leader; chief.

領土 ling-t'6: territory; colony.

領

領

領

619

令 líng: to cause; to make; a command; your (polite address)

命令 mǐng-lìng: a command; order.

令人 líng yān: to make one (happy or angry etc.)

令郎 líng-lǒng: your son.

令媛 líng-yuàn: your daughter.

令

令

令

621

列 liè: to arrange; in order.

列入 liè-yá: include under; to reckon under.

陳列 ch'án-liè: to exhibit.

排列 p'ái-liè: to arrange in ranks.

列位 liè wǎi: gentlemen; every one (polite address)

列

列

列

623

了 liǎo: finished; very; to understand; mandarin sign of completed action.

了事 liǎo shì: the affair is finished.

了解 liǎo-kaái: to understand.

了得 liǎo-pat-tak: exceedingly; extremely.

了

了

了

620

另 líng: separate; distinct; alone.

另外 líng-ngoí: extra.

另加 líng ka: additional.

另自 líng tsz: by itself; apart.

另

另

另

622

烈 liè: blazing; fierce; virtuous; heroic.

烈火 liè foh: a blazing fire.

烈日 liè yát: the hot sun.

猛烈 máng-liè: fierce; violent.

忠烈 chung-liè: faithful; honest.

烈

烈

烈

624

料 liào: stuff; material; to calculate; to manage.

原料 yuán-liào: raw materials.

飲料 yán-liào: beverages.

料理 liào-lǐ: to manage; to control.

照料 zhào-liào: to look after; to take care of.

料

料

料

625

爐 15: stove; fire-place; furnace; grate.

火爐 f6h-16: a stove.

風爐 fung-16: small earthen stove.

香爐 heung-16: incense burner.

爐 炉

爐

炉

627

老 16: aged; venerable.

老豆 16-taü: father.

老母 16-mö: mother.

老公 16-kung: husband.

老婆 16-p'oh: wife.

老

老

老

629

路 16: a road; pathway.

一路 yat-16: all along.

路費 16 fai: travelling expenses.

問路 män 16: to ask the way.

公路 kung-16: a public road.

鐵路 t'it-16: railroad.

路

路

路

626

勞 16: toil; service; distress; to trouble.

勞苦 16-fö6: laborious.

勞動者 16-tung-ché: laborer.

勞神 16 shän: to weary; to require attention.

勞

勞

勞

628

露 16: dew; to reveal.

露出 16 ch'ut: to disclose.

露水 16-shuí: dew.

露天 16-t'in: under the open sky; open air.

暴露 p6-16: exposed to the open.

露

露

露

630

來 16: to come; to reach; to obtain; future.

後來 häü-loi: afterward.

本來 poón-loi: originally.

近來 kán-loi: recently.

來賓 loi-pän: guest.

來

來

來

來

631

落 16k: down; to go down; to fall; to put down; to begin.

落定 16k tēng: deposit. to pay part of the money first.

落力 16k-lík: to do with one's best.

落船 16k shuēn: to board ship.

落

落

落

633

浪 16ng: waves; billows; unrestrained.

風浪 fung-16ng: wind and waves.

浪子 16ng-tsí: a spend-thrift; a prodigal.

浪費 16ng-fái: to squander.

浪

浪

浪

635

亂 1uēn: confusion; rebellion.

心亂 sam-luēn: disturbed in mind; confused.

擾亂 iŭ-luēn: disturb; disorder; tumult.

作亂 tsòk-luēn: to rebel; to raise a disturbance.

亂

亂

亂

632

樂 16k: happy; gay.

樂 ng6k: music.

安樂 on-16k: comfort; ease; comfortable.

快樂 faai-16k: happy; happiness.

樂觀 16k koon: optimistic.

樂

樂

樂

634

聯 1uēn: to sew; a seam; united.

聯絡 1uēn-l6k: connection; mutual aid; cooperation.

聯合國 1uēn-h6p-ku6k: the United Nations.

聯盟 1uēn-māng: to form an alliance.

聯

聯

聯

636

劣 1uēt: inferior; poor; feeble.

惡劣 6k-luēt: very bad.

劣貨 1uēt f6h: inferior goods.

劣

劣

劣

637

- 雷 lui: thunder.
- 行雷 haing lui: to thunder.
- 雷電 lui-tin: thunder and lightning.
- 水雷 shui-lui: torpedo.
- 地雷 tei-lui: a mine. (weapon)

雷

雷

雷

639

- 裏 lui: inside; within.
- 裏頭 lui-t'au: the inside; within.
- 家裏 ka lui: at home; home.

裏

裏

裏

641

- 類 lui: class; race; category; sort.
- 人類 yan-lui: human beings.
- 畜類 ch'uk-lui: domestic animals.
- 種類 chung-lui: class; sort.

類

類

類

638

- 馬廬 lā: a donkey; ass.
- 馬廬子 lā-tsī: donkey; ass.

驢

驢

驢

640

- 旅 lui: to travel; travel.
- 旅客 lui haak: a traveler.
- 旅行 lui haing: travel; trip.
- 旅店 lui-tim: an inn; hotel.
- 旅費 lui fai: traveling expenses.

旅

旅

旅

642

- 累 lui: to involve; to embarrass; to accumulate.
- 連累 līn-lui: to involve some one.
- 受累 shau lui: implicated.
- 拖累 t'oh lui: to involve other.

累

累

累

643

淚 lui: tears; to cry.
 流淚 lau lui: to shed tears.
 含淚 hán lui: tears in one's eyes.
 眼淚 ngaán-lui: tear drops.

645

綠 lûk: green.
 綠豆 lûk-taũ: a species of small green pea.
 深綠 sham lûk: deep green.
 墨綠 mâk lûk: dark green.

647

鄰 lün: near to; neighboring.
 鄰近 lün-kân: near to; vicinity.
 鄰舍 lün-shè: neighbor.

淚

綠

鄰

淚

綠

鄰

泪

淚

綠

綠

隣

鄰

644

六 lûk: the numeral six.
 六畜 lûk ch'uk: the six domestic animals (horse, ox, goat, pig, dog, fowl)
 六甲 lûk-kaap: pregnancy.

646

陸 lûk: dry land.
 陸續 lûk-tsûk: continuous; in succession.
 陸軍 lûk-kwan: army.
 陸地 lûk-tei: land.
 大陸 taai-lûk: mainland; continent.

648

輪 lün: a wheel; to revolve; in turn.
 輪流 lün-laũ: to revolve; in turn; to take turn.
 車輪 ch'e-lün: a wheel.
 輪船 lün-shuên: a steamship.
 輪值 lün-chik: to take one's turn.

六

陸

輪

六

陸

輪

陸

六

陸

輪

649

論 lún: to discuss;
to reason; dis-
course; ism;
-ology.
辯論 pín-lún: debate.
爭論 chāng lún: to
dispute.
討論 t'ó-lún: to discuss.
論文 lún-mān: thesis.

論

論
論

651

律 lût: statute; law.
法律 faät-lût: the law;
code.
一律 yat-lût: uniformly;
without dis-
tinction.
律師 lût-sz: a lawyer.
刑律 ying lût: criminal
law.

律

律
律

653

媽 ma: mother; nurse.
媽媽 mā-ma: mother.
姑媽 koo-ma: paternal
aunt.
姨媽 i-ma: maternal aunt.

媽

媽
媽

650

弄 lûng: to toy with;
to mock; to
work with.
戲弄 hei-lûng: to make
fun of.
弄壞 lûng waai: to
spoil; to
wreck; to put
out of order.
弄璋 lûng-cheung: to bear
a son.
弄瓦 lûng-ngā: to bear
a daughter.

弄

弄
弄

652

唔 m̄: a negative; no;
not.
唔係 m̄-hai: no.
唔去 m̄-hui: do not go.

唔

唔
唔

654

嗎 m̄: interrogative
ending in the
sentence.
去街嗎 hui kai m̄: are
you going out?
嗎啡 ma-fe: morphine.

嗎

嗎
嗎

mā

655

- 麻 mā: hemp; linen.
- 麻雀 mā-tseŋk: sparrow.
- 麻木 mā-múk: numb without feeling.
- 麻醉 mā-tsuì: drugged; stupified.
- 麻煩 mā-faŋ: troublesome; inconvenience.

麻

麻 麻

656

- 馬 mā: horse.
- 馬房 mā fōng: stable.
- 馬力 mā-lík: horse power.
- 馬路 mā-lò: paved-road; highway.
- 馬上 mā-shéung: at once.
- 馬戲 mā-hèi: a circus.

馬

馬 马

657

- 罵 mā: to rail; to scold; to villify.
- 罵人 mā yān: to scold others.
- 大罵 taai mā: a bad scolding.

罵

罵 骂

658

- 埋 maai: with; beside; to conceal; to bury.
- 收埋 shau maai: to store; to put away; to hide.
- 埋沒 maai-mòt: hidden; in the background.
- 埋來 maai loí: to come close.
- 埋岸 maai ngón: (the boat) arrive at a pier.

埋

埋 埋

659

- 買 maai: to buy; to purchase.
- 買賣 maai-maai: to buy and sell; to trade.
- 買辦 maai-paán: comprador.
- 買手 maai-shau: commercial buyer.
- 買主 maai chue: the buyer; purchaser.

買

買 买

660

- 賣 maai: to sell; to betray.
- 賣出 maai ch'ut: to sell.
- 拍賣 p'aak-maai: to sell at an auction.
- 賣國 maai kwòk: to betray one's country.
- 非賣品 fei maai pán: "not for sale" article.

賣

賣 卖

661

- 晚 maân: late; evening.
- 晚黑 maân-haak: night; evening.
- 晚餐 maân-ts'aan: supper.
- 晚間 maân-kaan: during the night.

663

- 慢 maân: slow; dilatory; rude.
- 慢慢 maân-maân: slowly; at leisure; gradually.
- 太慢 t'ai maân: too slowly.
- 傲慢 ngô-maân: arrogant; disdainful.
- 懶慢 laân maân: slow and lazy.

665

- 襪 maât: stockings; hose.
- 布襪 pò maât: cotton stockings.
- 襪帶 maât taai: garter.
- 織襪 chik maât: to knit socks.

晚

慢

襪

袜

晚
晚

慢
慢

襪
袜

662

- 萬 maân: ten thousand; many; myriad.
- 百萬 paik-maân: a million.
- 萬物 maân mât: all things.
- 萬一 maân-yat: if by any chance.
- 夾萬 kaip-maân: a safe.

664

- 猛 maäng: savage; violent; fierce.
- 猛烈 maäng-lit: fiery; ferocious.
- 猛獸 maäng-shaù: wild animal.
- 猛力 maäng-lík: with all one's strength.

666

- 貓 maau: a cat.
- 野貓 yě maau: the wild cat.
- 貓兒 maau-i-t'aü-ying: the owl.

萬

万

猛

貓

萬
万

猛
猛

貓
猫

667

迷 māi: to deceive;
to bewitch; to
be possessed by.

迷信 māi-sùn: supersti-
tion.

昏迷 fan-māi: faint; un-
conscious.

迷惑 māi-waāk: to delude;
to infatuate.

迷

迷

669

墨 māk: ink; black.

墨水 māk-shuí: foreign
ink.

墨汁 māk-chap: native
liquid ink.

墨水筆 māk-shuí-pai: foun-
tain pen.

墨魚 māk-uē: cuttle
fish.

墨

墨

671

蚊 man: mosquito.

蚊帳 man-cheung: mos-
quito net.

蚊

蚊

668

米 māi: rice.

白米 pāk māi: ordinary
rice.

糯米 nōh-māi: glutin-
ous (sweet)
rice.

西米 sai-māi: tapioca.

米

米

670

麥 māk: bearded grain;
wheat.

大麥 taai-māk: barley.

小麥 siú-māk: rye.

麥粉 māk-fán: oatmeal.

麥

麥

672

文 mǎn: literature;
literary; ele-
gant; civil.

文法 mǎn-fǎt: grammar;
rule of compo-
sition.

唐文 t'ōng-mǎn: Chinese.

中文 chung-mǎn: Chinese.

古文 kóo-mǎn: classics.

文化 mǎn-fá: culture; ci-
vilization.

文

文

673

聞 mǎn: to hear; to smell; fame.

聽聞 t'eng-mǎn: to hear.

新聞 san-mǎn: news.

聞人 mǎn-yān: famous person.

675

問 mǎn: to ask; to inquire; to examine into.

問答 mǎn taáp: dialogue.

學問 hók-mǎn: knowledge; learning.

問題 mǎn-t'ái: a question; problem.

審問 shám mǎn: to try in court.

677

物 mât: things in general; articles.

物件 mât-kín: thing; article.

物主 mât chué: owner.

生物 shaang-mât: living thing.

食物 shík-mât: the eatable.

貨物 fòn mât: goods.

聞

問

物

聞

聞

問

問

物

物

674

民 mǎn: people; public.

平民 p'fng-mǎn: the common people.

民國 mǎn-kuók: a republic.

民衆 mǎn-chùng: the public; the crowd.

殖民地 chik-mǎn-tái: colony.

676

乜 mat, mi: what; something; any.

乜野 mat (or mi) yě?: what?

678

密 mât: thick; close; inner; hidden.

親密 ts'an-mât: intimate; very close.

密碼 mât-mǎ: a secret code.

機密 kei-mât: official secret.

秘密 pei-mât: secret.

民

乜

密

民

民

乜

乜

密

密

679

謀 mau: to plot; to plan.

謀生 mau-shaang: to seek a living.

謀反 mau faán: to plan rebellion; treason.

謀害 mau hoí: to deliberate injury.

陰謀 yam-mau: secret plot.

謀

謀

謀

681

畝 mau: Chinese acre. (6.10 mau=1 Eng acre)

一畝地 yat mau tef: an acre.

畝

畝

畝

683

美 mei: beautiful; excellent.
美麗 mei-lai: beautiful.

美人 mei yán: a beautiful woman.

美意 mei ì: excellent idea; kind intention.

美術家 mei-shùt ka: artist.

美國 mei-kwòk: USA.

美

美

美

美

680

某 mau: a certain one; such and such.

某人 mau yán: so-and-so.

某甲 mau kaáp: a certain person.

某日 mau yat: such-and-such day.

某處 mau ch'ue: a certain place.

某

某

某

682

眉 mei: eyebrow.

眼眉 ngaán-mei: eyebrow.

蛾眉月 ngòh-mei-uét: the crescent moon.

眉

眉

眉

684

尾 mei: the tail; end.

擺尾 paai mei: to wag the tail.

尾後 mei-hau: afterwards.

數尾 shù mei: balance left; unpaid balance.

尾

尾

尾

685

- 未 meī: not yet; not.
- 未曾 meī-ts'āng: not yet.
- 未定 meī tēng: undecided; not yet determined.
- 未必 meī-pit: perhaps not; not certain; not necessarily.

未

未

未

687

- 名 mēng: name; fame; reputation.
- 名字 mēng-tsŭ: name of person, shop, etc.
- 名片 mēng-p'īn: a visiting card.
- 出名 ch'ut-mēng: well known.
- 名譽 mēng-ue: reputation; honorary.

名

名

名

689

- 棉 mīn: cotton; cotton plant.
- 棉花 mīn-fa: cotton.
- 棉布 mīn pò: cotton cloth.
- 棉被 mīn peī: cotton quilt.

棉

棉

棉

686

- 味 meī: taste; flavor; smell.
- 味道 meī-tó: taste of a thing.
- 氣味 hēi-meī: odor; flavor.
- 海味 hoi-meī: marine delicacies.
- 趣味 ts'ui-meī: interest; interesting.

味

味

味

688

- 命 mēng: life or lot; luck; fate; command; decree.
- 生命 sheang-mēng: life; being.
- 長命 ch'eūng mēng: a long life
- 命運 mēng-wān: destiny; fate.
- 命令 mīng-līng: command; order.
- 算命 suèn mēng: to tell fortunes.

命

命

命

690

- 免 mīn: to avoid; to forgive; to excuse.
- 免致 mīn-chì: lest; in order to avoid.
- 免稅 mīn shuì: duty free.
- 免職 mīn chik: to dismiss from office.

免

免

免

691

面 mín: face; sur-
face; side.

面前 mín-ts'ín: in front
of; in presence
of.

對面 tuì-mín: opposite;
facing.

面積 mín-tsik: area.

面貌 mín-maaú: appear-
ance.

面

693

明 mīng: clear; plain;
bright.

明白 mīng-paák: plain;
to understand.

明日 mīng-yât: tomorrow.

明年 mīng-nín: next year.

明知 mīng-chí: clearly a-
ware.

明

695

苗 miū: sprout; des-
cendant; Miao
tribe.

禾苗 wōh miū: rice seed-
lings.

苗裔 miū yuî: posterity.

苗人 miū yān: Miaos.

苗

面

明

苗

面

面

明

苗

692

麵 mín: wheat noodle.

麵粉 mín-fán: wheat
flour.

麵包 mín-paau: bread.

麵

694

滅 mīt: to destroy; to
extinguish.

滅亡 mīt-mōng: extermin-
ated; ruined.

滅跡 mīt-tsik: to des-
troy evidence;
obliterate.

滅絕 mīt-tsuét: to anni-
hilate; to ex-
terminate.

滅

696

廟 miū: temple; shrine.

廟堂 miū-t'ōng: a tem-
ple.

廟祝 miū-chuk: temple
keeper.

廟

廟

麵

滅

廟

麵

麵

滅

滅

廟

697

無 mō: negative; no; not; without; none.

無非 mō-fei: simply; solely.

無論 mō-lūn: no matter what.

無限 mō-haân: unlimited.

無窮 mō-k'ūng: endless.

無

無

无

699

模 mō: a pattern; model; example.

模範 mō-faân: model; example.

模形 mō-yīng: pattern; model; mold.

打指模 tá chǐ mō: to stamp with inked finger.

模

模

模

701

母 mǔ: mother.

母親 mǔ-ts'an: mother.

老母 lǎo-mǔ: mother.

後母 hǎu-mǔ: stepmother.

外母 ngoi-mǔ: mother-in-law.

母

母

母

698

毛 mō: hair; fur; feather.

毛管 mō-koón: pores of skin.

鬆毛 sung mō: shaggy.

實毛 shât mō: short haired.

毛病 mō-pêng: falling; fault.

毛

毛

毛

700

冇 mǎo: none; do not; have not; negative.

冇人 mǎo yān: nobody; no person.

你有冇 nǎi yǎu mǎo shue?: do you have books?

冇

冇

冇

702

舞 mǔ: dance; to make posture to music; play.

跳舞 t'ü mǔ: to dance; dancing.

跳舞會 'ü-mǔ-sui: a dancing ball.

舞

舞

舞

703

- 武 mō: military; martial; brave.
- 武官 mō-koon: military official.
- 武力 mō-lik: by force of arms.
- 武裝 mō-chong: under arms.

705

- 務 mō: function; business; to attend to earnestly.
- 事務 sî-mō: business; affair.
- 家務 ka mō: home affair.
- 公務 kung mō: official affair; public affair.
- 服務 fûk-mō: to work for others.

707

- 摸 mōh: to feel with the hands; to catch.
- 摸魚 mōh uē: to catch fish with hands.

武

務

務

摸

武

務

摸

武

務

摸

摸

704

- 帽 mō: a cap; hat.
- 戴帽 taai mō: to wear a hat.
- 毡帽 chin-mō: felt hat or cap.
- 草帽 ts'ó-mō: straw hat.

706

- 冒 mō: to falsify; to pretend; to risk.
- 冒充 mō-ch'ung: to pass oneself as.
- 冒認 mō ying: to claim falsely.
- 感冒 kóm-mō: to catch a cold.
- 冒險家 mō-hín-ka: adventurer.

708

- 磨 mōh: to grind; to sharpen; to rub; to polish.
- 磨刀 mōh to: to grind a knife.
- 磨利 mōh-lef: to sharpen.
- 磨練 mōh-lín: to work at; to learn by experience; to discipline.
- 磨房 mōh-fōng: a mill.

帽

冒

磨

帽

冒

磨

帽

冒

磨

709

剥 mok: to flay; to peel; to lay bare.
 剥皮 mok p'eī: to skin; to reel; to fleece.
 剥削 mok-seuk: to oppress; to squeeze the people.

711

亡 mōng: destroyed; gone; ruined; dead.
 滅亡 mīt-mōng: exterminated.
 逃亡 t'ō-mōng: to escape; to flee.
 死亡 sz-mōng: dead.

713

忙 mōng: hurried; flurried; busy.
 帮忙 pong-mōng: to assist; to help.
 忙碌 mōng-luk: busy.
 連忙 līn-mōng: at once.
 好忙 hō mōng: very busy.

剥

亡

忙

剥

亡

忙

剥

剥

亡

忙

710

莫 mōk: not; none; do not.
 莫非 mōk-fei: it must be...
 莫見怪 mōk kīn kwaai: do not take offense.

712

忘 mōng: to forget; unconscious.
 忘記 mōng-kei: to forget.
 忘恩 mōng yan: ungrateful.
 忘本 mōng pōn: ungrateful.

714

望 mōng: to attentively look at from a distance; to hope; to expect.
 希望 hei-mōng: to hope.
 望見 mōng kīn: to see.
 失望 shat-mōng: disappointed.
 觀望 koon-mōng: to be undecided.

莫

忘

望

莫

忘

望

莫

忘

望

715

- 煤 mooi: coal; cinder.
- 煤炭 mooi-t'aàn: coal.
- 煤氣 mooi-hei: gas.
- 煤油 mooi-yaü: petroleum.
- 煤礦 mooi kw'òng: coal mine.

煤

煤

煤

716

- 每 mooy: each; every.
- 每次 mooy ts'è: each time or occasion.
- 每人 mooy yān: each or every person.
- 每日 mooy yāt: everyday.
- 每每 mooy-mooy: always; all the time;

每

每

每

717

- 妹 mooi: girl; younger sister.
- 細妹 sai-mooi*: younger sister.
- 姊妹 tsz-mooi: sisters; older and younger sisters.
- 妹夫 mooi-foo: younger sister's husband.

妹

妹

妹

718

- 門 moôn: door; entrance.
- 門口 moôn-háu: entrance; doorway.
- 大門 taai moôn: main entrance.
- 門牌 moôn-p'aaí: house number.
- 專門 chuen-moôn: to specialize.

門

門

門

719

- 滿 moôn: full; entire; complete.
- 滿地 moôn tēi: all over the ground.
- 滿意 moôn-ì: pleased; satisfied.
- 滿期 moôn k'eí: at the expiration of the term.
- 滿足 moôn-tsuk: to satisfy; satisfied.

滿

滿

滿

720

- 悶 moôn: sad; distressed; melancholy; stupefy.
- 煩悶 faan-moôn: distressed; upset.
- 散悶 saan moôn: to dissipate sorrow.

悶

悶

悶

721

末 moôt: the end; last; fine dust.

末日 moôt-yât: end of the world.

723

木 mùk: wood; tree; wooden.

樹木 shuh-mùk: tree.

木料 mùk liú: timber.

木瓜 mùk-kwa: papaya.

木工 mùk kung: carpenter.

725

夢 mung: to dream; a dream.

發夢 fait mung: to dream.

夢見 mung kien: to see in a dream.

末

末

末

木

木

木

夢

夢

夢

722

沒 moôt: to perish; loss; no (mandarin).

埋沒 maaI-moôt: hidden; unknown.

沒收 moôt-shau: to be confiscated.

724

目 mùk: eye; index; item; to view.

題目 t'ai-mùk: topic; theme.

目的 mùk-tik: goal; end; purpose.

目錄 mùk-lùk: index; table of contents.

目前 mùk-ts'in at present; for the time being.

726

拿 nā: to grasp; to carry; to bring.

拿手 nā-shau: dexterous; expert.

捉拿 chuk nā: to arrest; to seize.

拿破崙 nā-p'oh-lün: Napoleon.

沒

沒

沒

沒

目

目

目

拿

拿

拿

拿

727

- 奶 naai: milk; the breast of a woman; the title of respect for a woman; madam.
- 奶奶 naai-naai: madam; Mrs. (old woman).
- 師奶 sz-naai: Mrs. (middle aged); madam.
- 少女 siu-naai: Mrs. (young woman).

729

- 男 naam: man; male; son.
- 男人 naam-yan: a man; husband.
- 男女 naam-nui: man and woman; the sexes.

731

- 鬧 naau: noise; bustle; to scold; to revile.
- 熱鬧 it-naau: bustle.
- 鬧事 naau sz: to cause trouble.
- 鬧鐘 naau-chung: alarm clock.

奶

男

鬧

奶

男

鬧

孀

奶

男

鬧

鬧

728

- 南 naam: the South.
- 南洋 naam-yeung: The East Indies.
- 南京 naam-king: Nanking.
- 西南 sai-naam: southwest.
- 指南針 chi-naam-cham: the compass.

730

- 難 naan: difficult; to distress; hard.
- 為難 vai naan: to trouble.
- 艱難 kaan-naan: distressing.
- 難 naan: calamity; distress.
- 受難 shaü naan: to experience adversity.
- 苦難 foó-naan: affliction.

732

- 泥 nai: soil; mud; dirt; to smear.
- 泥土 nai-to: dirt; earth; soil.
- 泥磚 nai chuen: adobe brick.

南

難

難

泥

南

難

泥

南

難

泥

泥

733

能 nāng: able to; competent; ability; power.

不能 pat-nāng: unable.

能够 nāng-kaù: can; able.

可能 hóh-nāng: possible; can.

能力 nāng-lík: power; ability.

能

能

能

735

你 neí: second personal pronoun; you.

你自己 neí tsz'-keí: yourself.

你

你

你

737

呢 ni, ne: this.

呢個 ni kòh: this one.

呢的 ni ti: this; these.

呢 ne: final particle.

呢

呢

呢

734

粒 nap: a kernel; for small things like beads, drops.

一粒米 yat nap máí: a grain of rice.

一粒星 yat nap sing: a star.

粒

粒

粒

736

娘 neūng: a young lady; a girl; a mother; a wife.

新娘 san-neūng: a bride.

伴娘 poón-neūng: a bridesmaid.

姑娘 koo-neūng: Miss; unmarried girl.

娘家 neūng ka: a wife's family.

娘

娘

娘

738

五 nǚ: the numeral five.

五穀 nǚ kuk: the five grains; grains in general.

五族 nǚ tsúk: the five races of the Chinese Republic.

五

五

五

五

nǚ

739

伍 nǚ: the numeral five.

入伍 yǎp-nǚ: be a soldier.

退伍 t'ui-nǚ: to retire from the service.

伍

伍

伍

740

午 nǚ: 11 a.m. - 1 p.m.

上午 shéung-nǚ: forenoon.

下午 há-nǚ: afternoon.

午餐 nǚ-ts'aan: lunch; tiffin.

午

午

午

739 - 744

741

悟 nǚ: to arouse; to awake; to discern.

醒悟 síng-nǚ: to awaken; to be aroused.

覺悟 kòk-nǚ: to understand; to perceive.

悔悟 fòoi-nǚ: to repent.

悟

悟

悟

743

牙 ngā: tooth; screw thread.

牙齒 ngā-ch'í: the teeth.

牙粉 ngā-fán: tooth powder.

牙擦 ngā-ts'at: a tooth brush.

牙

牙

牙

742

誤 nǚ: to mistake; to err.

誤會 ng-ooí: misapprehension; misunderstanding.

錯誤 ts'òh-nǚ: mistake; error.

誤

誤

誤

744

芽 ngā: a bud; sprout; to begin.

芽菜 ngā-ts'òì: bean sprout.

芽

芽

芽

745

瓦 ngā: earthenware; tile; pottery.

瓦面 ngā-mān: a roof.

瓦窑 ngā iū: a kiln.

747

眼 ngān: eye; opening; arch.

眼皮 ngān-p'ei: eyelid.

眼眉 ngān-mei: eyebrow.

眼鏡 ngān-kèng: spectacles; eye-glasses.

近視眼 kán-shí ngān: short sightedness.

749

咬 ngāu: to bite; to gnaw.

咬開 ngāu hoi: to bite off.

咬牙切齒 ngā ts'it ch'i: to gnash the teeth in anger.

瓦

眼

咬

瓦

瓦

眼

眼

咬

咬

746

顏 ngān: color; countenance.

顏色 ngān-shik: color; colored.

顏料 ngān-liú: dyes in general.

紅顏 hūng-ngān: a rosy face.

748

硬 ngāng: hard; strong; unyielding; obstinate.

堅硬 kin-ngāng: solid; stiff.

強硬 k'eūng-ngāng: rigid; repelling.

750

危 ngāi: dangerous; peril; hazard.

危險 ngāi-him: dangerous.

臨危 lām ngāi: near death; in danger.

危機 ngāi-kei: crisis; critical point.

顏

硬

危

顏

顏

硬

硬

危

危

ngai

751

- 藝 ngai: skill; handi-craft; trade.
- 工藝 kung ngai: a handi-craft; a trade.
- 文藝 mán ngai: liter-ary pursuit.
- 藝術 ngai-shút: the arts.

753

- 銀 ngān: silver; mon-ey.
- 銀紙 ngān-chí: paper money; bank note.
- 銀行 ngān-hōng: a bank.
- 銀器 ngān heí: articles made of silver.

755

- 偶 ngau: image; pair-ed; sudden; ac-cidentally.
- 偶像 ngau-tseung: idol.
- 偶然 ngau-in: accident-ally; suddenly.
- 佳偶 kaai ngau: a happy pair.

藝

秋

銀

艮

偶

藝

銀

偶

藝

藝

銀

偶

752

- 毅 ngai: resolute; enduring.
- 毅力 ngai-lik: persever-ance; grit.
- 毅然 ngai-in: resolutely; determined.

754

- 牛 ngau: cattle.
- 牛油 ngau-yaü: butter.
- 牛奶 ngau-naai: cow's milk.

756

- 俄 ngoh: sudden.
- 俄羅斯 ngoh-löh-sz: Russia.
- 白俄 paik-ngoh: White Russian.
- 赤俄 ch'ik-ngoh: Red Russian.

毅

牛

俄

毅

牛

俄

毅

牛

俄

757

我 ngõh: pronoun of first person; we; me; I.

我哋 ngõh tēi: we; us.

我國 ngõh kwòk: our country.

759

外 ngoi: outside; foreign.

外面 ngoi mán: the outside of; externally.

外國 ngoi kwòk: foreign country.

外交 ngoi-kaau: diplomatic relations; foreign intercourse.

外界 ngoi-kaai: those outside of one's profession.

761

岸 ngón: shore; bank.

上岸 sheung ngón: to go ashore; to land.

堤岸 t'ai-ngón: a bund; a levee.

我

我
豕

外

外
夕

岸

岸
岸

758

餓 ngõh: hungry; hunger.

肚餓 t'õ ngõh: hungry.

餓鬼 ngõh kwai: hungry ghost (who receives no sacrifices).

760

礙 ngoi: to hinder; to oppose; to obstruct; to interfere.

妨碍 fong-ngoi: impediment; hindrance.

障礙 cheung-ngoi: obstruction; hindrance.

762

粘 nim: to adhere; glutinous; sticky.

黏實 nim shat: to paste it tight.

粘米 chim mǎi: ordinary rice.

餓

餓
彖

礙

礙
碍

粘

粘
黏

763

念 nīm: to ponder; to remember.

念書 nīm shue: to recite a lesson from memory; to go to school.

念頭 nīm-t'au: thought; reflection.

765

寧 nīng: rather; it is better; it is easier.

寧願 nīng-uén: to prefer.

寧可 nīng-hóh: better than.....

767

尿 niú: urine.

尿缸 niú kong: jar for public convenience; urinal.

糖尿病 t'ōng-niú-pēng: diabetes.

念

念

念

寧

寧

寧

寧

寧

尿

尿

尿

764

年 nīn: year.

今年 kam-nīn: this year.

年紀 nīn-keí: age.

少年 shiú-nīn: young, early life; young fellow.

766

鳥 niú: bird.

飛鳥 fei-niú: birds in general.

鳥巢 niú ch'aaū: bird's nest.

768

奴 nō: a slave; servant.

奴隸 nō-tai: a slave.

奴僕 nō-púk: bond-servant.

守財奴 shaú-ts'oi-nō: a miser; niggard.

年

年

年

鳥

鳥

鳥

奴

奴

奴

nǎ

769 - 774

nuēn

769

腦 nǎ: brain; camphor.

腦力 nǎ lík: mental power.

主腦 chúe-nǎ: a leader; "the brain".

771

怒 nô: anger; passion; rage.

發怒 faet nô: to lose one's temper.

激怒 kik nô: to incite anger; to arouse anger.

773

耐 noi: a period of time; to endure; to continue.

耐性 noi-sing: a patient disposition.

耐煩 noi-faän: patient; long-suffering.

腦

怒

耐

腦

怒

耐

腦

怒

耐

770

努 nǎ: make great effort.

努力 nǎ lík: endeavor; to strive; to exert oneself; to struggle.

772

內 noi: inside; within; inner.

內人 noi-yän: may wife.

內科 noi-foh: medicine (as opposed to surgery)

內容 noi-yüng: contents; inner facts.

內亂 noi-luän: civil war; political trouble.

774

暖 nuēn: warm; balmy; to warm.

暖爐 nuēn ló: heating stove.

和暖 wōh-nuēn: warm; balmy.

努

內

暖

努

內

暖

努

內

暖

暖

nũ

775

女 nũ: female; girl; daughter.

女人 nũ-yān: a woman.

女子 nũ-tsí: a young lady.

婦女 foó-nũ: women in general.

777

啊 ah: emphatic particle (surprise or disappointment); interjection oh!

779

惡 òk, ngòk, oò: bad; wicked; vicious; hard; difficult.

惡習 òk tsaáp: bad habit.

惡意 òk-ì: evil intention.

女

啊

惡

惡

女

女

啊

啊

惡

惡

776

農 nūng: to plant; to farm; to cultivate.

農夫 nūng-foo: a farmer.

農業 nūng-íp: agriculture.

農產 nūng ch'aán: agricultural product.

778

愛 oi: to love; a delight in.

愛情 oi-ts'ing: feelings of affection.

愛惜 oi-sik: to be sparing of; be careful of; to take good care of.

愛國 oi kwòk: to love one's country.

780

暗 òm: dark; gloomy; secret.

暗中 òm-chung: secretly; privately.

暗殺 òm shaát: assassination.

暗號 òm hò: countersign.

農

愛

愛

暗

農

農

農

愛

愛

暗

暗

781

安 on: peace; quiet; comfort; to settle.

安靜 on-tsing: repose.

安心 on-sam: put the mind at ease.

安全 on-ts'uēn: secured; safe(of things).

安

安

安

783

案 on: case at law; judge's desk.

案件 on-kh: a case at law.

審案 shām on: to try a case.

案情 on ts'ing: facts or details of a case.

案

案

案

785

湖 oō: lake.

五湖 ng oō: the five great lakes of China.

湖南 oō-naām: Hunan Province.

湖北 oō-pak: Hupeh Province.

湖

湖

湖

782

按 on: to put down; to lay hand on; to cease.

按兵 on ping: to halt the troops.

按月 on uēt: monthly.

按法 on faät: according to law.

按

按

按

784

汙 oo: dirty; foul; filthy; impure.

汙糟 oo-tso: dirty; filthy.

姦行 kaan-oo: to rape.

汙

汙

汙

786

壺 oō: jug; pot; tankard.

茶壺 ch'ā oō: a teapot.

酒壺 tsaú oō: winepot.

水壺 shuí oō: water pot.

壺

壺

壺

787

胡 oō: how; why; Mongol.

胡椒 oō-tsiu: pepper.

胡鬧 oō-naaŋ: to make a row.

789

戶 oō: door; family; population.

戶口 oō-haŋ: the household.

鋪戶 p'ò-oō: a shop.

791

回 ooi: to turn about; back.

回覆 ooi-fuk: to answer.

回國 ooi kwòk: to return to one's country.

回想 ooi seung: to recall; to remember(thing).

胡

戶

胡

胡

戶

戶

回

廻

回

回

回

廻

回

788

護 oō: to protect; to preserve; to defend.

保護 pò-oō: to protect.

護照 oō-chiù: passport.

790

互 oō: mutual; reciprocal.

互相 oō-seung: mutual; reciprocal.

互議 oō í: to consult together.

792

會 ooi: to join together; a society; meeting; guild.

入會 yâp ooi: to join a society.

會客 ooi haak: to meet a guest.

國會 kwòk-ooi: parliament.

會 ooi: to understand.

護

護

護

互

互

互

會

會

會

793

碗 oón: bowl; small dish.

飯碗 faân oón: rice bowl.

湯碗 t'ong oón: large bowl; soup bowl.

795

換 oón: to change; to exchange; to barter.

替換 t'ai-oón: to relieve one another.

更換 kang-oón: to change; to replace.

797

活 oôt: alive; living; life.

活潑 oôt-p'oôt: lively; brisk.

生活 shaang-oôt: livelihood; employment.

活動 oôt-tûng: movable.

碗

換

活

碗

換

活

碗 盃 碗

換

活

794

援 oón: pull out; to rescue; to quote.

援救 oón-kaù: to relieve; to rescue; to assist; to help.

援兵 oón ping: reinforcement.

援助 oón-chôh: to help; to aid; to give support to.

796

玩 oón: to toy; to play; to enjoy.

遊玩 yau-oón: to ramble about.

玩具 oón-kuí: toy; play-thing.

798

巴 pa: a large snake; an ancient state.

巴結 pa-kít: to flatter; toady.

巴黎 pa-laí: Paris.

援

玩

巴

援

玩

巴

援

玩

巴

799

爸 pa: father.
 亞爸 à-pa: papa; father.
 爸爸 pa-pa: papa; father.

801

把 pá: to grasp; a sheaf; classifier.
 把守 pá-sháú: to guard; to hold fast.
 把握 pá-ak: security; safeguard.

803

罷 pá: to finish; sign of imperative mood.
 罷工 pá-kung: to strike; to stop work.
 罷課 pá-fòh: student's strike.

爸
 爸

把
 把

罷
 罷

800

吧 pa: angry quarreling.
 吧唧 pa-pai: clamor.

802

霸 pá: to rule by force; tyrannize; to intimidate.
 霸佔 pá-chám: encroach.
 霸王 pá-wóng: a tyrant.

804

怕 p'á: to fear; to dread; lest; probably.
 怕死 p'á-sí: to be afraid of death.
 怕羞 p'á-ch'áú: bashful; ashamed.

吧
 吧

霸
 霸

怕
 怕

805

爬 p'ā: to climb; to crawl; to scrape; to scratch; to rake.

爬上 p'ā sheung: to climb up.

爬行 p'ā hāng: to creep; to crawl.

爬

爬

爬

807

拜 paai: to worship; to honor; to make obeisance.

拜神 paai shān: to worship gods; be a pagan.

拜年 paai nīn: to pay New Year's call.

拜託 paai t'òk: to request; to beg.

拜

拜

拜

809

派 p'aai: branch; sect; tribe; to distribute; to depute; to send.

黨派 tóng-p'aai: clique; faction.

左派 tsóh p'aai: the "Leftist"

分派 fan-p'aai: to distribute.

拜

派

派

派

806

擺 paai: to display; to arrange; to vibrate.

擺開 paai hoi: to spread out; to display.

擺布 paai-pò: to direct; to show.

擺

擺

擺

808

敗 paai: defeated; destroyed; ruined.

腐敗 foô-paai: corruption.

失敗 shat-paai: defeated; ruined; failure.

敗

敗

敗

810

排 p'aai: a rank; a set; to arrange; to exclude.

排列 p'aai-lit: to arrange; to set in array.

排斥 p'aai-ch'ik: to expel; to exclude.

排

排

排

811

牌 p'aa1: sign; notice; tablet; card.

紙牌 chí-p'aa1: playing card.

牌照 p'aa1-chiù: certificate; license.

813

伯 paàk: father's elder brother; husband's elder brother; chief.

伯父 paàk-foó: a paternal uncle (senior to father).

伯母 paàk-mó: an aunt (wife of preceding).

815

班 paan: rank; class; company.

一班人 yat paan yān: a class of or set of persons.

同班 t'ūng paan: of the same class; classmate.

牌

伯

班

牌 伯 班
牌 伯 班

812

百 paàk: a hundred; all; many; every.

百姓 paàk-sing: hundred family names; all the people.

百分法 paàk-fān-faàt: percentage.

814

白 paàk: white; clear; clean; plain; gratuitously.

白字 paàk-tsā: character used wrongly for other of same sound.

白色 paàk shik: white color.

816

板 paán: board; printing block; page of book; stiff.

黑板 hak-paán: black-board.

百

白

板

百 白 板

佰

百

白

版

板

paân

817 - 822

p'aaü

817

辦 paân: to do; to manage; to perform.

辦事 paân-sâ: to transact business.

辦法 paân-faät: method of action.

辦事處 paân-sâ-ch'üè: an office.

查辦 ch'ä-paân: to investigate and take.

辦

办

包

辦

办

包

包

包

821

跑 p'aaü: to gallop; to run; to race.

跑馬 p'aaü mã: to gallop on horse back.

賽跑 ts'oi-p'aaü: to run a race; to compete in a field race.

跑

跑

跑

818

八 paät: the numeral eight..

八字 paät-tsâ: horoscope.

八成 paät-shing: eighty percent.

八

八

捌

八

820

飽 paäu: to eat plenty; filled; full; satisfied.

食飽 shâk paäu: to eat one's fill; satisfied.

肚飽 t'ü paäu: a full stomach; feeling of fullness.

飽

飽

飽

822

炮 p'aaü: sound of firing a gun; cannon; blast; firework; to roast or bake.

大炮 taai-p'aaü: a cannon.

炮手 p'aaü-shau: a gunner.

炮兵 p'aaü-ping: artillery personnel.

炮

炮

砲

礮

炮

pai

823 - 828

p'an

823

閉 pai: to close; to shut up; to stop.

閉塞 pai-sak: obstructed; stopped up; hidebound.

倒閉 tó-pai: to become bankrupt; to close.

825

批 p'ai: to criticize; by wholesale; to lease; to plaster; to peel.

批發 p'ai-faät: to sell goods by wholesale.

大批 taai p'ai: a large consignment.

批准 p'ai-chün: to sanction; to ratify; to approve.

827

品 pán: rank; class; kind; character; conduct.

紀念品 kei-nim pán: article of remembrance.

品行 pán-häng: conduct; behavior.

閉

閉

閉

批

批

批

品

品

品

824

幣 pai: money; coin.

幣制 pai-chai: monetary system; currency.

826

北 pak: north; to flee.

北京 pak-king: Peking.

北平 pak-p'ing: Peking.

敗北 paaï-pak: defeated; routed.

828

貧 p'an: poor; impoverished.

貧窮 p'an-k'ung: indigent; poor.

貧乏 p'an-fät: destitute.

幣

幣

幣

北

北

北

貧

貧

貧

829

朋 p'ang: friend; associate.

朋友 p'ang-yaü: friend.

患難朋友 waân-naân p'ang-yaü: a friend in need.

831

不 pat: negative; no; not; do not; is not.

不料 pat-liú: unexpectedly; unexpected.

不必 pat-pit: need not.

不久 pat-kaú: soon; before long.

833

畢 pat: the final; end; complete.

完畢 uên-pat: over; ended.

畢竟 pat-king: after all; finally.

朋

朋

朋

不

不

不

畢

畢

畢

830

憑 p'ang: proof; to lean on; trust in.

憑據 p'ang-kuí: proof; evidence.

文憑 wân-p'ang: diploma; certificate.

832

筆 pat: a pencil; pen.

毛筆 mō-pat: Chinese brush pen.

鉛筆 uên-pat: lead pencil.

主筆 chué-pat: editor.

834

拔 pát: to pull up; to uproot; to elevate.

拔除 pát ch'u7: to root up; to eradicate.

提拔 t'ai-pát: to promote; to elevate.

憑

憑

憑

憑

筆

筆

筆

筆

拔

拔

拔

p'at

835 - 840

peī

835

匹 p'at: a bolt or piece of cloth; a (for horse); a mate.

一匹布 yat p'at pò: a bolt of cloth.

一匹馬 yat p'at mǎ: a horse.

837

比 peī: to compare with.

比較 peī-kaaù: to compare with; to classify.

比賽 peī-ts'òì: to compete; a match.

839

備 peī: to prepare for use; to complete; to provide against.

預備 uê-peī: to prepare.

準備 chún-peī: to make ready.

匹

比

備

匹

比

備

疋

匹

比

備

備

836

悲 peī: to grieve; to sympathize with.

悲哀 peī-oi: grief-stricken; sad.

悲觀 peī koon: pessimistic.

838:

被 peī, p'ěi: to be object of; given to be; sign of passive; bedding; coverlet; quilt.

被告 peī kò: defendant.

被害 peī hoi: be injured.

被單 p'ěi-taan: a single covering; sheet.

840

避 peī: to flee from; avoid; to escape.

避難 peī nañ: to escape danger; to avoid calamity.

避暑 peī shué: to escape the summer heat.

悲

被

避

悲

被

避

悲

被

避

841

- 鼻 p'ei: the nose.
 鼻涕 p'ei-t'ai: nasal mucous.
 鼻祖 p'ei tsó: founder of a family; first ancestor.

843

- 疲 p'ei: lassitude; fatigue.
 神疲 shān p'ei: exhausted; without energy.
 疲倦 p'ei-kuên: weary; tired.

845

- 病 p'ing: sickness; distress; vice; defect.
 病人 p'ing-yān: a sick person; patient.
 急病 kap p'ing: a sudden attack of sickness.

鼻

鼻

疲

疲

病

病

842

- 皮 p'ei: skin; leather; fur.
 皮鞋 p'ei-haai: leather shoe.
 皮箱 p'ei seung: leather trunk.

844

- 餅 p'ing: cake; pastry.
 餅食 p'ing shik: pastry; cake.
 餅乾 p'ing-kon: cracker; biscuit.

846

- 平 p'ing: even; level; tranquil; ordinary.
 平等 p'ing-tang: equal rank; equality.
 平均 p'ing-kwan: to equalize; to average.
 平日 p'ing-yat: generally; daily.

皮

皮

餅

餅

平

平

847

瓶 p'ing: pitcher; jar; jug; vase.

花瓶 fa-p'ing: a vase.

酒瓶 tsaú p'ing: wine jar.

849

迫 pik, paak: to press; to press upon; to harass.

迫逼 pik-paak: to compel; to force.

851

邊 pin: side; bank; edge; which?; boundary.

邊 p'ōng-pin: at the side.

邊防 pin-fōng: frontier defense.

瓶

迫

邊

边

瓶

迫

邊

瓶

迫

迫

边

848

逼 pik: to crowd; to press upon; to urge; to oppress; to force.

壓逼 aat-pik: to oppress; to browbeat.

強逼 k'eūng-pik kaau yūk: compulsory education.

850

壁 pik: a wall.

牆壁 ts'eūng-pik: a wall.

852

變 pin: to change, to alter; to transform.

變成 pin shing: to become; to change into.

變化 pin-fà: transformation.

逼

壁

變

变

逼

壁

變

偏

逼

壁

变

853

便 p'in: convenient; handy; a side.

不便 pat p'in: inconvenient; unhandy.

便利 p'in-lef: serviceable; convenient.

855

偏 p'in: lean toward; partiality; bias.

偏心 p'in-sam: partial; prejudiced.

偏見 p'in-kán: prejudice; partiality.

857

編 p'in: gather; compose.

編輯 p'in-ts'ap: to edit; to compile.

便

便

便

偏

偏

偏

編

編

編

854

辯 p'in: to distinguish between; to discuss; debate; to argue.

辯論 p'in-lún: to discuss; to debate.

爭辯 chaang-p'in: to quarrel; to altercate.

856

篇 p'in: chapter; book; leaf of a book.

長篇大論 ch'eūng p'in t'ai lún: a long and minute statement.

858

遍 p'in: everywhere; all; whole; once.

遍地 p'in tai: everywhere.

一遍 yat-p'in: once; one time.

辯

辯

辯

篇

篇

篇

遍

遍

遍

859

片 p'in: a slice; strip; piece.

名片 mēng-p'in: a visiting card.

相片 seung-p'in: photo.

片

片

片

861

兵 ping: soldier; military personnel.

步兵 pō-ping: infantry.

憲兵 hsin-ping: gendarme; military police.

派兵 p'aa1 ping: to despatch soldiers.

救兵 kàu ping: reinforcement.

兵

兵

兵

863

並 ping: two together; united; moreover.

並非 ping fei: be no means.

並且 ping-ch'í: moreover.

並 並

並

并 并 並

860

騙 p'in: to cheat; to swindle; to defraud.

受騙 shaü p'in: to be cheated.

騙局 p'in kùk: plan for swindle; swindle set-up.

騙

騙

騙

862

冰 ping: frozen; ice; icy.

冰糖 ping-t'ōng: rock sugar.

冰點 ping-t'ín: freezing point.

冰

冰

冰

864

併 ping: even; together; to reduce.

併吞 ping-t'an: to absorb; to eat up.

併

併

併

併

p'ing

865 - 870

p'iu, piu

865

評 p'ing: to discuss; to criticize; to decide.

評論 p'ing-lún: to discuss; to debate.

評判 p'ing-p'ònn: to decide.

評判員 p'ing-p'ònn-uēn: referee; judge of a contest.

評

評

867

別 pit: different; other; separation; to differentiate; to part.

分別 fan-pit: to distinguish; difference.

送別 sùng-pit: to see one off.

別

別

869

表 piú: to show forth; external; cousin of different surname.

表示 piú-shí: to show forth; manifest.

表現 piú-ín: to manifest; to show forth.

表情 piú-ts'ing: expression of emotion.

表

表

866

必 pit: certainly; must.

必定 pit-t'ang: certainly; must.

必須 pit-sui: must; absolutely necessary.

必

必

868

標 piú: a notice; mark; to signal; to show forth.

商標 sheung-piú: trade mark.

標準 piú-chún: a standard.

標

標

870

票 p'ih, piu: a ticket (for lottery, theatre); a document.

開票 hoi piú: to make a drawing.

戲票 hei piú: theatre ticket.

票

票

871

保 pó: to preserve; to keep; to secure; to bond.

擔保 taam-pó: to guarantee.

保險 pó-hím: to insure against; to take risk.

保證人 pó-ching-yān: a voucher; guarantor.

保

保

873

寶 pó: jewel; precious.

寶貴 pó-kwai: valuable.

寶號 pó-hò: your valued firm, or store.

寶

寶

875

報 pò: a reply; report; to announce; to recompense; a letter; gazette; newspaper.

報仇 pò-sh'āu: to take revenge.

報告 pò-kò: to report; to inform; an announcement.

呈報 ch'ing-pò: to report; to submit a statement.

報

報

872

補 pó: to mend; to patch; to fill up; to supplement.

補身 pó shan: nourishing; invigorating.

補助 pó-ch'òh: to help; to assist.

補

補

874

布 pò: cloth (linen, cotton, plain silk).

檯布 t'oi' pò: table-cloth.

餐布 ts'aan pò: napkin.

布

布

876

佈 pò: to spread; to extend; to diffuse.

散佈 saan-pò: to scatter; diffuse.

公佈 kung-pò: to make public.

佈置 pò-chì: to arrange in order.

佈

佈

877

- 步 pò: to walk; to step; a step.
- 步行 pò-hāng: to go on foot.
- 散步 saàn-pò: to take a walk; to stroll.

879

- 簿 pò: an account book; a register.
- 簿記 pò-kei: bookkeeping.
- 日記 yát-kei pò: a diary.

881

- 捕 pò: to arrest; to catch.
- 捕獲 pò-wók: to capture; capture; seizure.
- 捕拿 pò nā: to arrest; to seize; to catch.

步

步

步

簿

簿

簿

簿

捕

捕

捕

878

- 部 pò: a board; committee; class; category.
- 部下 pò-hā: those under a command.
- 部隊 pò-tui: army corps.
- 部份 pò-fân: one part of a group or category.

880

- 暴 pò: violent; cruel; malicious.
- 暴動 pò-tung: riot; disturbance.
- 暴露 pò-lò: exposed; uncovered.

882

- 普 p'ó: universal; great.
- 普遍 p'ó-t'ung: general; in common use.
- 普遍 p'ó-p'in: universal; widespread.

部

部

部

暴

暴

暴

普

普

普

883

鋪 p'ò: to spread out;
to arrange.鋪 p'ò: a shop; a store;
to spread out.鋪頭 p'ò t'au: a shop; a
store.鋪面 p'ò-mîn: shop
front; shop
floor.

885

波 poh: a wave; ripple.

波浪 poh-lông: wave.

波蘿 poh-lôh: pineapple.

887

播 pòh: to sow; to
scatter.播音 pòh-yam: broad-
casting.傳播 ch' uēn-pòh: to be
spread; to be
disseminated.

鋪

波

播

鋪

波

播

鋪

鋪

波

播

884

抱 p'ò: to embrace;
to carry in arms;
to cherish.

抱病 p'ò p'êng: to be ill.

抱歉 p'ò-híp: I regret;
I am sorry.

886

坡 poh: slope of a
hill; embankment.山坡 shaan-poh: side of
a hill.斜坡 ts'è poh: steep
slope.

888

破 p'òh: to break;
to break thro-
ugh; to destroy;
to discern.破壞 p'òh-waaf: to des-
troy; to smash.破費 p'òh-fai: lavish;
waste.破產 p'òh-ch'aán: ba-
nkruptcy.

抱

坡

破

抱

坡

破

抱

坡

破

889

婆 p'oh: old woman; mother; dame.

老婆 lō-p'oh: wife.

公婆 kung p'oh: husband and wife.

891

幫 pong: to help; to assist; to aid; a class; fleet; heap; pile.

幫助 pong-chōh: to assist.

幫忙 pong-mōng: to give assistance.

893

背 pool: the back; spine; to repudiate.

背後 pool-hāu: behind the back.

背命 pool mēng: disobey order.

婆

波女

婆

幫

幫

幫

幫

幫

背

背

背

890

撲 p'òk: to strike down; to rush against.

撲滅 p'òk-mit: to extinguish.

892

旁 p'ōng: at the side; near.

旁人 p'ōng-yān: bystander; looker-on.

旁邊 p'ōng-pān: at the side; the side.

894

輩 pool: a class; sort; generation.

尊輩 tsuen-pool: your senior.

同輩 t'ūng-pool: comrade; the same generation.

撲

撲

撲

旁

旁

旁

輩

輩

輩

輩

895

配 p'ooi: to pair; to mate; a mate.

配合 p'ooi-hôp: to match; to pair; to fit.

配偶 p'ooi-ngau: a married couple.

897

搬 poon: to move; to remove; to transport.

搬屋 poon uk: to change one's residence.

搬運 poon-wân: to transport elsewhere.

899

本 poón: the source; origin; native; capital.

本來 poón-loi: originally; actually.

本心 poón-sam: conscience.

本錢 poón-ts'in: capital.

配

搬

本

配

搬

本

配

擊

搬

本

896

倍 p'ooi: times; fold; to increase.

加倍 ka-p'ooi: add as much again.

十倍 shâp p'ooi: tenfold.

898

般 poon: a sort; kind; manner; way.

一般 yat-poon: alike; same as; in general.

900

半 poón: a half.

半夜 poón-yê: midnight.

大半 taai-poón: more than half; majority.

半路 poón-lô: halfway.

半價 poón kâ: half price.

倍

般

半

倍

般

半

倍

般

半

901

判 p'oòn: to judge; to decide.

判決 p'oòn-k'uet: a decision; decree; determination.

判斷 p'oòn-tuên: to give judgment; to be of opinion.

903

盆 p'oôn: a bowl; basin; tub.

面盆 mìn-p'oôn: a wash basin.

洗身盆 sai-shan-p'oôn: bath tub.

905

碰 p'ung: to collide; meet unexpectedly; knock; bump.

碰着 p'ung cheuk: to meet; to run across.

碰機會 p'ung kei-oi: look for opportunity.

判

盆

碰

判

盆

碰

判

盆

碰

碰

902

盤 p'oôn: a tray; vessel; to wind; to examine.

收盤 shau p'oôn: to wind up the business.

地盤 tei-p'oôn: territory; military position.

904

胖 poôn: fat.

胖子 poôn-tsí: fat fellow. (Mandarin)

906

三 saam: the numeral three.

三角形 saam-kòk-yíng: triangle.

三角 saam-kòk: thirty cents; triangle.

盤

胖

三

盤

胖

三

盤

胖

叁

三

907

散 saàn: to disperse;
to dissolve; mis-
cellaneous; me-
dicine powder.

散工 saàn kung: odd job;
day laborer.

分散 fan-saàn: dissi-
pated; scattered.

散會 saàn ooi: to ad-
journ a meet-
ing.

散

散

909

洗 sai: to wash; to
cleanse.

洗乾淨 sai kon-tsêng:
to wash clean.

洗禮 sai-lai: baptism.

洗

洗

911

塞 sak, ts'oi: to
block up; to
stop up; to ob-
struct.

塞滿 sak moon: to stu-
ff full.

塞責 sak chaak: to ev-
ade responsibi-
lity.

要塞 iù-ts'oi: a stra-
tegic fortress.

塞

塞

908

西 sai: west; occi-
dental; foreign.

西裝 sai-chong: western
dress or style.

西藏 sai-tsông: Tibet.

西

西

910

細 sai: small; fine;
delicate.

細聲 sai sheng: in a
whisper.

細心 sai-sam: heedful;
careful.

細

細

912

心 san: the heart;
center; mind;
affection.

小心 siu-sam: care-
ful.

灰心 fook-sam: dis-
heartened.

心

心

913

新 san: new; fresh; recently.
 新聞 san-mān: news.
 新年 san-nīn: New Year.
 新式 san-shik: new style; new type.

915

修 sau: to repair; to improve; to adorn; to cultivate.
 修整 sau-ching: to repair; to put in order.
 修身 sau shan: to cultivate virtuous conduct.

917

秀 sau: plentiful; luxuriant; accomplished.
 秀才 sau-ts'cī: lowest bachelor degree.
 清秀 ts'ing-sau: genteel; well-bred.

新

新
 新

修

修
 修

秀

秀
 秀

914

辛 san: bitter; hard; toilsome.
 辛苦 san-foó: troublesome; difficult.
 艱辛 kaan-san: difficulty; hardship.

916

羞 sau, ch'áú: to put to shame; to feel ashamed.
 羞耻 sau-ch'í: shame.
 羞辱 sau-yúk: to insult; to put to shame.

918

些 se: a few; little; some.
 些少 se-siú: a little.
 快些 faai se: be a little quicker.

辛

辛
 辛

羞

羞
 羞

些

些
 些

919

寫 sé: to write; to sketch.

寫字 sé tsz: to write.

大寫 taai-sé: senior clerk.

寫書 sé shue: to write a book.

寫

寫字

921

錫 sèk: tin; pewter; to solder; to bestow.

錫器 sèk hei: pewter.

錫包 sèk paa: to tin.

錫

錫器 錫包

923

削 seuk: to cut; to cut off; to scrape.

刮削 kwaat-seuk: to scrape.

削平 seuk p'êng: to raze to the ground.

削

削平

920

四 sei: the numeral four.

四方 sei-fong: everywhere; square.

四圍 sei-wai: every direction; four points of compass.

四

四圍

肆

922

醒 séng, síng: to awake; to rouse up.

叫醒 kiú séng: to wake.

提醒 t'ai-séng: to remind; to counsel.

醒

醒

惺

924

箱 seung: a box; a chest; case.

木箱 mûk seung: wooden box.

皮箱 p'ei seung: leather trunk.

箱

箱

箱

925

霜 seung: hoar frost; frostlike; sublimate.

落霜 lôk seung: frosty.

霜

霜

927

相 seung: together; mutual; reciprocal.

相反 seung-faán: contrary; opposed to.

相識 seung-shik: to be acquainted with.

相當 seung-tóng: corresponding to; proper.

相片 seung-p'in: photo.

相

相

929

紗 sha: gauze; crape; saracenat; yarn.

紗窗 sha ch'eung: gauze window.

竹紗 chuk-sha: mercerized cotton cloth.

紗

紗

926

想 seung: to think; to reflect; to hope; to desire; to expect.

理想 lei-seung: considered according to reason; ideal.

推想 t'ui-seung: to suppose; to assume.

想

想

928

沙 sha: sand.

沙漠 sha-mòk: desert.

沙灘 sha-t'aan: shallows; beach.

沙塵 sha-ch'an: saucy; impertinent.

沙

沙

930

耍 shá: to sport; to play.

玩耍 wān-shá: to play.

遊耍 yāu shá: to stroll.

耍

耍

931

灑 shá: to sprinkle (liquid); scatter; to spill.

灑花 shá fa: watering pot.

灑水 shá shuí: to sprinkle water.

933

山 shaan: mountain; hill.

山頂 shaan téng: top of a mountain.

山嶺 shaan líng: hill; mountain.

山脈 shaan mák: mountain range.

935

牲 shaang: animal; sacrificial victim.

牲口 shaang-háu: cattle; draught animal.

灑

洒

山

牲

灑

灑

山

山

牲

牲

932

曬 shaai: to expose to the sun; to sunbathe.

曬乾 shaai kon: to dry in the sun.

生曬 shaang shaai: to dry in fresh.

934

生 shaang, shang: to give birth; to beget; to produce; life; living; raw.

生日 shaang-yát: birthday.

一生 yat-shaang: all one's life.

生意 shaang-ì: business; occupation.

936

省 shaáng: a province; frugal; saving.

減省 kám-shaang: to reduce; to diminish.

省事 shaang sî: to avoid trouble.

曬

晒

生

省

曬

曬

生

生

省

省

937

殺 shaät: to kill; to slay.

殺人 shaät yān: to kill a person.

自殺 tsâ shaät: suicide.

謀殺 mā shaät: to plot murder.

939

世 shai: the world; a generation; age.

世界 shai-kaai: the world; life; livelihood.

出世 ch'ut-shai: to be born.

941

深 sham: deep; intense; abstruse; very.

深夜 sham yé: late at night.

深交 sham kaau: intimate friendship.

深信 sham sun: to believe firmly.

殺

殺

殺

世

世

世

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深

深

深

938

稍 shaau: a little; to sprout slowly.

稍可 shaau ho: fairly good.

稍知 shaau chi: to have some knowledge of.

940

勢 shai: power; authority; force; aspect; circumstances.

勢力 shai-lik: strength; influence.

地勢 tei-shai: configuration of the land.

942

森 sham: dense; forest-like.

森林 sham-lām: forest.

稍

稍

稍

勢

勢

勢

勢

勢

森

森

森

943

甚 shâm: deeply; very.
 甚少 shâm siú: very few; very seldom.
 甚好 shâm hó: very good.

945

伸 shan: to stretch out or forth; extend.
 伸直 shan chik: to straighten out.
 伸縮 shan-shuk: to expand and contract.

947

晨 shân: morning; dawn.
 早晨 tsó-shân: good morning.
 晨早 shân-tsó: at day break.

甚

甚

甚

伸

伸

伸

晨

晨

晨

944

身 shan: the body; self; trunk; hull.
 身體 shan-fai: the body; bodily frame; physique.
 終身 chung shan: all one's life.

946

神 shân: spirit; deity; divine; the spirit; energy.
 神父 shân-fó: priest.
 神經 shân-king: the nerve; crazy.

948

濕 shap: moist; wet; damp.
 濕度 shap tô: humidity.
 風濕 fung-shap: rheumatism.
 濕地 shap tei: a marsh.

身

身

身

神

神

神

濕

濕

溼

濕

濕

949

十 shâp: the numeral ten.

十分 shâp-fan: ten parts; perfectly; very.

十足 shâp-tsuk: complete; entire.

951

拾 shâp: to gather; to collect.

執拾 chap-shâp: to gather up; to put in order.

收拾 shau-shâp: to put in order; to injure; to "pay out".

953

室 shat: dwelling; inner room; wife.

廳接室 ying-tsâp-shat: reception room.

閱報室 uêt-pò-shat: reading room.

十

拾

室

十

拾

室

拾

十

拾

室

950

什 shâp: sundry; miscellaneous.

什物 shâp-mât: sundries; miscellaneous articles.

952

失 shat: to lose; to err; a fault.

失火 shat-fôh: accidental fire.

失業 shat-âp: to lose one's employment.

失望 shat-mông: hopelessness; despair.

954

實 shât: true; sure; certainly; solid; fruit.

實價 shât-kâ: fixed price; real price.

實行 shât-hâng: to put into practice; to take effect.

什

失

實

寔

什

失

實

寔

什

失

955

- 收 shau: to receive; to gather; to bring to a close; to harvest; to store away.
- 收到 shau tò: to receive.
- 收工 shau kung: to stop work.
- 收效 shau haaf: to have results.

收

收

收

收

956

- 手 shau: hand; arm; a hand.
- 手指 shau-chí: the finger.
- 手段 shau-tuên: ability; skill; scheme.
- 手鎗 shau-ts'eung: pistol; revolver.

手

手

手

957

- 守 shau: to keep; to guard; to observe.
- 保守 pó-shau: to retain; to keep; to hold.
- 守秘密 shau pei-mât: to keep a secret.

守

守

守

959

- 獸 shau: animal; beast.
- 獸類 shau lui: animals; animal in general.

獸

獸

獸

958

- 首 shau: to head; beginning; chief.
- 首先 shau-sin: the first; most important.
- 首領 shau-líng: a leader.

首

首

首

960

- 愁 shau: anxiety; grief.
- 愁悶 shau-moôn: grieved; melancholy.
- 愁容 shau yung: mournful; downcast countenance.

愁

愁

愁

shāu

961 - 966

shēng

961

受 shāu: to receive; to sustain; to endure.

受苦 shāu fō: to suffer; to endure hardship.

受罰 shāu fāt: to be punished.

受賞 shāu sheung: to be rewarded.

963

社 shě: tutelary deity; village; society.

社會 shě-hoi: society; community.

kung-wei-ssai deity.

965

石 shék: stone; rock; firm; a weight; measure.

石頭 shék.t'au: stone; boulder.

石油 shék-yaū: petroleum.

受

受

受

社

社

社

石

石

石

962

蛇 shē: a serpent; a snake.

毒蛇 tūk shē: poisonous snake.

964

射 shē: to shoot out; to discharge; to radiate.

射箭 shē tsin: to shoot an arrow.

射中 shē chung: to hit the mark.

966

城 shēng, shǐng: a city; rampart; inside the walls.

城樓 shēng lau: city gate tower.

城市 shēng-shǐ: a city.

蛇

蛇

蛇

射

射

射

城

城

城